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# Morse's 1926 SEEDS



HOLLYWOOD JUNE 10,1925 PRESENTATION TO MISS PICKFORD OF THE NEW SWEET PEA "MARY PICKFORD." AWARD OF MERIT BRITISH NATIONAL SWEET PEA SOCIETY 1924.

C.C.MORSE & CO.

GROWERS SEEDS DEALERS

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF. U.S.A.

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### INDEX

VEGETABLE SEEDS	Page	Page	Page	Page
AND PLANTS Page	Anemone	Gomphrena 53	Snapdragon49	Lawn Sprinklers61
Artichokes	Antirrhinum 49	Grasses, Lawn24	Sunflower	Lime and Sulphur63
Asparagus	Aquilegia35	Grasses, Ornamental53	Stock 51	Mattocks
Beans 2 and 3	Arctotis30	Gypsophila39	Sweet Pea, Mary Pickford 28	Mildew-Go6.
Bcets 4	Aristolochio30	Helenium	Sweet Peas 28 and 29, 54, 55	Mole Traps60
Broccoli	Armeria30	Helichrysum53	Sweet Rocket 50	Moss
	Asparagus30	Heliotrope39	Sweet William 50	Nicotine Miscible Oil 63
Brussels Sprouts 4	Asters31	Hesperis50	Thunbergia50	Nicofume Paper 63
Cabbage	Australian Pea Vine30	Hibiscus	Tithonia50	Nicofume Liquid 63
Cabbage, Chinese 5	Bachelor Button	Hollyhock40	Transvaal Daisy50	Nozzles60
Cantaloupe	Balloon Vine32	Honesty40	Tritoma	Paper Pots60
Cardoon 4	Balsam	Humulus40	Valerian	Paracide63
Carrots7	Bartonia32	Hunnemannia40	Verbena	Paris Green 63
Casaba	Begonia32	Ice Plant	Violas	Potato Planters61
Cauliflower 7	Bellis Percnnis32	Impatiens 40	Vinca50	Pruning Paste61
Celeriac 8	Boston Ivy32	Incarvillea	Violet50	Pruning Shears 61
Celery 8	Brachycome	Ipomoea41	Virginian Stock 50	Putty Bulbs
Chervil 4	Browallia	2	Viscaria	Quasul
Chicory 5	Calliopsis	Kaulfussia40	Wallflower	Raffia
Chives 4		Kenilworth Ivy40		Rakes
Collards 4	Calampelis32	Kochia	Wistaria	Rat Exterminator
Corn, Table 9	Calandrina	Kudzu Vinc 41	Wildflower Collection51	Rat Exterminator
Corn, Salad 5	Calceolaria	Lantana41	Xeranthemum53	Rollers
Cress 5	Calendula32	Larkspur41	Zinnias	Seed Bags
Cucumber	California Poppy37	Lathyrus Latifolius41		Seeders, Broadcast 61
Dandelion	Canary Bird Flower32	Lavatera41	BULBS, TREE SEEDS,	Seeders, Drill
Eggplant10	Candytuft33	Lavender41	GARDEN TOOLS, INSECTICIDES,	Semesan
Endive10	Canna33	Lemon Verbena41	FERTILIZERS AND	Sharpeners for Mowers61
Garlic	Canterbury Bells33	Leptosyne41	MISCELLANEOUS	Sharpening Stones61
Herbs11	Carnations33	Linaria41		Sickles 61
Kale11	Castor Beans33	Linum41	Antrol 6.3	Snarol 64
Kohl Rabi	Centaurea34	Lobelia 42	Arsenate of Lead 63	Slugshot
Leek	Cheiranthus	Lupinus42	Bamboo Canes59	Soap, Whale and Fish
Lettuce	Chrysanthemums34	Lychnis	Baskets,59	Oil 64
Mangel Wurtzel 4	Cineraria34	Mandevilla42	Black Leaf 40 63	Sowbug-Go 64
Mushroom Spawn14	Clarkia35	Marigold42	Books59	Spades and Shovels61
Muskmelon	Clematis35	Matricaria42	Bordeaux(seeFungi-Bordo)63	Sprinklers, Lawn 61
Mustard	Cleome	Matthiola42	Brooms59	Sprinklers, Rubber 61
Okra14	Cobaea	Mignonette	Bulbs	Sprayers
	Celosia	Mimulus43	Canco63	Stakes
Onions	Cockscomb35	Mina Lobata 42	Carco63	Standard Garden Tools 62
Parsley	Coleus	Momordica42	Corn Planters59	Sulphine63
Parsnips	Collinsia	Moonflower 41	Cultivators59	Sulphur
Peas, Table	Columbine35	Morning Glory	Dahlias57, 58, 59	Thermometers
Pepper	Coreopsis	Nemesia	Disinfectants63	Tobacco Dust 64
Plants, Vegetable16	Cosmos	Nemophila	Dusters 59	Trellis
Pop Corn 9	Cyclamen	Nicotiana	Dusting Materials63, 64	Traps, Gohper and
Potatoes	Cypress Vine36	Nigella	Farmogerm	Mole
Pumpkin	Dahlia	Nasturtiums44		Tree Brushes 62
Radish,	Dahlia, Bulbs57-58-59		2	Tree Protectors
Rhubarb19		Oenothera44	Flower Pots and	Tree Seeds
Ruta Baga22	Daisy	Ornamental Grasses 53	Saucers 59 and 60	Tree Seeds
Salsify 20	Delphinium	Pansies	Flyrol	Tree Tanglefoot64
Sorrell20	Dianthus	Petunias	Forks59	Tree Pruners
Spinach	Digitalis37	Phlox46	Gladioli56	Trowels 62
Squash20	Didiscus Coerulea	Passion Flower	Glazing Points and Putty 60	Vermine
Swiss Chard 4	Dimorphotheca37	Pentstemon46	Gloves	Vine Staples 62
Tobacco	Dolichos	Poppies47	Gopher Killers60 and 63	Vitamite64
Tomato21	Eschscholtzia	Physalis 47	Gopher Traps60	Watering Pots
Turnip22	Everlasting Flowers53	Platycodon47	Grafting Wax60	Weeders
Vegetable Plants16	Feverfew38	Portulaca47	Grass Catchers 61	Weed Killers64
Watermelon14	Forget-Me-Not38	Primrose47	Grass Shcars 61	Wheelbarrow62
Wong Bok 5	Four O'Clock38	Pyrethrum	Hedge Shears	
	Foxglove37	Ranunculus47	Hoes	FARM SEEDS AND
FLOWER SEEDS	Fuchsia38	Rhodanthe53	Hose, Rubber60	GRASSES
Abronia30	Gaillardia38	Romneya47	Hose, Couplings60	Alfalfa2.
Abutilon30	Gentiana38	Rudbeckia47	Hose Clamps 60	Clovers2.
Achillea30	Geranium	Salpiglossis	Hose Menders 60	Corn, Field2.
Acroclinium53	Gerbera50	Salvia48	Hose Reels 60	Cover Crops
Adonis30	Geum38	Scabiosa48	Hose Washers 60	Grasses and Miscellaneous
Ageratum	Gilia38	Schizanthus50	Kayso63	Farm Seeds, Grass Mix-
Agrostema30	Gladioli, Bulbs56	Sedum48	Kerosene Emulsion63	tures25 and 2
Alonsoa30	Gloxinia38	Smilax48	Knives	Pastures2.
Alyssum 30	Godetia39	Solanum48	Labels	Lawn Mixtures2
Amaranthus	Gourds39	Statice	Ladies' Garden Sets 60	Sorghum2
Anchusa	Goldenrod	Stokesia50	Lawn Mowers 61	Grasses for Lawn 24

# Morse's Vegetable Seeds, 1926

The location of a vegetable garden, while important, it is not absolutely necessary to have a certain exposure. If your soil is in good working condition half the labor is done. One of the essentials lacking in many localities on the Pacific Coast is humus and if time will not permit growing a green crop to turn under, the soil will be vastly improved by applying a fairly heavy coat of long strawy manure. With the improved varieties of vegetables one may easily take off from a small garden sufficient fresh vegetables to supply the table of a fair sized family. As to shape of garden, a square or a parallelogram plot prove the most convenient. Of prime importance is the quality of seed used and our many years both in the actual growing and selling of paligreed strains emphasizes the fact that you cannot obtain better germination and quality than is found in Morse's Vegetable Seeds.

#### ASPARAGUS

It is surprising what a quantity of shoots fifty well grown roots will produce in a season. Seed may be sown at the rate of one ounce for about 800 plants and should be sown early in the spring in drills afterwards thinning to three inches apart. The drills should be spaced 12 to 14 inches apart and after plants have grown two full seasons transplant into rows six feet apart and about two feet between the roots, six inches or more deep gives best results.

PALMETTO. Extensively grown both for the home and market. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

MARY WASHINGTON. A new prolific and rust-resistant variety. Pkt. 25 cts.; oz. \$1.50; ¼ lb. \$5.00; lb. \$15.00.

ASPARAGUS ROOTS can be supplied from January to April. Per Dozen 35 cts.: per 100, \$2.50: Postpaid. See Page 16.

### **ARTICHOKE**

This is easily grown in many parts of California and may be quickly obtained from seed.

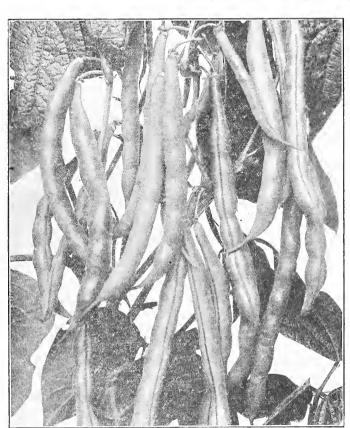
Seed should be sown in a bed and the seedlings may either be left where they stand or transplanted into pots or boxes. The plants produce a fine lot of buds or artichokes the second year. A few plants afford a bountiful supply for the average family.

LARGE GREEN GLOBE. A popular deep green variety. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. \$1.25. Plants may be had from January to May at \$1.50 per dozen at purchaser's expense for transportation charges.

JERUSALEM OR TUBEROUS ROOTED. This produces potato like roots. Tubers: Per lb. 20 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.50.

### BEANS, Dwarf or Bush

### Green and Wax-Podded Varieties



Bean-Stringless Green Pod.

For these moderately heavy loam is best. In California plant about April first and make successive sowings every four weeks. Drills or rows should be eighteen inches apart and beans planted about three or four inches apart covering two inches deep. Shallow hoeings frequently will be beneficial. Do not permit the soil to become too dry.

BOUNTIFUL. An early, hardy and productive variety bearing thick flat, light green pods of fine quality. Desirable for both home garden and for shipping. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

REFUGEE OR 1000 TO 1. A fine late variety of good quality. Pods medium in length, round, green and of good quality. One of the most hardy and productive of all snap beans. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

STRINGLESS GREEN REFUGEE. A decided improvement over the older varieties. The long, round, green pods, which measure six inches in length, are\_absolutely stringless. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

STRINGLESS GREEN POD. Undoubtedly the best dwarf green-podded Bush Bean. The long round pods are always stringless, fleshy and very tender. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

DAVIS WHITE WAX. A popular shipping variety. Fine long yellowish white pods of fine keeping quality. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

GOLDEN WAX. An old time favorite. Pods are 5 inches long, oval round in shape, absolutely stringless and the golden yellow color is tinged with green. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

PROLIFIC BLACK WAX. Produces the handsome golden yellow round pods early. Brittle, stringless and of fine quality. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50

ENGLISH, or BROAD WINDSOR. Planters on the Pacific Coast know this bean as Horse Bean. Our stock of this particular bean is extra fine and long-podded and quite superior to stock usually carried by seedsmen. If shelled when young and cooked for about twenty-five minutes in boiling water with the addition of a pinch of baking soda, it makes a most delicious vegetable. It is easy to grow and is very prolific. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 20 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.50.

### BEANS, Pole or Running

#### GREEN AND WAX-PODDED

Supply poles, strings or trellis on which the vines may climb. A few hills will produce all the average family requires. The hills should be spaced four feet apart and 5 or 6 beans planted 2 inches deep in each hill, afterwards thinning out to best 3 plants.

### Burger's Green Pod Stringless, or White Seeded Kentucky Wonder.

This is an early variety producing dark-green round stringless pods 634 inches long. The quality of the green pods is fine while the white dried seed makes excellent beans for baking. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; lo lbs. \$3.50.

Kentucky Wonder, or Old Homestead. (Morse's Special Strain No. 2884). The most popugreen pods measuring 8¾ inches long, are always stringless as snaps and never become tough. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1b. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

KENTUCKY WONDER WAX. Produces flat whitish yellow pods 8 inches long and of good quality. In the snap stage pods are always stringless. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

SCARLET RUNNER. The well known and old fashioned climber, having bright scarlet pea-like flowers. The flat dark green pods are fine for cooking when young. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

WHITE CREASEBACK (Blue Lake Creaseback). Round medium green pods, 5 inches long, fleshy and of good quality. Early and prolific; pods generally borne in clusters. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; l0 lbs. \$3.50.

## LIMA BEANS BUSH AND POLE VARIETIES

Of both of these there are three distinct types, the earliest being the small Sieva or "Butter Beans" of the South. The Larger White is another type while the Potato Lima makes the third. The latter type produces pods in clusters and the beans are crowded quite close together, thus giving them a chubby or potatolike appearance.

FORDHOOK BUSH LIMA. Of distinctly bush growth. The sturdy upright bushes bear the pods in clusters and each pod contains four or five "chubby" or fat beans of most delicious flavor. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 75 cts.; 10 lbs. \$6.50.

BURPEE'S IMPROVED BUSH LIMA. Plants are large and bear freely pods 5 inches long and which contain four or five large thick flat beans of finest quality. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 50 cts.; 10 lbs. \$4.50.

HENDERSON'S BUSH. Stiff upright growth with small dark-green beans and glossy pods. The pods measure 234 inches long and contain 3 or 4 small beans. This is of the so-called "Butter Bean Type." Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

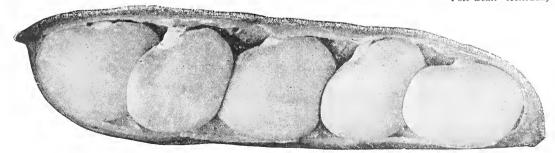
KING OF THE GARDEN POLE LIMA. The most popular of all Lima beans requiring poles or supports. Very prolific and the large pods contain 4 to 6 large beans of fine quality. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 50 cts.; 10 lbs. \$4.50.

### THE BEST IS ALWAYS CHEAPEST

Seeds are the lowest priced item that enters into gardening operations, therefore you should be particular as to the source of your supply, as a few cents saved in cost may cause the loss of many dollars in the resultant crop. Most satisfactory results come from planting Morse's Seeds, there are none better.



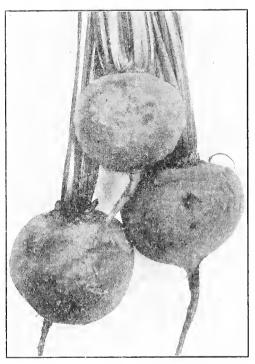
Pole Bean-Kentucky Wonder



King of the Garden Lima Bean

### BEETS, for Table and Farm

Beets are divided into three classes: **Table**, **Mangels**, or **Stock-Feeding**, and **Sugar**. **Table Beets** are one of the many vegetables that are at their best when gathered while quite young, therefore, it is better to make plantings of seed every two or three weeks. In California the seed may be sown any time after January first. The soil should be light, fairly rich and kept moist if one wishes tender roots of good color. Sow in rows one foot apart and thin out so that the plants stand three or four inches in the row; the young plants thinned out may be used as boiling greens.



Detroit Dark Red Beet

#### PRICES ARE POSTPAID TO FOURTH ZONE

#### TABLE VARIETIES

**DETROIT DARK RED.** A most excellent variety for either the home or market garden. The medium sized roots are uniformly smooth and globe shaped; skin dark red, flesh red slightly zoned with a lighter shade. Of finest quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

CROSBY'S EGYPTIAN. A first early variety producing a nearly globe-shaped root of a deep blood red and with but little zoning, quality the best. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; \( \frac{1}{4} \) lb. 45 cts.; lb. \( \frac{1}{25} \).

EARLY BLOOD TURNIP. Smooth roots, turnip shaped; flesh red and shows zoning of lighter color. Quality good. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

EARLY WONDER. Roots are of globe shape with small top and the color of the flesh is deep blood red slightly zoned. Quality is excellent. May be used for both early and late plantings. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 60 cts.;

HALF LONG BLOOD. The half long roots are 8 inches in length tapering rather abruptly. Deep red flesh of fine quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.: lb. \$1.25.

SWISS CHARD (Sea Kale Beet). Grown exclusively for the tops, which make excellent boiling greens and in fact it is much used as a substitute for Spinach. Also used as a green food for chickens. Sow seed in rows 18 inches apart and thin the plants to stand a foot apart; after cutting off a crop of foliage the plants sprout out again and give several cuttings in a scason.

LARGE RIBBED WHITE. Makes a large crop of foliage. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$1.75.

GIANT LUCULLUS. Leaves are crumpled and savoyed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ½ lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$1.80.

#### MANGEL-WURZEL or STOCK BEETS

Write for prices on larger quantities

Mangel-Wurzels grow to a very large size and produce tons upon tons of most desirable food for cattle. Sugar Beets in addition to being grown for the manufacture of sugar, make an excellent cattle food and having a greater percentage of sugar gives them a higher feeding value, acre for acre, than Mangel-Wurzels.

Golden Tankard. Yellow-fleshed. Grows partly above ground. The fine feed and cattle do not tire of it. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 70 cts.; 10 lbs. \$6.50.

Mammoth Long Red. The largest of all the Mangels and the heaviest cropper. Skin is red; flesh white, zoned with red. This variety produces a larger amount of good feed than any other Beet. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 70 cts.; 10 lbs. \$6.50.

KLEIN WANZLEBEN. For sugar-making. Contains a large percentage of sugar. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. \$1.00; 10 lbs. \$7.50.

#### BRUSSELS SPROUTS

The plants are very hardy and grow from 2 to 3 feet high, bearing a large mass of leaves at the top. The sides of the main stem are covered with three or four dozen small cabbage heads, which are broken off and cooked the same as cabbage. The sprouts mature in succession. Sow early so as to have wellgrown plants by fall. Cultivate the same as for cabbage.

IMPROVED HALF-DWARF. Grows 2 to 3 feet high and is well covered with small firm sprouts. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.35; lb. \$4.00.

# A type of Cabbage grown where the heading varieties do not succeed. It grows quickly and produces a large quantity of tender foliage on a tall stem. Sow in drills and thin out so plants stand two feet apart in the row. TRUE GEORGIA. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ½ lb. 65 cts.; lb. \$2.00

cts.; 10 lbs. \$6.50

This should be treated the same as Celery, but at period when blanching becomes necessary, different treatment is required. The tying up should be done on a fine day, when the foliage is quite dry and great care used to see that the blanching material covers all but the tops of the plants Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 25 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; 2 oz. 75 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.25.

CARDOON

Red Eckendorf. Particularly recommended for planting for stock on a large scale since the root grows largely above ground and can be kicked over without the necessity of being plowed out. The quality is first-class and darymen are using it in large quantities. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 75 cts.; 10 lbs. \$7.00.

White Sugar Rose-Top. For feeding stock. A very hardy variety, producing large crops with little care. The poses, it makes a remarkably fine, rich food for stock. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 70

COLLARDS

### CHERVIL

The young leaves are used in soups, also as a garnish. Seed should be sown very early, bearing in mind that it requires about four weeks before the plants appear. The young plants should stand about 1 foot apart in the row. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 25 cts.; oz. 45 cts.; 2 oz. 80 cts.; ½ lb. \$1.50.

#### **CHIVES**

Hardy perennial plants of the Onion family. Used for the small leaves which are freely produced and have a very mild onion flavor. Pkt. 15 cts.

CHINESE OR

CELERY CABBAGE WONG BOK has a mild cabbage flavor, very deli-cate and delicious. Wong Bok makes delicious slaw; also a very fine salad. When cooked it makes greens delicately cabbage-flavored and not at all like boiled cab-

bage. It blanches to almost

clear white. The seed should be sown in July or early

August, and early in September the plants should be transplanted. They should

be set one foot apart in the row and pushed down one

and one-half inches in the ground. When well grown the plants should be blanched by tying closely with burlap. Any good soil is sufficient, but they seem

to head up best on rich

black adobe soil. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; 1/4 lb.

\$1.50; lb. \$5.00.

### **BROCCOLI**

Broccoli is very late Cauliflower. It is an important market crop and several thousand cars are shipped every season from

crop and several thousand cars are shipped every season from California, but it is not so well known by home gardeners. The culture is easy and the heads mature at a time when garden vegetables are scarce, therefore it should command much more attention from the home gardener than it now receives.

Culture. Seed is sown in open beds in July so that well grown plants can be had for transplanting during September. The plants require abundant irrigation, and make most of their growth during late fall; stand still during the coldest weather and head in the spring, earlier or later according to variety. It is possible to secure a succession of fine white heads from January to April by using different varieties, all set in the field at the same time. at the same time

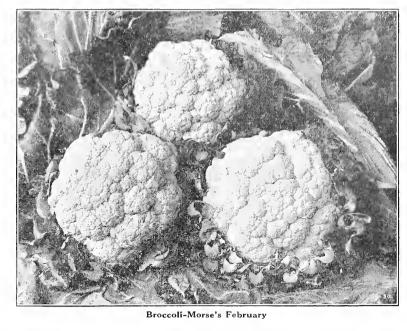
California Wonder. Heads in January. This variety is intermediate, between the true Cauliflower and the true Broccoli. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/4 oz. 50 cts.; oz. \$1.50; 1/4 lb. \$5.00.

Morse's February Broccoli. A compact growing white ribbed leaves. Makes very solid, long standing, white heads during February. Pkt. 20 cts.; ¼ oz. 75 cts.; oz. \$2.50; ¼ lb. \$9.00.

St. Valentine. The standard market variety for March shipment. Large plants with dark green protected. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/4 oz. 50 cts.; oz. \$1.50; 1/4 lb. \$5.00; lb. \$20.00.

### MORSE'S APRIL BROCCOLI

We discovered this variety as a sample in our trial five years We discovered this variety as a sample in our trial five years ago. Since that time we have been trying to discover a source of supply and have at last secured a very limited quantity of seed. This Broccoli has each year in our trials produced large firm white heads in April at a season when the market is bare of the vegetable. The seed should be sown in late July and transplanted in September like the other Broccoli but will not head until the others are past. Pkt. 25 cts.; ¼ oz. \$1.50; oz. \$5.00.



#### CHICORY

It is the root of the Chicory that generally is used, but the tops or leaves make a very palatable salad if used when young. These roots are generally grown in large areas and sold to factories making coffee substitutes. Sow seed in good rich soil and allow plants to stand four inches apart.

WITLOOF CHICORY, or FRENCH ENDIVE is grown almost exclusively as a salad, being eaten like Cos Lettuce. Seed should not be sown later than May, the plants should stand 4 inches apart in rows, 12 to 18 inches apart. The long parsnip-shaped roots should be lifted in the fall and stored until wanted for a forcing. The roots should be planted in a trench 16 to 18 inches deep and placed upright about 1½ to 2 inches apart, which will allow the neck of the root to come within 9 inches of the level of the trench. The trench should be filled with a light soil. It requires about one month to force the roots, and the heads are cut off with a small portion of the neck of the root attached. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; ½ 1b. \$1.35; lb. \$4.00.

LARGE-ROOTED, or COFFEE. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; 14 lb. \$1.35; Ib. \$4.00.

SMALL-ROOTED or RADICHETTA. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.50; lb. \$5.00.

### CORN SALAD OR FETTICUS

A quick growing plant, producing leaves which are used like Lettuce. As it prefers cool weather there is no use in planting it in hot localities. Sow thinly in rows 10 to 12 inches apart. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; ½ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.

THE CITY AND COUNTRY GARDEN. The growing of vegetables in either the city or home garden is quite a simple matter and there should be a great deal of satisfaction in the planter knowing that he has quality and fresh-

ness which cannot be bought in the market.

A short row of **bush beans** or a few hills of **pole beans** produce freely snap beans sufficient for a fair sized family.

BEETS, SWISS CHARD (the so-called spinach beet) and carrots take but little space and afford the housewife a convenient source of supply where these vegetables may be had in just the right condition.

LETTUCE freshly cut is vastly different from that cut from three days to a week before it finally reaches the consumer's table.

ONIONS whether grown from seed or sets are an important item in the garden and come in very handy when a little onion seasoning is required.

PARSLEY, of which only a few plants are required, is ornamental as well as

RADISHES, if the sowing of the seed is carefully arranged may be had in the very best condition throughout a very long season.

SPINACH, while adapted to a place in the small garden is probably not so necessary as the Swiss Chards, produces a much heavier crop of boiling greens and has a longer season. TURNIPS require but little attention and a small planting will give quite a

supply for winter use.



Chinese Cabbage-Wong Bok

### CRESS

Fine Curled is grown in the upland and sold in bunches like Water Cress. Sow seed thickly in drills, allowing one ounce for 200 feet.

WATER CRESS may be grown easily in shallow ponds, or along the edges of shallow streams of running water. One ounce will sow a plot or seed bed sixteen feet square.

FINE CURLED (Pepper Crass.) Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; Ib. \$1.50.

TRUE WATER. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 60 cts.; ¼ lb. \$2.00; lb. \$6.00.

### MORSE'S TESTED CABBAGE SEED



Conenhagen Market Cabbage

Cabbage, Onions and Potatoes have for years been looked upon as the three staples among vegetables. In the production of a crop of Cabbage, as in all other vegetables, the seed is of prime importance.

Good Cabbages are to be had at all seasons of the year in some parts of California, and seed may be planted almost any time of the year. However, there are three good seasons for sowing the seed: In September for late winter and early spring Cabbages, in March for summer and fall Cabbages, and in June and July for winter Cabbages. The seed sprouts quickly and is likely to come up very thick in the seed-bed. It should be thinned early and each plant given plenty of space or the plants will become spindling, and then do not head well. Never let the plants get checked by drought. Transplant to the field when 4 to 5 inches high, and press the soil closely about the plants. They should be put 18 to 24 inches apart, in rows 24 to 36 inches apart. To prevent the heads splitting open in the field before they are ready to be harvested. the plants should be loosened a little at the root. Cabbages require considerable moisture, but too much water causes them to rot very readily.

### EARLY VARIETIES

EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD. One of the best and most popular early varieties. Forms roundish, pointed heads of good size. It is very hardy and on account of its thick outside leaves is able to resist cold and other unfavorable conditions to a great extent. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; 14 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.50.

EARLY SPRING. Very early flat-headed variety; medium sized. Good for summer use. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.: 14 lb. \$1.50: lb. \$5.00.

Early Winnigstadt. A decidedly pointed head of good size and fine quality—the most sharply pointed of all Cabbages. One of the hardiest varieties, resists cold, wet and insect pests to a degree which makes it very desirable. We recommend it as one of the best market varieties. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; 1 lb. \$1.35; lb. \$4.00.

### SECOND-EARLY AND WINTER VARIETIES

Copenhagen Market. Undoubtedly the best Cabbage for all conditions. Good for market-growing and home-garden. Heads medium sized, firm and round. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.

EARLY DRUMHEAD. Round, flat heads. Excellent for the home-garden or market. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; ½ lb. \$1.35; lb. \$4.00.

EARLY DWARF FLAT DUTCH. A good flat-headed variety, with short stems and hard, firm head. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; ½ lb. \$1.35; lb. \$4.00.

DANISH BALLHEAD, or THE HOLLANDER. A very late variety, forming globular heads; very hard and solid. Keeps well and is a good shipper. The color is bluish green. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; 14 lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.

PREMIUM LATE FLAT DUTCH. A well-known, large, late variety. Flattish round heads, very solid and firm; has rather tall, stout stem. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; 14 lb. \$1.35; lb. \$4.00.



Early Winnigstadt Cabbage

### RED CABBAGE

MAMMOTH ROCK RED. Best hard-headed red variety. Large heads, globular; very solid and very deep red on top. Outer leaves greenish-red, large, and spreading. Especially used for pickling and preferred by many. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.

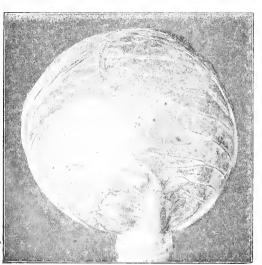
#### SAVOY CABBAGE

PERFECTION DRUMHEAD SAVOY. A variety that is much prized in Europe and also by those who are familiar with it in this country. It is very sweet and crisp and always tender. Heads medium-sized and fairly compact. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.

### California Vegetables in Garden and Field

By Wickson.

A valuable book for all vegetable growers. 314 pages. Price \$2.50; post paid \$2.70.



Danish Ballhead Cabbage

### CARROT, for Table and Stock

#### PLANT EVERY 4 WEEKS DURING THE YEAR

Good, sandy loam is best adapted for Carrots of all varieties. The shorter varieties, however, can be sown on heavier lands with good results. For garden, sow the early and short varieties at any time after January 1st, and repeat often for a succession of tender roots. For general crop, sow in the open field about April 1st, using four to six pounds per acre for rows 16 to 18 inches apart. While you get a good uniform root by thinning the young plants, it is not necessary to do so to get a crop of good, average Carrots. In most parts of California Carrots may be grown any time of the year.

FRENCH FORCING. A delicious small table Carrot, round and about 1¼ inches in diameter. It is light scarlet in color and of very sweet flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

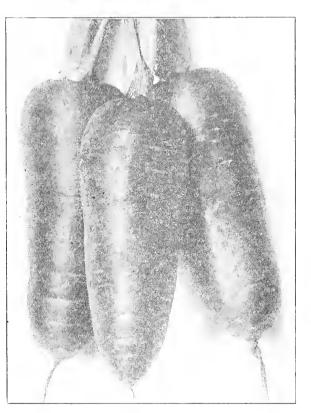
CHANTENAY or MODEL. The roots are 5½ inches long, stump rooted and a deep orange-red in color. Most popular for bunching for market. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

OXHEART or GUERANDE. One of the most popular among the short Carrots. The variety is a heavy yielder and the shape is particularly desirable for heavy soils. Roots are 5½ inches long and 3½ inches thick at the shoulder, tapering slightly to the bottom, where it becomes very stump-rooted. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

DANVER'S HALF-LONG. The most largely used of all varieties. The orange-scarlet roots measure 8 inches long and about 2½ inches wide at the shoulder, tapering to a half-point or stump-root at the bottom. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

NANTES. A very superior Carrot. It is coreless, brittle, fine-grained and of fine mild sweet flavor. The color is reddish-orange and the skin is smooth. It is 6 inches long, cylindrical and very stump-rooted. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

IMPROVED LONG ORANGE. A heavy cropper for light soils, where roots may be easily dug. Roots are orange-scarlet, fairly thick and grow entirely underground and have not a green shoulder. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

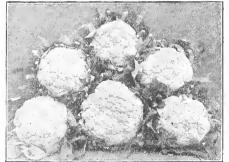


Chantenay Carrot

IMPROVED SHORT WHITE. One of the best for cattle and horses. A heavy cropper of a desirable shape to allow easy digging in heavy soils. The roots are large, measuring 3 to 4 inches in diameter at the top and taper gradually throughout the length of 6 to 8 inches. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

### CAULIFLOWER

The culture of Cauliflower is very similar to that of Cabbage, but a trifle more care must be used to see that the plants never receive any setback in their growth. Cauliflower requires an abundant and uniform, but not excessive, supply of moisture. The land should be well drained and irrigations should be frequent. Cauliflower can be grown either as a spring or a fall crop. For a spring crop sow seed in February or March, only the early varieties can be used for this purpose and they will not succeed in the interior valleys, as Cauliflower will not head in hot weather. The fall crop is very successful in all sections. Seed may be planted from May until August, depending on the exact locality and the variety used. The dates of maturity, as given below, will vary considerably for different localities and from season to season.



Early Snowball Cauliflower

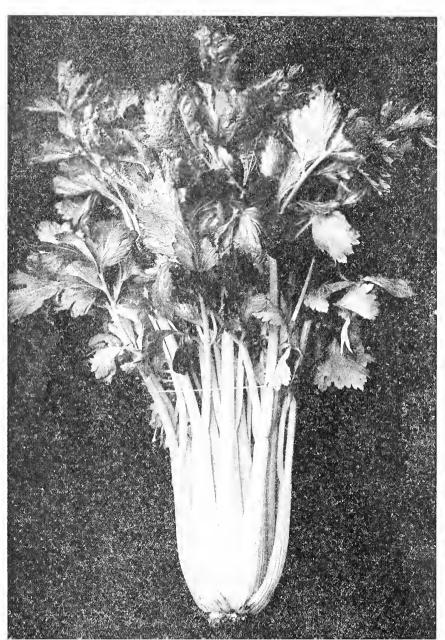
CALIFORNIA WONDER. The best winter variety. Plants are large with long leaves, which protect the head. In most sections, seed planted during June or July will head in January. Heads are large, solid and fairly white, but are coarser than the Snowball type. Pkt. 15 cts.; 14 oz. 50 cts.; oz. 51.50; 4 lb. \$5.00.

EARLY SNOWBALL. This variety is the standard by which all others are judged. It makes the smoothest and most solid heads, but the growth is not very vigorous and it is often necessary to tie the leaves over the head for protection. There are many strains of this variety of varying degrees of excellence and at varying prices. Ours is imported stock that we have found best suited to California conditions. With proper weather conditions seed planted in hot beds in February should head in May. For the fall crop, seed can be planted from June to August, but the earlier planting will require extra care. Pkt. 25 cts.; ¼ oz. \$1.25; oz. \$4.50; ½ lb. \$14.00.

VEITCH'S AUTUMN GIANT. Plants are large and late with dark green leaves and heavy white mid-ribs. The heads are large and solid, though rough—protects well in the winter, but if headed too early may have to be tied. Can be seeded May to July and will head December and January. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 50 cts.; oz. \$1.50; ¼ lb. \$4.50; lb. \$12.00.

#### MARKET GARDENERS AND FLORISTS

To those who purchase seeds in large quantities we shall be pleased to quote **Special Prices** at any time. First-class vegetables are produced by using first-class strains that come true to name.



Celery-Golden Plume or Wonderful

### CELERY

Celery requires water, and lots of it, from the time the seed is sown in boxes in March until the crop is pulled in the autumn or winter. The seed is slow to germinate, and the soil where it is planted needs to be kept very wet. As soon as the young plants are about 11/2 inches high. they should be transplanted to get good. sturdy plants before they are finally set in the garden or field. When the plants are well grown and large the soil needs to be drawn up around the plants, first tving them at the top or wrapping with a piece of sacking to prevent the earth getting between the stems. As fast as the plants grow above the soil, the earth should be hilled around them again to get a full growth of well-blanched stems. Use 1 ounce of seed to 15,000 plants, or 2 ounces per acre. Set in 24 to 30-inch rows.

#### CELERY GOLDEN PLUME OR WONDERFUL.

ELERY GOLDEN PLUME OR WONDERFUL. A variety of quite recent origin and as an early celery whether for shipping or for home market has become quickly popular and in some sections is preferred to the Golden Self-Blanching than which it is a week to ten days earlier. It is self-blanching and the yellow color is decided while the large heart blanches to a beautiful pearly white color and the individual stalks are always of the finest flavor, brittle and without any stringiness. In growth the plant is stout and stocky. It is more resistant to disease than the other self-blanching types. This is the variety which is making Oregon famous for superfine celery. Pkt. 25 cts.; oz. \$2.50; ¼ lb. \$8.00

Golden Self-Blanching. (Dwarf Type.) ard market and shipping variety. Foliage, bright green tinged with yellow. Plants are stocky with broad, thick stalks that easily blanch to a clear, creamy white. This is the old type or low top. French Grown. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. \$1.50; ½ lb. \$5.00; lb. \$15.00.

California Grown. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$1.00; 1/2 lb. \$3.50; lb. \$10.00.

Golden Self-Blanching. (Tall or New French Type).
This sentirely different from the dwarf type. It is fully a month earlier; blanches easier and whiter and makes a larger and much taller plant. It is a and makes a larger and much taller plant. It is a good early Celery for home gardens and local markets, but is not firm enough to recommend for long distance shipping. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. \$1.50; ½ lb. \$5.00; lb. \$15.00.

#### WHITE PLUME. While growing the leaves and stalks are green-tinted white, but very quickly after "earthing up," they blanch to a pure snowy white. Valuable for its earliness, but not so good in quality as Golden Self-Blanching. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; 14 lb. \$1.20; lb. \$3.50.

EMPEROR. Of dwarf growth and makes a large bunch of pure white brittle stems. Height ranges from 15 to 18 inches, with the edible or blanched portion about 8 inches long. The bunches are white and the tender heart is slightly tinged with yellow. Of very fine flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.65.

GIANT PASCAL. This is one of the finest of the Winter Celeries. Produces large thick stalks, which blanch to a good white color. Of firest flavor, Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; 14 lb. \$1.10; lb. \$3.50.

### CELERIAC OR TURNIP-ROOTED **CELERY**

Sow seed sometime in April and treat the young plants same as you would Celery. Set plants out in rows two feet apart and six inches apart in the row. When the roots are two inches in diameter they are ready for use.

GIANT SMOOTH PRAGUE. Large roots with quite a smooth surface. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 2 oz. 40 cts.; 1/4 lb. 75 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

For Prices on Celery Plants, see Page 16.

The sweetest flavored Corn cannot be purchased. It must be home raised. This will always be so.

### CORN

### SWEET OR TABLE VARIETIES

Prices given are prepaid to Fourth Zone. Write for prices in larger quantities than here quoted.

The choicest Sugar Corn is only had where it is possible to cook it within an hour after picking.

If you wish to have Sweet Corn at its best, pick or pull the ears when the kernel may be easily punctured with the thumb nail. Arrange to make successive plantings throughout the season so as to insure a supply just in the right condition.

Contrary to general belief Corn is raised successfully in most of California. It makes a profitable field crop and Sweet Corn is a most delicious garden vegetable. As Corn is very sensitive to frost it cannot be planted with any degree of safety until about the middle of April, except in localities that are notably free from late frost. Moist, rich soil is best for Corn and frequent hoeing or cultivating improves it. The small rich mountain valleys seem especially favorable for good table Corn. In pulling Corn for the table it is important that it be picked at just the right time. The usual custom is to plant in hills four feet apart each way, but some gardeners prefer planting in drills and allow a plant to stand every four inches. If in hills thin to best three plants.

CARMEL GOLDEN. A selection from Golden Bantam but different from that popular variety, producing thicker and larger ears with twelve rows of sweet, tender, yellow kernels. Ears, seven inches in length; stalks, five feet high. Originated in the Carmel Valley and is an early variety. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 50 cts.

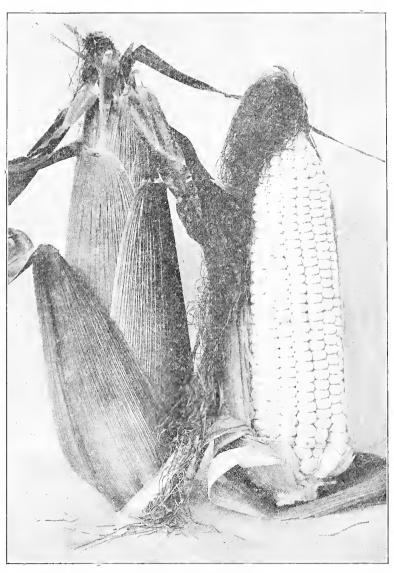
BLACK MEXICAN. Although when ripe the seed is dark-bluish or black, when ready for table use it is white. It is of especially fine sweet flavor and very tender; medium early. The ears have 10 rows of kernels. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

Country Gentleman, or Shoe-Peg. has a white filled with long small "shoe-peg" kernels. Is remarkably fine flavored and sweet, and is frequently used by canners. Many people consider Country Gentleman as about the best of late Corns. The stalk is tall. Plant other sorts for early, and this for late. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1b. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

Golden Bantam. The most delicious Sweet Corn in cultivation today. Early and hardy. Growth, dwarf, the stalks averaging about 4 feet high and in good soil produce 2 to 3 ears to a stalk. The ears are about 6 inches long, 8-rowed and filled with creamy-yellow grains of the very finest flavor. The seed when fully ripe is an attractive orange-yellow in color. For early, medium early or late there is absolutely no better variety than Golden Bantam. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

Stowell's Evergreen. Good all-around table variety of excellent quality. Stowell's Evergreen is a late Sweet mature; 12 rows to the ear; kernels long and meaty and of fine quality. Stowell's Evergreen is also used as a fodder Corn on account of its succulent stalks. These grow to 6 feet or more. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1b. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. 33.50.

EARLY WHITE-COB CORY. An extra-early variety with remarkable white grains, especially when cooked. Ears are 6 to 7 inches long. Kernels are large and placed in 8 rows to each ear. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

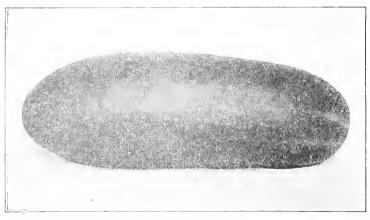


Sweet Corn-Alameda Sweet

Alameda Sweet. The standard market variety in Central California and the most reliable for climatic conditions. This variety was developed by market gardeners in Alameda County and has been bred up and improved by us. The plants are short and stodgy with large dark green leaves. The ears are well covered by a strong husk. Ears are 10 to 14 rowed, snowy white and of excellent quality. Medium early. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50. Special selection of large, fat ears, our own growing. Field No. 257. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 50 cts.

Pop Corn. WHITE RICE is a standard variety with short ears filled with long kernels which somewhat resemble rice in shape; color white. Easy to grow and does not require very rich soil. It should not be planted near table or field corn as it easily mixes with other types. Lb. 30 cts.; 10 lbs. \$2.50.

C. C. Morse & Co.'s fields of Sweet Peas are world famous. Each year we grow between 300 and 400 acres of these beautiful flowers for seed. Where are you now getting your Sweet Pea seed? Are you getting the best? Have you tried our newest and finest varieties? See pages 54 and 55.



Cucumber Evergreen White Spine

EARLY SHORT GREEN or EARLY FRAME. Early and very hardy and especially adapted for pickling. The fruits measure 7 by 3 inches. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

LONG GREEN. Long considered the standard variety for slicing or pickling. In color a deep green and the fruits meas-

ure 12 by 2½ inches. Medium late and very hardy. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 65 cts.; lb. \$2.00.

EVERGREEN WHITE SPINE. Deep green fruits tapering at both ends and measuring 12 inches by 2½ inches. A main crop variety of excellent quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

SNOW'S PICKLING. A very symmetrical and productive pickling variety. The pickles form early, run uniformly small, square ended and in color a real dark green. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 14 lb. 65 cts.; lb. \$2.00.

#### DANDELION

Much esteemed for greens, which are cooked like mustard and spinach. The cultivated Dandelion is much superior to the wild for greens. Sow the seed in May or June on good, rich soil, and thoroughly cultivate, when the leaves will be ready to cut the following spring.

IMPROVED LARGE-LEAVED. The largest leaved and best cutting variety. Plant is compact and leaves are thick. Pkt. 10cts.

#### EGGPLANT

The seed germinates slowly and should be started under glass, with moderately high temperature, about March 1st. When about 3 inches high, transplant carefully to the garden or field, but not until all danger of frost is over. Eggplant flourishes in most of this state and wherever there is a good warm growing

New York Improved Large Purple. The principal mar-ket variety. Plants are large and spreading; fruit large and of deep rich purple. Pkt. 10 cts.; 12 oz. 45 cts.; oz. 75 cts.; 14 lb. \$2.50; lb. \$7.50.

#### ENDIVE

An attractive so-called bitter salad plant, very popular for use during fall and winter months. Sow seed in June or July in rows 18 inches apart and thin out plants to stand 6 inches apart in the rows. For use the plants must be blanched and this is done by gathering leaves together and tying loosely at top with a wisp of straw or soft twine for about a week.

BROAD LEAVED BATAVIAN OR ESCAROLLE. This has broad thick leaves. It is used in the natural state as a salad or as a boiling-green to be cooked like spinach. Pkt. 19 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 14 lb. 65 cts.; lb. \$2.00.

GREEN CURLED. This has very curly leaves, the mid-ribs being white. After blanching the leaves make a delicious and appetizing salad. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 14 lb. 65 cts.; lb. \$2.00.

### CUCUMBER

They are sensitive to frost, therefore should not be planted until the last of April. They require a great deal of water, and unless planted in rather moist soil, should be given frequent irrigations throughout the summer. Plant in hills 4 feet apart each way, dropping about 10 seeds to a hill, later thinning out to best 3 or 4 plants. Make soil rich by the application of well rotted stable manure, which should be thoroughly incorporated with the soil. Give an occasional shallow cultivation until vines practically cover the ground. Keep the fruits cut off whether you use them as cucumber or pickles, carefully cutting from the vine with a sharp knife, so as not to injure the vines.

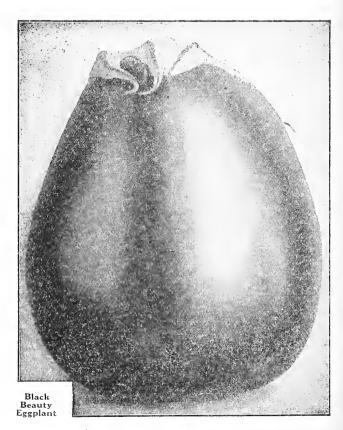
Earliest varieties are ready in about 50 days; main erop about 70 days.

All the early fruiting and pickling varieties have fruit of a dark green eolor.

**LEMON.** It has a most delicate flavor and never becomes bitter. The shape is round and the size of fruits about that of a lemon. Used for pickling and in salads. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 85 cts.: lb. \$2.50.

TELEGRAPH, ROLLINSON'S (English Greenhouse Variety). The eucumbers are very long, measuring 16 inches or more, contain very few seeds, and of the most excellent quality. Although used almost exclusively for forcing, the vines do well out of doors in California. Seed quite expensive, therefore, only a few seeds to a packet. Pkt. 25 cts.

GHERKIN or WEST INDIA GHERKIN. A small pickling fruit about 2 inches long and quite seedy. Used for pickles only. Seed germinates slowly. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; 14 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.



#### KALE or BORECOLE

Very largely grown in the Southern States. May either be treated like cabbage or the seed may be sown in drills in the open ground in September. It is hardy and will withstand frost and snow.

- TALL GREEN CURLED SCOTCH. Height  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet. The finely cut leaves are pulled from the stalks as needed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. 65 cts.; lb. \$2.00.
- JERSEY, or 1,000 HEADED. Frequently attains a growth of 6 to 8 feet, and produces many of the smooth leaves. Largely used for feeding stock and poultry. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 14 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.
- GIANT MARROW. Thick and floshy leaf stalks. Yields a very large supply of green food. Excellent for chickens. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; 14 lb. \$1.65; lb. \$4.00.

#### KOHL RABI

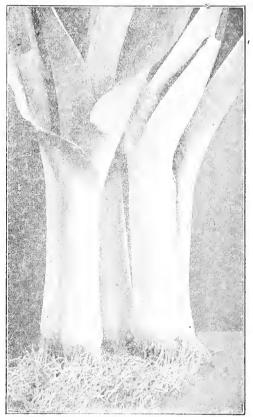
Sow the seed thinly in drills where the plants are to stand and thin out to eight inches apart. The bulbs or roots grow quickly and should be used when no larger than a tennis ball. It is best to make several successive sowings.

EARLY WHITE VIENNA. The standard variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; 14 lb. \$1.00. EARLY PURPLE VIENNA. Differs from preceding only in color. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; 14 lb. \$1.00; ib. \$3.00.

### LEEK

Seed should be sown in June and the plants should stand six inches apart in rows two feet apart. As the plants attain full growth draw soil up about the stems as this not only blanches the stalk, but also gives a more tender quality.

AMERICAN FLAG. The favorite variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; ½ lb. \$1.15; lb. \$3.50. GIANT MUSSELBURGH. Thick long sweet stalks. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.15; lb. \$3.50.



Giant Musselburgh Leek

### HERBS--Aromatic, Medicinal and Pot Herbs

The freshly gathered stems and leaves may be used during the summer months and it is no trouble to dry a full winter's supply. In a few of the varieties the seed is portion used; these should be sown in rows and harvested when the seed ripens. Those marked\* are hardy, living from year to year.

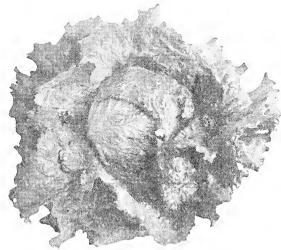
- ANISE (Pimpinella Anisum). Seeds have an aromatic taste. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.
- BALM (Melissa Officinalis). Leaves are fragrant and are used as a tea for fevers. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 60 cts.
- BASIL, Sweet (Ocimum Basilicum). For soups, stews and highly seasoned dishes. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.
- BORAGE (Borago Officinalis). Leaves are used for flavoring; flowers attract bees. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.
- \*CARAWAY (Carum Carui). Seeds are used for flavoring purposes. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.
- \*CATNIP (Nepeta Cataria). Leaves useful for seasoning. It makes a good food for bees. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$1.40.
- CORIANDER (Coriandrum Sativum). Used by baker and confectioners. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.
- DILL (Anethum Graveolens). Seeds used as a condiment, also in the pickling of cucumbers. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 75 cts.
- \*FENNEL, Sweet (Anethum Foeniculum). Boiled leaves are used in sauces. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.
- \*HOREHOUND (Marrubium Vulgare). Leaves used for seasoning. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.
- \*HYSSOP (Hyssopus Officinalis). Used as a stimulant and a mild tonic. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.
- \*LAVENDER (Lavandula Spica). The flowers are dried for perfuming purposes. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 70 cts.

- \*ROSEMARY (Rosmarinus Officinalis). The aromatic leaves are used for seasoning. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$1.00.
- \*RUE (Ruta Graveolens). For medicinal purposes. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$1.00.
- \*SAGE (Salvia Officinalis). More extensively used than any other herb. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.
- SUMMER SAVORY (Satureia Hortensis). For seasoning dressings and soups. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.
- \*SWEET MARJORAM (Origanum Marjorana). May be used either green or dried. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.
- \*WINTER SAVORY (Satueria Montana). Leaves are used for flavoring. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$1.03.
- \*TANSY (Tanacetum Vulgare). Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 85 cts.
- TARRAGON (Russian). The true Tarragon does not seed and what is offered is Russian Tarragon and flavorless. Pkt. 15 cts.
- \*THYME (Thymus Vulgaris). Leaves used for seasoning. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$1.25.
- \*WORMWOOD (Artemisia Absinthium). Used medicinally and is beneficial for poultry. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 65 cts.
- FENNEL FLORENCE (Finocchio) (Foeniculum Dulce). Quite different from Sweet Fennel. The portion eaten is bulb-like and is formed at the base of the leaf stalk. Sow early in Spring and thin to about a foot apart. Just as soon as the plant commences to expand at base of stalk, there should be a covering of soil applied so that this bulb-like vegetable becomes quite well blanched. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; ½ lb. \$1.00.

### LETTUCE

Lettuce is of four types, Cabbage or Butter, Loosehead or Cutting, Crisp Head and Romaine or Cos. All four have their respective places in the garden according to individual taste or locality. Seed may be sown any month of the year in California.

Sow seed in rows 18 inches apart and thin out the heading varieties to 6 to 8 inches; loose head or cutting varieties should eventually stand fully six inches apart, the thinning being done slowly and the plants removed used as a salad on the table.



Iceberg Lettuce

BIG BOSTON. The outer leaves are slightly tinged with brown; the hearts are well blanched, solid and of superfine quality; Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; ½ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.50.

CALIFORNIA CREAM BUTTER, or ROYAL SUMMER CABBAGE.

A popular variety for autumn and winter use. Forms a very large head, which is exceedingly buttery in texture. Heart a rich golden yellow. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

CHICKEN LETTUCE. Not for eating, but as a supplementing food for chickens. Large bunches of leaves. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

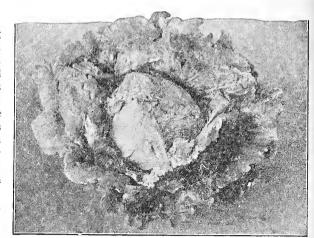
EARLY CURLED SIMPSON. The old-time "Curly" Lettuce, and still very popular. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

NEW YORK, or LOS ANGELES. (Known as California Dark Iceberg by the market gardeners and shippers.) This is the variety used almost exclusively in our markets and is grown on an immense scale.

The variety is deep green, but when prepared for the table the head is almost white and very crisp. It thrives in cool weather and is not recommended for the house garden in mid-summer.

The proper name for the variety is **NEW YORK**, under which name it was introduced into America years ago, and in ordering, customers should use this name to get the true variety. We have an excellent and highly developed strain of it which is used in large quantities by the big shippers.

For garden culture, sow the seed thinly and thin the plants when in the fourth leaf to at least twelve inches apart. This will seem like a wide distance, but to make solid heads, the plants need plenty of room. The soil should be well fertilized and irrigated. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; 14 lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.00.



NEW YORK or Los Angeles Lettuce

MAY KING. Quickly forms fine hard heads; outer leaves slightly tinged with brown. Quality the best. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

MIGNONETTE. Small heads of very sweet flavor. Outer leaves reddish-brown, but inside is light green and very crisp. The popular favorite in the Hawaiian Islands. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

HANSON. The crisp, brittle heads are light yellowish green in color and of excellent flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ½ lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

ICEBERG. Color light green, lightly tinged with brown. Good
for either home or market. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; ½ lb.
\$1.15; lb. \$3.50.

### COS, CELERY OR ROMAINE, LETTUCE

Quite distinct as to type. Plants are of erect habit of growth, the inner leaves growing closely together at top and some varieties blanching without any special care. They are always crisp and mild when grown under favorable conditions, but bear in mind they will not do well without an ample supply of water.

WHITE PARIS COS. The best of the Cos or Celery type. Pkt. 10 cts.; 24 lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.00.

### MUSKMELON or CANTALOUPE

Plant in rich, moist land, using one ounce to 100 hills or two to three pounds per acre. Six feet each way is a good distance for the hills. Sow the seed after all danger of frost is over and do not cover deeply. Thoroughly rotted manure should be deeply dug into each hill.

Muskmelons require plenty of water, and if conditions are favorable, will make a strong, vigorous growth, and most varieties bear heavily. It is best to pick off the early runners to make the plant more stocky and thick. Wherever possible melons should be grown in the home-garden.

#### ALL PRICES ARE POSTPAID TO THE FOURTH ZONE.

Acme. One of the best green all-round melons in cultivation, and recommended for its uniform shape, medium size, and fine quality. The flesh is thick, green, without a musk flavor, and very sweet. Pkt. 10 cts.: 0z. 20 cts.: ½ lb. 60 cts.: lb. \$1.75.

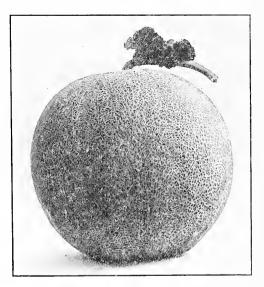
Gold-Lined Rocky Ford. Of a fine uniform shape and without ribs; slightly oval; meat thick, light green, with a light golden yellow rim. Flesh very sweet and spicy. There is no better melon than this. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 75 cts.; lb. 82.25.

Persian. Hybrid Muskmelon. This is a large melon, from 8 to 10 inches in diameter, and is heavy for its size. The melons are heavily netted, and are globular. Its color is bright orange. The flavor is different from other melons, and comes out delightfully when the melons are well ripened. Should not be eaten until fully ripe. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 60 cts.; ¼ lb. \$2.00; lb. \$6.00.

POLLOCK 10-25 (Ten-Twenty-five). This is a new main-crop variety, ripening at the same time as Rocky Ford. The melons are nearly round and densely netted. The seed cavity is small, flesh thick, light green with salmon tint. Flavor is excellent. A standard melon for the market. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz 25 cts.; ½ lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

ROCKY FORD, or NETTED GEM. Grown in great quantities for the market. Fruit is slightly oval, finely netted, and slightly ribbed. Flesh thick, green, and of fine quality, spicy, very sweet flavored. Rocky Fords are small to medium sized. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; lb. 51.50.

TIP TOP. One of the best known of the deep yellow or salmon-fleshed varieties. The fruits are large, nearly round, slightly ribbed and lightly netted over a light slaty skin; very highly musk-flavored, which many people prefer in a melon. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ½ lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.



Muskmelon-Persian

### CASABAS or Winter Muskmelons

GOLDEN BEAUTY. This one we recommend as the best. It begins to ripen in July and continues bearing and ripening all summer and fall, or until frost comes. The later fruits can be stored in a cool house or cellar and will ripen slowly, so that they can be marketed from time to time until late in January or early in February. Golden Beauty is bright yellow, about globular, with wrinkled skin, slightly pointed at the stem end. The fruits are about 6 to 8 inches in diameter. The flesh is pure white and very thick. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

WINTER PINEAPPLE. This is the best of the later ripening winter varieties. As it ripens late on the vines, it can be kept for a longer period in the cellar. The fruits are very solid and heavy, about 10 to 12 inches in diameter, thick at the base and tapering at the top. The color is deep sea green, with mottled white and green at the bottom. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ½ lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

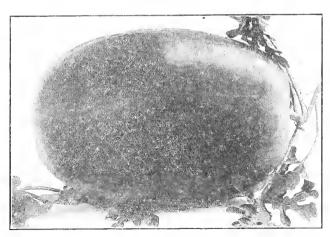
### HONEY DEW MELON Hybrid Casaba

Honey Dew is a medium sized melon, 5 to 6 pounds in weight, about 6 inches in diameter and slightly oblong. The skin is smooth, with an occasional net. The color, while growing, is nearly white, and when ripe is a creamy yellow, sometimes a lemon yellow. Honey Dew has very thick flesh, light emerald green in color. It is fine grained, melting and delicious, and is good clear down to the rind. Sometimes the older Casabas have a bland or cucumber flavor not enjoyed by many. The vines are strong growers and are productive. The melons slip from the vines when ripe but may be picked just before they are ripe and stored in a cool place and then they will keep until Christmas. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

#### HONEY BALL MELON

The sweetest of the sweet and the most delicious of all melons. Is very prolific, a little larger than Rocky Ford, with flesh like Honey Dew. Melons are uniform in size and show considerable netting. Honey Ball matures in about 105 days from planting the seed. For marketing at a distance, it has no equal for the melons stay firm and keep well in storage. It cannot be surpassed for the home garden. From all tests and reports *Honey Ball* possesses characteristics that make it one of the finest melons ever offered to the grower, the shipper and to the consumer. It is a cross between the California Honey Dew Casaba and the Texas Cannon Ball. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ½ lb. \$1.50; lb. \$5.50

### WATERMELON



Watermelon—Klondike

BLACK-SEEDED ANGELINO. Desirable for both home garden and for shipping. The rind or skin is very dark green; flesh bright red and of delicious quality. If the seed is soaked in water an hour or two before planting the germination is better. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 14 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

CHILIAN, BLACK-SEEDED. The type is similar to the Angelino and differs in color, which is a deep green with slightly darker stripes; flesh bright red and of fine flavor. Soaking the seed in water will insure better germination. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 14 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

TOM WATSON. A very large, really fine melon, often growing to 40 and 60 pounds or more in weight. It is sweet, has a large heart and small seed. The flesh is bright pink, contrasting with the dark green mottled skin. An excellent sort to grow and ship. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 34 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

Light, sandy, or gravelly soil is necessary for the best Watermelons. They seldom do well on heavy adobe or clay soils, and these lands should be avoided when growing Watermelons as a farm crop. In the garden, any soil can be made suitable by spading in each hill some well rotted manure and sand or loam.

Plant the seed about the middle of May, in hills about 8 feet apart. Use five or six seeds to a hill and thin out to three plants as soon as the second or third leaf shows. Use about four ounces of seed to 100 hills, or as a farm crop, two to four pounds per acre. A good Watermelon is one of the finest fruits on earth. On a hot day there is nothing like a fresh, juicy, sweet Watermelon. Some Watermelons are much sweeter than others.

Kleckley Sweets or MONTE CRISTO. A very desirable variety for the home-garden or nearby markets. Fruit medium-sized, oval, and skin dark green; flesh bright red and very sweet. Skin is brittle. It is the very sweet, honey-like flavor that makes it especially desirable. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ½ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

Klondike. This melon is exceptionally sweet and fine. It was bred in California and stays in perfect condition in this climate. A good shipper for nearby markets, and excellent in every home-garden. The flesh is brittle; fruit oblong. A rather shy seeder and for that reason expensive. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; ½ lb. \$1.35; lb. \$4.00.

FLORIDA FAVORITE. A large variety, with large, oblong fruit and light green skin, mottled with a deeper shade. Rind thin; flesh deep pink and of fine quality. Seed white. Fine shipper; also excellent for the home-garden. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 14 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

GEORGIA RATTLESNAKE. One of the oldest and formerly most popular sorts, and frequently known as "Gypsy." A large, oblong variety, with decided stripes of light and deep green. Rind is tough, but flesh is of medium quality and bright pink. A good shipping and market melon. Pkt. 19 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ½ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

RED-SEEDED CITRON. The so-called "Colorado Preserving Citron" and produces large solid white-fleshed fruits. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ½ lb. 35 cts.; lb. \$1.00.

### MUSTARD, FOR GREENS

The leaves of these varieties of Mustard, excepting White English, as listed here, make excellent greens of sharp, pungent flavor, and are cooked the same as spinach or beet leaves. Sow seed in drills early in the spring and at frequent intervals throughout the summer to secure a constant supply of fresh greens. Mustard is hardy and is easily grown. One ounce will sow 50 feet of row.

CHINESE. A very hardy, broad-leaved variety. Leaves are thick and deeply savoyed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ½ lb. 40 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

FORDHOOK FANCY. The dark green leaves of this variety are more curled on the edges than any other sort, making most attractive greens. It may also be cooked and served like spinach, and is highly esteemed when used in this way. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

GIANT SOUTHERN CURLED. Large variety forming a great mass of beautiful leaves, which are ruffled and finely curled on the edges. Hardy, vigorous, highly recommended. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 30 cts.; lb. \$1.00.

WHITE ENGLISH. Seed yellow and pungent, used for grinding and for flavoring pickles. Oz. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 30 cts., lb. \$1.00.

#### OKRA OR GUMBO

A rather tall growing plant, producing freely seed pods which in the young stage are largely used in soups and stews. In April plant seed in the open in rows two feet apart and thin out plants so they stand about eighteen inches apart. Okra pods should be cut from the plant as soon as they are large enough for use, and if there is any surplus the pods may be dried for winter use—simply tie them on strings and hang up in a cool place. A few plants will produce an ample supply for the average family.

PERKINS MAMMOTH LONG POD. Very productive of handsome tender dark green pods. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

WHITE VELVET. Smooth velvety white pods. Popular in the South. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 14 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

### MUSHROOM SPAWN

Contrary to a rather eommon belief, there is nothing mysterious in the cultivation of the mushroom.

#### **ESSENTIAL CONDITIONS**

1. Good spawn, produced from a reliable source.

A properly prepared bed with reasonable protection against weather extremes.

3. A temperature not greatly exceeding  $60^{\circ}$  F., nor much lower than  $50^{\circ}$  F.

4. A fairly moist atmosphere, avoiding the too frequent and direct application of water to the beds.

5. A gradual renewal of the air, avoiding draughts.

OUR PURE CULTURE MUSHROOM SPAWN. (Weight 1½ lbs.) Brick, 40 cts., postpaid; by express, 5 bricks \$1.75. Write us for quantity price.

### MORSE'S ONION SEED

The most essential item in growing Onions for market is good seed—seed that will come up and seed that will produce the variety you want—cheap seed is very poor economy.

For general crop the seed must be sown during the month of January or before February 1st, and, if the location is a fairly dry one, it is best to sow about the middle of December. The seed should be sown with a seed drill in rows 14 inches apart, using 4 to 4½ pounds of seed per acre. In very weedy land the rows may be 18 or 20 inches apart when less seed is required.

For planting a single row of Onions among strawberry plants about 2 pounds of seed per acre is sufficient.

The land must be thoroughly worked before planting, and usually two good plowings, a good disking, and a harrowing are necessary.

The crop must always be kept free from weeds, and it is usually necessary to weed out in the row by hand once or twice. Hoeing between the rows may be done oftener. It is not necessary to thin the plants in the row, since some thinning is naturally done during the hand weeding.

The land chosen for Onions should be wet land, preferably loose, sandy loam or peat, and should always be kept well drained. Heavy adobe or clay soil is good, but needs to be irrigated in May, June and July, and the Onions are not so well colored or even in shape in heavy, stiff soils. Steady, even growth is necessary to good Onions, and a check in the growth, whether from disease or drought, causes them to bolt to seed badly. Onions are ready to harvest usually the latter part of August, when with a good crop, the tops are pretty well ripened down. If the tops are still standing and green it is well to run a light roller or plank over them to press the tops down, and the Onions should be pulled in about ten days after this is done, whether the tops have dried off or not. It requires not less than two full weeks to properly cure Onions after they are pulled. In localities where fog is prevalent it is best to spread the Onions out on the ground, not more than one bulb deep. It is usual in other climates to throw into windrows a foot or more deep and cover lightly with straw or dried tops. It is best not to top and sack until ready to ship to market, and if Onions are to be kept for any length of time they should not be sacked, but should be put under cover on a floor or in a bin with abundant circulation of air, and be kept very dry.



Morse's Select Yellow Globe Onion

Australian Brown. (Buckskin Strain.) Early and very hard variety which does especially well in California. The skin as it keeps well into spring without sprouting or shriveling. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ½ lb. \$1.65.

AILSA CRAIG. Color light yellow; grain fine, flavor mild; ripens early. Produces large bulbs frequently weighing 2 pounds. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ¼ lb.\$1.65.

CALIFORNIA EARLY RED. Used especially for transplanting. If the seed is sown in beds in August and set in the field in November or December, good market Onions may be had in May. It is not a good keeping variety, but is excellent for winter growing because it will not readily bolt to seed. Of mild flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; ½ 1b. \$1.25.

MAMMOTH SILVER KING. An early, large, white, flat Onion; does not keep well. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; ½ lb. \$1.25.

PRIZETAKER (Denia Onion). A remarkably large Onion. Skin light yellow; flesh sweet and mild. Globe-shaped and very productive. Should be used early, as it is not a long keeper. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.65.

RED WETHERSFIELD. The best-known and most widely used red variety. In shape it is flattish, but thick, with very firm flesh. Is hard and an excellent keeper. The color is a bright purplish red. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 45 cts.; /4 lb. \$1.50.

SOUTHPORT RED GLOBE. A large, globe-shaped, bright purplish red variety. Is a late sort and most excellent keeper. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 60 cts.; ½ lb. \$1.75.

SOUTHPORT YELLOW GLOBE. A fine orange-yellow globe-shaped variety of best shipping and keeping quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 70 cts.; ½ lb. \$2.00.

Southport White Globe. The best pure white globe-shaped variety. Forms handsome hard Onions with wax-like flesh. Pkt. 15 cts.; y. Ib. \$2.50.

SWEET SPANISH. A very large, mild, yellow, globe-shaped Onion. One of the best for home-garden; also an early market Spanish type. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 70 cts.; ¼ lb. \$2.00.

WHITE BERMUDA. A very early southern market Onion. Flavor is mild and sweet. The bulbs are straw-white in color and flat-shaped. We offer true Canary Island grown seed—the best. Pkts. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

WHITE PORTUGAL, or SILVERSKIN. The best known and most largely used white Onion. Is flat on the bottom and thick toward the top; very hard and firm. An excellent keeper. Is largely used for white Onion sets as well as for bulbs for the best market trade and also for pickles. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; 14 lb. \$1.65.

WHITE QUEEN. A very early white Onion. Rather small and does not keep well. Is of fine, mild flavor, and largely used for pickles. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; ¼ Ib. \$1.35.

YELLOW DANVERS. This is the best known and the most generally used flat, yellow Onion. It is extra hardy and a very heavy yielder. Color bright orange-yellow; flesh white and firm. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.25.

Yellow Globe. MORSE'S SELECT. Our strain of Globe Danvers is especially selected on our farms to give an even ripening crop. The bulbs are all of fairly large size, small at the neck, perfectly and regularly formed. Yellow Globe is the most popular Onion for market and for shipping. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 70 cts.; 14 lb. \$2.00.

YELLOW DUTCH, or STRASBURG. Similar to Yellow Danvers, both in shape, size and color. It is a little flatter and is a better variety for producing Onion Sets. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; 14 lb. \$1.25.

#### ONION SETS

Onion Sets are miniature onion bulbs grown from seed and are so formed by sowing 50 to 75 pounds of seed per acre. Good sets are those of very small size and well ripened.

Plant near the surface in rows 12 inches apart and 2 inches between the sets, using 250 pounds of sets per acre. When raised from sets, the onions can be used in the green state or may be ripened off for large onions, in which case thay are fully six weeks earlier than when raised from seed. Prices are subject to market fluctuations as the season advances.

Postage on Onion Sets is 10 cts. per pound additional.

Brown or Yellow Onion Sets. September to May. Lb. 25 cts. White Onion Sets. September to December only. Lb. 25 cts.

GARLIC. Large quantities are furnished at prevailing market prices. Lb. 15 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.00; postpaid, lb. 25 cts.

SHALLOTS. A yellow multiplying Onion. Until May 1st only. Lb. 25 cts.; or postpaid, lb. 35 cts.

### **PARSLEY**



Parsley—Double Curled

Used for garnishing dishes of meat or cooked in soups. A few plants in the garden will yield sufficient for a family, providing the leaves are cut often and the plants not allowed to seed. Sow the seed in drills early in spring, using one-fourth of an ounce to 100 feet. Soak the seed two hours before planting and water frequently.

#### Prices postpaid to the Fourth Zone.

MOSS CURLED. A very finely curled, bright green, and ornamental variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

HAMBURG or TURNIP-ROOTED. A plain-leaved variety, forming a large, thick, edible root. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

DOUBLE CURLED. A curled variety, very hardy and easy to grow. Deep, rich green. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

EXTRA TRIPLE CURLED. A very fine curled variety of dark green color. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

### **PARSNIPS**

Parsnips are fine when used rightly. They prefer very wet soil and will thrive where carrots will not grow. A sandy soil is good, since the roots are very long and are difficult to dig in stiff soil. Sow the seed thickly in the spring in 18 to 24-inch drills, using one-fourth ounce to 100 feet. In the field, sow in rows 24 inches apart, using three pounds per acre.

HOLLOW CROWN. The most popular and best variety for all purposes. Skin smooth and white and flesh tender, while the root grows 18 to 20 inches long. The best part of it is contained in the first 8 inches from the top. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

LONG SMOOTH or LONG DUTCH. A very long variety with full crown. Very smooth white skin. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1,4 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

### VEGETABLE PLANTS AND ROOTS

We earry the following plants in the season shown and pack them very carefully for shipping. The purchaser takes the risk of their wilting or being damaged in transit. Postal charges at parcel post rates must be added if wanted by mail.

ARTICHOKE PLANTS. January to May. \$1.50 per doz.; by mail postpaid.

ASPARAGUS ROOTS. January to April. 35 cts. per doz.; \$2.50 per 100, postpaid.

CABBAGE PLANTS. October to June. 15 cts. per doz.; 85 cts. per 100. Weight, 1 lb. per doz.; 4 lbs. per 100.

CAULIFLOWER PLANTS. November to June. 20 cts. per doz.; \$1.00 per 100. Weight same as Cabbage.

CELERY PLANTS. March to May. 25 cts. per doz.; \$1.75 per 100. Weight same as Cabbage.

EGGPLANT. April and May. 35 cts. per doz.; \$2.50 per 100. Weight same as Cabbage.

HOP ROOTS. April and May. 75 cts. per doz.; \$5.00 per 100, postpaid.

HORSERADISH ROOTS. January to May. 50 cts. per doz.; \$2.50 per 100, postpaid.

PEPPER PLANTS. All varieties, April and May. 35 cts. per doz.; \$2.25 per 100. Weight same as Cabbage.

RHUBARB ROOTS. Strawberry, Myatt's Victoria, Wagner's Giant, Crimson Winter. 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per doz. For clumps, add postage at the rate of 1 pound each. Seedlings of above varieties, with the exception of Strawberry, 20 cts. each, \$2.00 per doz. Add postage at the rate of 2 pounds per dozen.

STRAWBERRIES. October to April. Oregon Everbearing, Banner, Marshall, and many other varieties. All selected stock. 35 cts. per doz.; \$2.50 per 100. Weight, 1 pound per 25 plants, 3 pounds per 100 plants.

SWEET POTATOES. May and June. 25 cts. per doz.; \$1.50 per 100. Weight, 1 pound per dozen plants, 4 pounds per 100 plants.

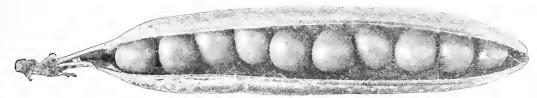
TOMATO. Earliana, Ponderosa, San Jose Canner, Stone, etc. April to June. 30 cts. per doz.; \$2.00 per 100. Weight, 1 pound per dozen plants, 3 pounds per 100 plants. Tomatoes can be shipped in flats, by express only; packing charges including flats, 20 cts. per 100 extra.

HERBS. Plants of various Herbs ready January to May, at 15 cts. each; 2 for 25 cts. Postpaid to the Fourth Zone.

If interested in large quantities, write for special prices.

### PEAS

Peas are quite hardy and for early markets can be planted in the fall in protected places and ripe Peas can be had in February They require moderately rich soil, but not excessively rich or wet, or they will run too much to vinc and do not bear heavily. The seed needs to be planted thick, using from 80 to 150 pounds per acre for seed or vegetable crop, or one pound for 100 fect of row.



New Garden Pea, Laxton's Progress-The Best of All the Large Podded Early Dwarf Varieties

The dwarf varieties can be planted in rows 18 to 24 inches apart, and the tall ones 36 inches. By using the various classes of Peas and by making several sowings of each, good Peas can be had for a long season. In the garden the pods should be kept picked, as the plants will then continue to bear.

### **EXTRA-EARLY VARIETIES**

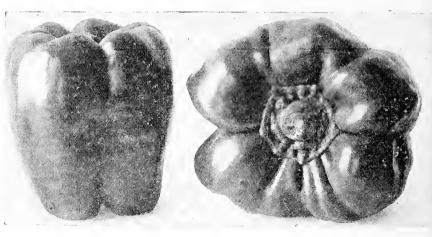
- ALASKA, or EARLIEST OF ALL. A smooth Pea, well suited for extra-early planting. Vine 2½ feet high, and carries usually 5 pods, each holding 6 or 7 Peas. Will not rot in cold, wet ground; popular with canners. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
- AMERICAN WONDER. A dwarf or short-vine variety, growing about 12 inches tall, bearing short, well-filled pods; very early. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
- BLUE BANTAM. The vines measure about 15 inches high and produce freely the bluish-green pods. The pointed pods run 4½ inches long and are always well filled with 8 to 10 large peas of finest flavor. It is early and if seed is planted 4 inches apart in the row, the planter will be surprised at the quantity produced. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
- FIRST AND BEST, or EXTRA EARLY. Grows 2 to 2 ½ feet high. Seed yellowish-white and round; pods straight, short, and well filled. Quality good for a smooth-seeded variety. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
- LAXTON'S PROGRESS. This variety belongs to the dwarf growing, large podded early variety class. Growth one and a half to two feet tall with many of the plants bearing eight to ten dark green pods filled with peas of a delicious flavor. Pods 4¾ inches long. One of the best for either the home or market garden. Pkt. 25 cts.; lb. 50 cts.; 10 lbs. \$4.50.
- LAXTONIAN. This is an ideal market and home-garden pea, medium dwarf in habit of growth, but with very large pods, averaging 4½ inches in length. Laxtonian seldom has any blank spaces in the pods. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
- LITTLE MARVEL. An extra-dwarf, extra-early pea, which is wonderfully prolific. Each pod has 6 or 7 large peas, closely crowded in. Yields heavier than any other in this class. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
- PREMIUM GEM. Sometimes called "Little Gem." Is very productive, often carrying 9 or 10 pods to a plant. The plant is early, has short pods, nearly always filled. Is 15 inches tall; flavor sweet. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
- GRADUS, or PROSPERITY. Height, 4 feet. Pods about 4 inches long, filled with peas of delicious flavor. Very early. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
- **THOMAS LAXTON.** An extreme early large podded wrinkled pea of finest quality. Vines grow 4 feet high and bear profusely, the blunt or square-ended pods which measure  $3^3_4$  inches long. **Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.**

### LATER or MAIN-CROP VARIETIES

- ALDERMAN. Similar to Telephone. The vinc is extra vigorous and the pods are dark green and always well filled with fine large Peas. It is the very finest and best Pea of this class. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
- ABUNDANCE. A second early; quite prolific and of fair quality. Height 3 feet. Pods 3 inches long. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
- CHAMPION OF ENGLAND. An old favorite. Very late; vine very tall and strong. Pods moderate size. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
- DWARF TELEPHONE, or DAISY. Height, about 2 feet, and vincs are exceptionally strong growing and produce freely the large well filled pods. Does extremely well in California. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
- HORSFORD'S MARKET GARDEN. A strictly canner's Pea. Pods small and closely filled with small Peas. Vines tall, late, and productive. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
- SENATOR. Is literally loaded with large, slightly curved pods, always well filled and unusually easy to pick. Peas medium-sized and of splendid quality. This Pea is a most excellent one for the home garden, on account of its being unusually prolific, medium season, and good quality. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
- STRATAGEM. A semi-dwarf variety with large leaves and large pods. The vines bear well and the pods are long, thick, deep green, and well filled. Our reselected strain. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
- THE LINCOLN. This might be called a "Dwarf Senator" with pods less curved. Grows 2 feet tall and produces freely the large dark green pods which are well filled with 8 or 9 peas of fine quality. It is a main crop variety and desirable for either home or market garden. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
- TELEPHONE. Is tall and large; wrinkled Peas of fine quality; large pods. Foliage is of pale green color and quality of the very best. Pkt. 15 cts.; ib. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
- MELTING SUGAR, or EDIBLE POD. A tall variety, bearing large, flat brittle pods. These are sweet and are cut or broken and cooked like string beans. Is a delicious vegetable and should be better known and more generally used. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

### PEPPER

This enters into the manufacture of many condiments, but the largest sale is of the green fruits produced by the larger fruited varieties. Peppers are hot in inverse ratio to their size, the smaller the Pepper, the hotter the flavor. Sow seed indoors early in March and when plants are an inch or more high transplant into boxes, so that they stand 5x5 inches apart. On mild days give the plants plenty of air and as soon as all danger of frost is past set outdoors in rows 2 to 3 feet apart and spaced 18 inches to 2 feet in the row.



Pepper-Large Bell

Chinese Giant. A very large, deep red variety, very thick and blunt. It is fully twice as large as Large Bell, or Bull Nose, being 4 to 5 inches thick at the top and about 6 inches long. Plants are not prolific bearers. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 80 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$2.70; lb. \$8.00.

Large Bell. Fruit large, round and blocky and about 3 inches long and 2 inches thick. The color is deep green when fruit is young, but when fully ripened it is a rich, glossy blood-red. Plant grows about 2 feet high. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 70 cts.; ½ lb. \$2.35; lb. \$7.00.

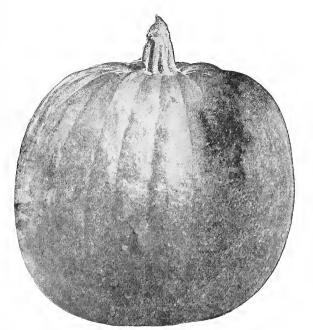
LONG RED CAYENNE. A strong, pungent variety, having long, pointed fruit, which is bright scarlet when ripe. A well-known and popular variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 80 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$2.70: lb. \$8.00.

Pimiento. This is a sweet Pepper good for salads, either fresh or canned. Used largely by canners and market gardeners. Very thick flesh; mild flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 60 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$2.00; lb. \$6.00.

RUBY KING. A popular variety of the Bell, or Bull Nose type. The fruit is large, dark green while young, turning to bright, glossy red when ripe, and the flavor is mild and sweet. A desirable variety for slicing in salads and for stuffing. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 70 cts.; ¼ lb. \$2.35; lb. \$7.00.

RED CHILL. A rather small, bright-red variety, about 2 inches long and pointed. The pods are used in making Chili sauce, and are very pungent and hot. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 80 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$2.70; lb. \$8.00.

SWEET MOUNTAIN. It is a late variety, bearing large, thick fruit, which is frequently 8 inches long and 2 to 3 inches in diameter. When mature it is a deep glossy red, and the flavor is mild and sweet. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 70 cts.; ½ lb. \$2.35; lb. \$7.00.



Connecticut Field Pumpkin

### **PUMPKIN**

Enormous Pumpkins may be grown on the fertile soils of the West. Pumpkins weighing 160 to 180 pounds are not unusual at State Fairs. Plant the seed in the open ground when it is well warmed and after danger from frost is past. Plant in hills about 8 feet apart. Three to four pounds of seed will plant an acre and eight ounces will plant 100 hills. Do not plant near squashes, as they are likely to cross.

California Field. The well-known, ordinary Pumpkin, largely used for stock-feeding. The fruit is variously colored, in yellow, drab, red and orange, and varies also in size, but is usually very large. It is a heavy cropper and very early grown. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ½ lb. 35 cts.; lb. \$1.00. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Connecticut Field. A fine, large, orange-colored variety used for field-culture and stock-feeding. The skin is smooth and ribbed and the flesh is brittle and sweet. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

GREEN STRIPED CUSHAW. Mammoth heavy-yielding cattle Pumpkin, used largely in the San Joaquin Valley. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25. MAMMOTH KING, or POTIRON. Skin reddish-yellow in color, and flesh rich orange. It runs very uniform in shape and color, and all are of immense size. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$1.75.

MORSE'S MARROW. This grand Pumpkin has proved all that we claim for it. It is an immense cropper, not only in fruits, but in weight. Twenty tons to an acre is a good yield, but not exceptional. Good-sized Pumpkins are 2 feet across and weigh 150 pounds each, and there are many such. Morse's Marrow is a very large, round, flat Pumpkin, brilliant vermilion-orange in color—the handsomest in existence. The flesh is very thick and solid and is bright orange-yellow in color. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

PIE PUMPKIN. A small, round yellow sort with fine, pinkish netting. Flesh is thick, sweet and of excellent quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

MAMMOTH GOLDEN CUSHAW. One of the best stock-feeding Pumpkins. Is solid, yellow crookneck sort and is nearly all flesh, having a very small seed cavity. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$1.75.

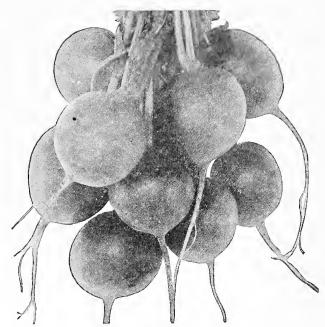
### **RADISH**

Of easiest culture. In good rich soil the earliest varieties will produce roots for the table in about 14 days' time, although it is customary to expect maturity in three or four weeks' time. Sow the seed thinly, using two-thirds of an ounce to 100 feet of row. Have the plants moderately thin in the row so that roots will not be crowded. Summer varieties may be sown all spring and well into the summer. Winter varieties require some time to mature and the seed should be sown in August and September for good Radishes in November and December.

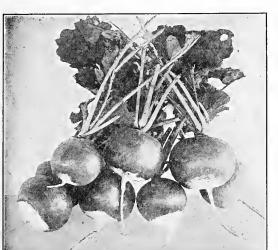
scarlet turnip white tipped, or rosy gem. A most attractive and popular variety. It is globe-shaped, bright rose carmine with bottom and tip clear white. Very small foliage. Valuable for forcing. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 14 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

CRIMSON GIANT FORCING. The roots are top-shaped, 1¾ inches in diameter, solid crisp tender flesh. Remains in edible condition for a long time. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

EARLY SCARLET TURNIP. Excellent either for forcing or out door culture. Small turnip roots of a solid crimson color with white flesh of fine quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ½ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.



Early Scarlet Globe Radish



Scarlet Turnip White Tipped Radish

CHINESE WHITE WINTER, or CELESTIAL (California Mammoth White Winter). The well-known and popular winter variety. The half stump-roots are clear white and the flesh is the most crystalline of all winter varieties. Roots may be used all winter long as they keep in fine condition. Makes a most palatable dish when cooked and served like turnips. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$1.75.

EARLY SCARLET GLOBE. See illustration. Very popular for both forcing and out door culture. It is of very quick growth, bright scarlet color, and of very crisp mild flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ½ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

FRENCH BREAKFAST. Oval or oblong in shape. Roots 2 inches long of a bright rose color with bottom of root and tail pure white. A very attractive variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ½ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

HALF LONG. The variety most largely used by market gardeners in California. Roots about 3 inches long, tapering. Color clear carmine. Hardy and very quick growing. Remains in marketable condition for a long time before getting pithy. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

LONG WHITE ICICLE. The almost crystalline white roots are 5 inches long and most brittle and crisp. It matures quickly and its fine qualities make it very desirable for successive sowings. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ½ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

LONG SCARLET. The best known and most popular long variety. Color bright carmine. Flesh brittle and firm. Root, 6 inches long, the top part growing out of the ground about 1 inch. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ½ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

LONG WHITE JAPANESE. A winter variety frequently growing 2 feet long and about 3 inches in diameter. The white flesh is solid, tender and very pungent. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.

SiBERIAN. An early growing variety with flesh of a texture similar to the winter varieties. It produces the bright rose roots about 5 weeks after sowing the seed and these usually remain in excellent condition for 4 to 6 weeks. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

#### RHUBARB

A rich, sandy soil, wet but well drained, is best for Rhubarb. While it is frequently propagated from seed, only a percentage comes true, but it is cheaper and more satisfactory to grow from seed and discard untrue plants. The popular method, however, is to use young plants propagated from the crown. Set plants 3 feet by 6. The best stems are produced the second year, but it continues to produce for several years. When the blossom stalk appears, it should be cut back well into the ground. Set the crowns of the plants so that they are 2 inches under the surface of the soil. This is important. Choose a place where the soil will be moist at all times.

Giant Crimson Winter. A variety of fine flavor. Produces small, crimson stems very early in winter and spring and continues bearing till late. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. \$1.50; ½ lb. \$5.00; lb. \$15.00.

Rhubarb Roots and all other vegetable plants and roots will be found listed on page 16.

### SALSIFY or VEGETABLE OYSTER

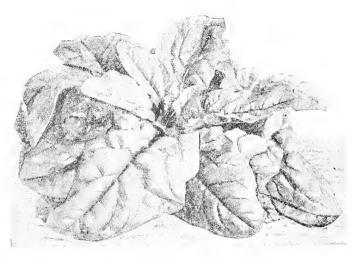
A loose, light soil, especially sandy loam, is desirable for a long, smooth root. In stiff soils the roots are usually uneven and hard to dig. Use one ounce for 100 feet of row, and thin to two inches to prevent crowding. Plant in 12 to 15-inch rows.

MAMMOTH SANDWICH ISLAND. The improved large-rooted variety, growing about 12 inches long and being from 1 to 2 inches thick. Pkt. 10 cts.: oz. 30 cts.: 1, 1b. 90 cts.: 1b. \$2.75.

### SORREL

The large leaves when cooked like spinach make a very palatable vegetable. In California its grows luxuriantly, spreads rapidly from the root, and becomes an obnoxious weed unless given attention. A confined location in the garden is therefore recommended. LARGE-LEAVED FRENCH. The variety having the largest leaves and therefore the most desirable. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; laflb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

### **SPINACH**



Prickly Spinach-Morse's Dark Green Strain

An easily-grown plant, the seed of which may be planted in the fall to secure good Spinach early in the spring or even throughout the winter. The better and richer the soil, the larger and more tender the leaves will be. As a field crop for the market garden use 8 pounds of seed per acre; for the home garden use 1 ounce for 100 feet of row.

Prices are postpaid to Fourth Zone. Write us for prices on large quantities.

LONG STANDING. A deep green variety with rather elongated smooth leaves. Seed round. Stands a long time without running to seed even in hot weather. Pkt. 10 cts.; 14 lb. 30 cts.; lb. 85 cts.

NEW ZEALAND. A plant with thick, fleshy texture and soft crystalline leaves. Is not like the ordinary Spinach in appearance, and will stand heat well. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 75 cts.; lb. \$2.25.

PRICKLY (Morse's Dark Green Strain). The variety commonly used for market in California. Is very hardy and easily grown; bears large, smooth leaves, which are shaped like an arrow point. A fine winter and spring variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts.

### **SQUASH**

Five or six hills of bush Squashes will supply a family. The Squashes keep coming one after the other during the entire summer. Do not sow the seed until all danger of frost is over.

Put a spadeful of well-rotted manure in each hill and dig it in well. Sow eight to ten seeds in a space one foot in diameter and later thin to the best three plants. Bush Squashes should be in hills four feet apart; use four ounces of seed to 100 hills. Winter varieties with long vines should be planted in hills six to eight feet apart; eight ounces of seed will plant 100 hills; two to three pounds per acre. Winter Squashes do not mature until late in the fall, and having a very firm, hard shell, keep well. With a little care, Squashes can be had all winter and until late in the spring. In gathering winter Squashes, it is important to keep the stems from being broken off.

EARLY WHITE BUSH SCALLOP. A very early variety, with flat, white, scalloped Squashes 4 to 6 inches in diameter. The vine is bushy in habit and rather dwarf. This variety is the common "Patty Pan" Squash. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ½ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

VEGETABLE, or ITALIAN MARROW (Cocozelle Bush.) In some markets known as *Zucchini*. The very earliest of all the Squashes. Although usually eaten when quite small, still is good for the table when nearly full grown; has a distinct flavor. The color is a dark green at first, but changes to a lighter green as it matures. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> lb. 75 cts.; lb. \$2.00.

YELLOW SUMMER CROOKNECK. The well-known summer variety. Fruit long; skin very much warted, bright golden yellow. Very fine and tender when young. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

BOSTON MARROW. A popular variety, with large oval fruit. Skin bright reddish orange with light cream netting. Flesh orange. Fine grained and of excellent quality. This is the most popular variety for canning. The principal variety used by California Canners. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

HUBBARD. The most popular and widely used of the winter Squashes. Fruit is oblong and pointed, heavily warted, dark green in color, with orange-colored flesh, which is of fine texture and deliciously flavored. Is remarkable for its keeping qualities. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

PERFECT GEM, or CREAM. Long-keeping winter Squash, 4 to 6 inches in diameter; apple-shaped, distinctly ribbed with smooth, cream-colored skim. Is solid and rather hard, but bakes to a delicious soft consistency on the inside. Although a small variety, it is a great keeper. It is used both as a summer Squash and as a winter sort. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; <sup>1</sup>4 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

### **TOMATO**

Probably the most popular home garden vegetable as a very few plants will produce through a long season an ample supply for a

large family.

Sow the seed thinly in a well-protected hotbed about March 1st. The first transplanting should take place when the plants are large enough to handle and at this stage the plants should be placed 5x5 inches apart in either boxes or directly in the hotbed. The plants may be hardier and stockier by exposing them to the air on days when there is no danger from frost. It is not safe to set out the plants in their permanent place until May 1st, as they are extremely sensitive to frost.

In the field, set tall varieties 6 feet apart and dwarf varieties 4 feet apart. A slight trellis is advisable in the garden. Good soil produces the best fruit, but it is not necessary that it be excessively rich. Too frequent watering, especially spraying the plant, is injurious to Tomatoes in the home garden, but a moderate amount of water should be applied at the roots at regular intervals.

#### PRICES GIVEN BELOW ARE POSTPAID TO FOURTH ZONE

MORSE'S SPECIAL HOME GARDEN. Undoubtedly the best Home Garden variety for the Pacific Coast. Fruits are large and smooth, rich scarlet in color, very fleshy, few seeds and of fine flavor. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½ oz. 60 cts.; oz. \$1.00; ¼ lb. \$3.75; lb. \$10.50.

Chalk's Early Jewel. A wonderful new variety in that it is early and bears continuously throughout the season. The fruit is large, smooth, uniform, and well ripened clear to the stem, and the flavor and quality are especially fine. Color bright scarlet. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ½ 1b. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.

DWARF CHAMPION. A dwarf variety, sometimes called the "Tree Tomato," on account of its upright growth and its ability to stand alone without trellising. Fruit medium-sized, smooth, uniform, and of a purplish carmine color. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ½ lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.

TOMATO SPECIAL EARLY No. 498. Very early and extremely prolific for such an early variety. The bright scarlet globular fruits are medium sized wonderfully solid, free from core and contain but few seeds. Unlike some other early strains the foliage grows well to the center of the plant protecting the fruits from sun-scald or sunburn. Flesh is firm and of fine flavor. Either for the home garden or for shipping we do not know of another early variety the equal to Special Early No. 498. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. \$1.00; ½4 lb. \$3.50; lb. \$10.00.

EARLIANA. A large, smooth, bright scarlet Tomato. Very valuable for early market use. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; 1,4 lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.

LIVINGTON'S GLOBE. Perfectly round; medium size; flesh solid; a great shipper. The color is purplish red. A main-crop sort raised for market. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.

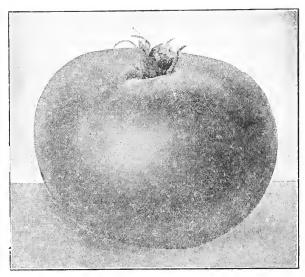
MORSE'S SAN JOSE CANNER. A large, smooth scarlet Tomato of excellent flavor. Pkt. 15 cts.; 12 oz. 50 cts.; oz. 90 cts.; ½ lb. \$3.50; lb. \$10.00.

**SANTA CLARA CANNER.** This is the large fruited variety so popular in the Santa Clara Valley except that by selection we have obtained smoother fruits. The foliage is heavy and of a peculiar gray green color. The large thick flat scarlet fruits frequently show some corrugations.

The heaviest (tons per acre) producing Tomato on the Pacific Coast. Very profitable to grow for the canneries.

Morse's Re-selected Stock. Pkt. 15 cts.;  $^{1}2$  oz. 60 cts.; oz. \$1.00;  $^{1}4$  lb. \$3.50; lb. \$12.50.

NORTON. (Our Home Grown.) A Tomato very similar to Stone. Selected, bred and developed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture for its wilt-resistant qualities. We have selected, on our own farm, the large fruit from the most prolific vines and now have a strain to offer of the very finest quality. Fruit is bright scarlet and globular. Pkt. 15 cts.; 12 oz. 50 cts.; oz. 90 cts.; ½ lb. \$3.50; lb. \$10.00.



Morse's Special Home Garden Tomato

PONDEROSA. An extremely large, irregular-fruited variety. Vine tall; fruit very solid, purplish carmine in color, rather coarse and late. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 65 cts.; ¼ lb. \$2.20; lb. \$6.50.

STONE. (Our Home Grown). One of the best main-crop Tomatoes for all purposes and largely used for canning and shipping. Vines are tall and prolific. Fruit is smooth, large, and uniform and color bright scarlet. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ½ lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.

TROPHY. For main crop. The fruits are rather flat; scarlet in color, solid and of excellent flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.

#### SMALL FRUITED VARIETIES

Used only for making preserves or fancy pickles.

RED PEAR-SHAPED. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.; ½ lb. \$2.50. RED PLUM-SHAPED. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.; ½ lb. \$2.50. YELLOW PEAR-SHAPED. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts. YELLOW PLUM. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

HUSK TOMATO or GROUND CHERRY. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

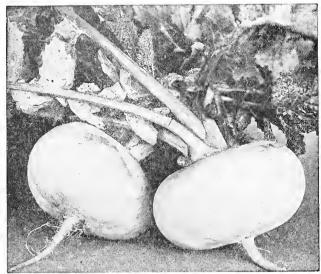
### TOBACCO

Sow early in frames or seed-beds and transplant when weather has become warm and frost has passed. Set in 4-foot rows, 30 inches apart.

CONNECTICUT SEED LEAF. Specially adapted to making cigars. Very hardy. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.; ¼ lb. \$2.50. HAVANA (Domestic). Thin leaves of fine texture. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.; ¼ lb. \$2.50. TURKISH. For manufacturing purposes. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$1.00; ¼ lb. \$3.35.

### **TURNIPS**

Turnips grown quickly so that they are tender, make a delicious vegetable. The home gardener can give them easily that extra care needed to bring them to perfection. The requirements are for a rapid, uninterrupted growth, and for moist, well-worked soil. In Alaska Turnips reach perfection, and all over our coast they are excellent. Sow in early spring and again in August. This latter gives roots for winter. Put the rows 12 to 18 inches apart, and thin to 5 to 8 inches. Do not transplant except when very young and that should not be necessary. One ounce of seed sows 250 feet of row.



White Flat Dutch Turnips

AMBER, or YELLOW GLOBE. Skin a clear yellow; is of large size and fine flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 14 lb. 35 cts.; lb. \$1.00.

EARLY SNOWBALL. A medium, pure white, globe-shaped variety. Very solid and of finest quality for table. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25

Early White Flat Dutch. A medium-sized flat variety; clear white, early, and of fine flavor. A fine table variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 35 cts.; lb. \$1.00.

EXTRA-EARLY PURPLE-TOP MILAN. A very early variety, mediumsized, very flat, and white with purple top. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 65 cts.; lb. \$2.00.

Orange Jelly or GOLDEN BALL. A globe-shaped, yellow variety with firm and crisp yellow flesh. A very fine table variety.

Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ½ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

Purple-Top White Globe. Flesh white, firm, and tender. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 35 cts.; lb.\$1.00

PURPLE-TOP FLAT DUTCH. One of the most largely used varieties. Flat with purple top. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 35 cts.; lb. \$1.00.

SEVEN TOP. For greens. Cultivated for its leaves. Cooked same as spinach and mustard. The root is small and not used. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ½ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

### RUTA BAGA, OR SWEDES

These are grown very extensively for stock feeding and make an excellent and valuable crop. Treatment same as for winter turnips, but require a longer season to grow, and the seed should be planted early in July. The rows should be at least two and one-half feet apart, and the plants thinned to eight or twelve inches. The roots frequently grow to enormous size.

American Purple-Top. One of the best and most popular varieties, with purple top above, and the leaves are small. A good stock-feeding or table variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ½ 1b. 35 cts.; 1b. \$1.00.

LARGE WHITE, or SWEET RUSSIAN. A very large variety with white skin and white flesh, which is tender and sweet. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

### MORSE'S SEED POTATOES

ALL PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE.

All Potatoes are priced f. o. b. San Francisco, but where small quantities are required by mail, add extra postage at the rate according to the zone you live in from San Francisco. Zone rates will be found on second cover page. Any information pertaining to the cultivation, storage, etc., will be gladly given if you will write us.

### BRITISH QUEEN

This is the best Potato for most sections of California. Our strain came from England and has had constant hill selection ever since, giving us a very prolific and disease-resisting Potato, which stands alone on its merits in this state. It is oval in shape and has cream skin with white flesh. Very shallow eyes. Can be planted as an early Potato and dug while tops are green, although in many sections it is planted as a main-crop variety. 5 lbs. 45 cts.; 10 lbs. 80 cts.; 25 lbs. \$1.75; 50 lbs. \$3.35; 100 lbs. \$6.50.

### NIELSEN'S AMERICAN WONDER

This stock has been hill-selected for eight years until it really does not resemble the ordinary American Wonder Potato. They come in good uniform type and are excellent for light soils and can be planted very close together. Matures in about 100 days. Can highly recommend this variety. 5 lbs. 45 cts.; 10 lbs. 80 cts.; 25 lbs. \$1.75; 50 lbs. \$3.35; 100 lbs. \$6.50.

### RED PRIZETAKER OR IMPROVED EARLY RED ROSE

A wonderful improvement over the Early Rose. Oval in shape with deep pink skin and snow-white flesh. Yields excellently and matures in 90 to 100 days. 5 lbs. 45 cts.; 10 lbs. 80 cts.; 25 lbs. \$1.75; 50 lbs. \$3.35; 100 lbs. \$6.50.

#### WHITE ROSE

This is the long, white-skinned variety used so much in the South. Matures very early. A wonderful good cropper and cooker. Our strain is of the very best picked stock. 5 lbs. 45 cts.; 10 lbs. 80 cts.; 25 lbs. \$1.75; 50 lbs. \$3.35; 100 lbs. \$6.50.

### WHITE BURBANK LOW TOP

Selected stock of this well-known, oblong, smooth, white-skinned Potato, a main-crop variety. Very heavy yielder. 5 lbs. 45 cts.; 10 lbs. 80 cts.; 25 lbs. \$1.75; 50 lbs. \$3.35; 100 lbs. \$6.50.

BE SURE TO ADD POSTAGE IF POTATOES ARE TO BE SENT BY MAIL.

### FIELD CORN

All prices quoted below are postpaid to the Fourth Zone.

Write for prices on larger quantities.

Leaming. A very popular, tall-growing variety. Stalks are leafy, making excellent fodder. Kernels are long and deep golden yellow. Ears large and produced in abundance. Lb. 20 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.15.

Morse's Hybrid Yellow Flint. This may well be called the best Corn to grow. It is acclimated and bears well in California. The ears are solid and heavy and perfectly filled. The leaves are wide and large, making it a good silo Corn. Lb. 20 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.15.

WISCONSIN WHITE DENT. A tall-growing variety; larger eared; 16 to 18 rowed; grains large and white. Lb. 20 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.15.

POPCORN, WHITE RICE. Very prolific; ears short, kernels long, resembling rice in shape; color white. Lb. 30 cts.; 10 lbs. \$2.50.

TAMALE, or PARROT CORN. Lb. 15 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.00.



Morse's Hybrid Yellow Flint Corn

### **ALFALFA**

The land should be prepared by deep plowing and thorough harrowing, and should be well drained, for Alfalfa will not stand moisture too close to the surface.

It can be either drilled or broadcasted in, and from 15 to 25 pounds per acre is required. It is best to sow in the fall or spring.

Write for special prices on larger quantities.

EXTRA-CHOICE RECLEANED ALFALFA. Known also as Chilian Alfalfa. The best acclimated sort, and recommended for all-round growing. Yields very heavily. Lb. 35 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.00.

**GRIMM ALFALFA.** This is the hardiest strain of Alfalfa there is and will stand the cold winters even of Minnesota. Ours is the genuine stock. Extra hardy in cold or dry places. Sow 12 pounds of seed per acre. Lb. \$1.00; 10 lbs. \$9.00.

HAIRY PERUVIAN. This is a wonderful Alfalfa. It starts to grow while the weather is yet cool and makes one or more additional cuttings a season. This gives a much larger tonnage—sometimes 20 per cent more. The leaves and stems are covered with fine downy hairs. Lb. 35 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.00.

### CLOVER SEED

Prices on Clovers, Grasses and Field Seeds may change as the season advances. Prices here given are those prevailing at the time this catalogue was published.

We shall be pleased to quote you current prices on larger quantities and send samples if desired.

The prices given below are postpaid to Fourth Zone, but are subject to market fluctuation.

ALSIKE, or SWEDISH CLOVER (Trifolium hybridum). A perennial variety, sometimes preferred to Red Clover, as it is generally finer and makes better hay for horses. The blossoms are also valuable for bees. Alsike succeeds on wet, cold and stiff soils. Sow 8 to 10 pounds per acre. Lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

BOKHARA, or SWEET CLOVER (Melilotus alba). Grows 3 to 5 feet high, covered with small white flowers of great fragrance. A great bee-plant and good also for cattle pasture and for hay. Bokhara roots deeply and is a very hardy grower. It grows abundantly; stands drought. It is a biennial which reseeds itself. Sow 10 pounds to the acre. Lb. 30 cts.; 10 lbs. \$2.50.

MAMMOTH RED, or SAPLING (Trifolium pratense). Similar to Red Clover, but coarser, taller, and more hardy. Sow from 12 to 15 pounds per acre. Lb. 60 cts.; 10 lbs. \$5.00.

BITTER CLOVER (Melilotus indica). Not good for forage or hay, but is the cheapest and one of the best cover crops. Starts early to grow, and is of good size when ready to plow under; annual. Sow 10 to 15 pounds per acre. Lb. 15 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.00.

**RED CLOVER** (*Trifolium pratense*). Standard Clover for all purposes. Yields very heavily and makes superior hay, especially if mixed with timothy. Sow from 12 to 15 pounds per acre. **Lb. 50 cts.; 10 lbs. \$4.75.** 

WHITE DUTCH (*Trifolium repens*). Dwarf, spreading, vine-like variety, with white blossoms; used largely for bee-pasture. It is also an excellent pasture plant for either sheep or cattle; makes a beautiful lawn. Sow 10 pounds per acre. Lb. \$1.00; 10 lbs. \$8.50.

### GRASSES FOR LAWNS

One pound of seed will sow 150 to 200 square feet of lawn

Bowling-greens, golf-courses, and good lawns require good seed, and care should be taken to plant the right kind of grasses to suit the different soils. Several different mixtures and formulas, such as used for our Morse's Golden Gate Park Lawn Mixture and Morse's California Lawn Mixture, as put up only by us, will give the desired results. We shall be pleased at all times to give all the information we can on the laying-out of lawns and courses.

Owing to market fluctuations, please write for prices on larger quantities. Prices quoted below are postpaid to Fourth Zone.



MORSE'S GOLDEN GATE PARK LAWN MIXTURE contains the most hardy grasses which are used to make the sod for the park playgrounds where the grass has to endure much trampling over. The mixture also contains a very little white clover. Lb. 50 cts.; 10 lbs. \$4.70.

MORSE'S CALIFORNIA LAWN MIXTURE. Our best general mixture for fine lawns; contains only the finest-leaved grasses in the correct proportion to make a good, fine, perennially green turf. Lb. 60 cts.; 10 lbs. \$5.75.

MORSE'S SPECIAL SHADE MIXTURE. We again offer this mixture for growing under trees, near to houses, and in the shade generally. Lb. \$1.00; 10 lbs. \$9.00.

MORSE'S TERRACE MIXTURE. Just the mixture for those dry terrace slopes. Very hardy and drought-resisting. Lb. 85 cts.; 10 lbs. \$7.50.

MORSE'S VELVET LAWN MIXTURE. A lawn grass for wet places, Lb. 70 cts.; 10 lbs. \$6.50.

PACIFIC RYE GRASS (MORSE'S). A fine-leaved Rye Grass, very durable and wonderful on a sandy soil. Lb. 35 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.00.

PERENNIAL RYE GRASS. For growing quickly this variety has no superior. It is light green in color, very vigorous, grows well in winter, and likes any soil. The most used of any grass around San Francisco. Lb. 30 cts.; 10 lbs. \$2.50.

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS. Makes an excellent lawn of a dark green color. It forms a fine mat, and with carc and water is the best lawn grass for all soils except sandy ones. Lb. 75 cts.; 10 lbs. \$7.25.

WHITE CLOVER. This is the little dwarf-growing Clover used for lawns, either alone or in grass mixtures. Lb. \$1.00; 10 lbs. \$8.50.

LAWNS How to Prepare. How to Plant.

How to Care for Them.

This new practical little booklet tells in an easily understood way just how to make a lawn—there is also interesting matter on Golf Courses. We have placed a nominal price of 10 cents on the booklet.

### MORSE'S GRASS SEED

Our Grass Seeds are purchased by us from the best possible source for reliability, and all stock is tested before being offered. Owing to the frequent fluctuation of the market it is advisable to write us for current prices on quantities.

#### One pound prices given below are postpaid to the Fourth Zone

- AWNLESS BROME GRASS (Bromus inermis.) Will stand droughts and produce heavy crops in dry sections and on poor soils where other grasses perish. It is one of the hardiest growers and succeeds on our dry hillsides. Sow 35 pounds per acre. Lb. 50 cts. Write for prices on larger quantities.
- BENT GRASS. Mixed. Being of fine texture this Grass is most valuable for lawns and ideal for putting-greens. It is of rapid growth and spreading habit, and makes a strong, enduring turf. Best commercial grade. Lb. \$2.50. Write for prices on larger quantities.
- CREEPING BENT, WASHINGTON STRAIN (Agrostis maritima). Lb. \$2.50.
- BERMUDA GRASS (Cynodon Dactylon). Is a dwarf perennial plant and spreads by means of its long and many-jointed root-stalks, and for this reason is hard to eradicate once it has secured a foothold. Thrives during the hottest part of the year and will live under water for a long time. Makes a durable lawn and is also used to hold embankments. This Grass is much used for lawns about Sacramento. The seed is very slow to germinate and requires heat and moisture. Sow 10 pounds per acre. Lb. 65 cts.; 10 lbs. \$6.00. Write for prices on larger quantities.
- CHEWING'S FESCUE. A variety of Hard Fescue, and used by most golf clubs extensively in their mixtures. Forms a compact mat; stems are hard. The Grass succeeds well even under poor conditions. A good pasture Grass for dry lands. Sow 30 pounds per acre. Lb. 75 cts. Write for prices on larger quantities.
- HARDING GRASS. A true and lasting perennial standing up well under heavy tramping of sheep or cattle. Being a strong grower should make it desirable for controlling Canada thistle, Johnson grass and fern. Splendid for cattle, pigs and sheep and also has a heavy butterfat content. Sown at the rate of one pound per acre so soon as soil can be worked in the spring has proved very satisfactory. Oz. 50 cts.; lb. \$3.50.
- TALIAN RYE GRASS (Lolium italicum). Thrives in almost any soil and yields early and abundant crops. Sown in the fall, will produce an excellent hay crop the following season, but lasts only one year. Much sown in Humboldt County for pasture and hay. Not recommended for lawns. Sow 45 pounds per acre. Lb. 25 cts. Write for prices on larger quantities.
- KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS (Poa pratensis). Fancy or double, extra clean. As this Grass takes some time to become established, it is preferably sown in mixtures for pasturage. Is truly perennial and prefers lime soils. As a lawn grass it is the finest there is—spreading habit, even texture, permanent, fine leaf and dark color. For pasture sow 50 pounds per acre; for lawns, 6 pounds per 1000 square feet. Lb. 75 cts.; 10 lbs. \$7.25. Write for prices on larger quantities.
- MEADOW FESCUE, or ENGLISH BLUE GRASS (Festuca pratensis). A valuable Grass for permanent pasture and for rather damp meadows for cutting. Makes a quick second growth, but does not do so well on dry soils. Sow 30 pounds per acre. Lb. 50 cts. Write for prices on larger quantities.
- ORCHARD, OR COCKSFOOT GRASS (Dactylis glomerata). One of the most valuable of all pasture Grasses; produces an immense quantity of forage, and hay of best quality. After being mown, comes up quickly and yields very heavily. Suitable for pasture under trees. Sown in the ashes on cleared redwood land in Humboldt County. Not suitable for lawns, as it grows in tussocks. Sow 35 pounds per acre. Lb. 35 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.00. Write for prices on larger quantities.
- MESQUITE (Holcus lanatus). Hulled seed. Valuable on the cleared redwood and pine lands of California and Oregon, giving large crops of hay and good pasture. Sow 35 pounds per acre. Lb. 35 cts. Write for prices on larger quantities.
- PERENNIAL RYE GRASS (Lolium perenne). It grows rapidly and makes a good showing within a month from time of sowing. The great pasture and meadow grass of Great Britain. Valuable for planting early on dry hillsides, as it grows so very quickly. Not adapted for below zero weather. Sow 45 pounds per aerê. Lb. 30 cts.; 10 lbs. \$2.50. Write for prices on larger quantities.

- RED, or CREEPING FESCUE (Festuca rubra). Forms a close, rich sod and is valuable in lawns and should be in shade mixtures. Makes a close, lasting turf on dry sandy soils, and can be used to bind dry banks. Also an excellent bottom Grass for moist mixture. Sow 30 pounds per acre. Lb. 75 cts.; 10 lbs. \$7.00. Write for prices on larger quantities.
- RED-TOP, or HERD'S GRASS (Agrostis vulgaris). Second only to Timothy as hay Grass, and better if the ground is to be pastured afterward, for Red-Top makes one of the best permanent pastures. Succeeds on all soils, though doing best on moist and even swampy land. A permanent Grass and valuable as a lawn grass giving quick effect. Sow 40 pounds per acre. Lb. 50 cts.; 10 lbs. \$4.50. Write for prices on larger quantities.
- RHODES GRASS (Chloris gayana). A strong growing grass rooting at every joint thus enabling it to soon cover a large area. Excellent for moist situations and hot climates. Will not withstand heavy frosts. Makes most excellent pasture and does well when sown with other grasses. Sown alone four to six pounds per acre is used. Lb. 85 cts.; 10 lbs. \$7.50.
- RHODE ISLAND BENT GRASS (Agrostis canina). Washington grown. Like Red-Top, this Grass accommodates itself to all soils. Especially valuable for lawns on sand at the sea-coast. It is largely from it that the lawns at Newport are made. Is perennial, dwarf, and makes a beautiful, close turf. Lb. \$2.00.
- ROUGH-STALKED MEADOW GRASS (Poa trivialis). Excellent for pastures and meadows, particularly on damp soils. As a lawn Grass it forms a fine turf and does well in shaded locations. Sow 20 pounds per acre. Lb. 75 cts. Write for prices on larger quantities.
- SUDAN GRASS. It yields from 2 to 8 tons of hay per acre, depending upon whether irrigated or not. Two cuttings are assured and in places four have been taken. The hay is of superior quality and relished by all stock. Cut with a mower just after full bloom. Plant late in spring after frost is past. If drilled in rows 36 inches apart, you will require 2 to 4 pounds of seed to the acre; if seeded in rows 18 to 20 inches apart, 4 to 6 pounds; if broadcast, 15 pounds. Lb. 25 cts.; 10 lbs. \$2.00. Write for prices on larger quantities.
- SWEET-SCENTED VERNAL GRASS (Anthoxanthum odoratum). True Perennial. Emits an agreeable odor which it imparts to hay or to the lawn when being cut. Sow only in mixtures, using 2 or 3 pounds per acre. LB. \$1.00. Write for prices on larger quantities.
- TALL MEADOW OAT GRASS (Avena elatior). Of rapid, luxuriant growth during winter and spring, recommended for winter planting as a valuable pasture and hay grass. It gives a good yield. Sow 50 pounds per acre. Lb. 50 cts. Write for prices on larger quantities.
- TIMOTHY (Phleum pratense). Not adapted for pasture, as there is little growth after cutting, and tramping of stock soon destroys it. Not a lawn grass and not adapted to dry soils. Height 2 to 3 feet. Will stand extreme cold and yields very heavily. Often sown with Red-Top and Red Clover. Sow 15 to 20 pounds. Price fluctuates. Lb. 20 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.50. Write for prices on larger quantities.
- WOOD MEADOW GRASS (Poa nemoralis). A very valuable Grass for growing under trees and in shady places. Lb. \$1.75.

### PASTURE MIXTURE OF GRASSES

We have two mixtures of Grasses which are excellent for pasture. They contain all of the best Grasses for feeding, including those highly priced. No effort has been spared to get the best. Sow 40 pounds per acre.

#### Write for prices on large quantities.

MORSE'S WET PASTURE MIXTURE. Lb. 40 cts. MORSE'S DRY PASTURE MIXTURE. Lb. 40 cts.

### MISCELLANEOUS FARM SEEDS

All our seeds are recleaned and of the best possible grade. Owing to the frequent fluctuations in the prices of Clover and Field Seeds, we do not list large quantity prices, but, if interested, please write us for samples and present quotations. We carry immense stocks of general farm seeds, and are able to quote lowest prices on dependable seeds. The one pound prices given below, are post-paid to Fourth Zone, but are also subject to change.

- ALFILARIA (Erodium cicularium). One of the most nutritious of fodder plants and well liked by cattle and horses. Alfilaria will thrive and make good pasture on dry hillsides. May be found on Mt. Tamalpais as a pasture. Seed mats and must be hand-sown. Sow 20 pounds per acre. Lb. 75 cts.
- AUSTRALIAN SALT BUSH (Atriplex semibaccata). A valuable forage plant for poor soils, especially those containing alkali. Sow seed in the fall to get the benefit of early rains, using 5 pounds per acre. After the plant gets a good start it will grow with very little moisture. In cutting fodder be careful not to injure the crown of the plants. Lb. 75 cts.
- BUCKWHEAT, COMMON. The best and most profitable variety. It is earlier than Silver Hulled and usually more productive. Is also excellent for bee-pasture. Plant Buckwheat after frosts have gone. Valuable for a catchcrop. Sow 25 pounds per acre. Lb. 20 cts.
- COWPEAS, BLACK EYE. This is the Common Cowpea extensively grown in the interior valley. It has a long root and stands heat well. Cowpeas are partly hardy to frost—more so than beans. The seed of this sort looks like a bean and is often called Black-Eye Bean. Sow 20 pounds per acre if drilled. Lb. 20 cts.; market varies.
- COWPEAS, WHIPPOORWILL, or SPECKLED. Largely sown to make a rich succulent growth to plow under to enrich the soil. This makes a good long vine. Mixed with soy beans they make an excellent crop. Will grow in an acid soil. Sow 60 pounds per acre if broadcast. Lb. 20 cts.
- EMMER. A valuable grain from Russia. It is adapted to a wide range of soils and climate, and is of superior feeding value, yielding much more heavily than oats and barley. This grain grows tall, like rye, matures as early as barley and yieldsfrom 40 to 80 bushels to the acre, and from 4 to 6 tons of straw hay. Tough and hardy, it stands the drought better than any other grain, making it a sure crop. Prepare your land as you would for wheat or oats, and sow at the rate of 75 to 100 pounds per acre. Sow very early in the spring or fall, and do not let it stand until it gets too ripe before cutting, as any grain that yields well, shells easily. In the green state it makes an excellent pasture. Lb. 15 cts.
- ESPARCETTE, or SAINFOIN (Onobrychis saliva). A valuable plant for growing on poor land and barren hills. When once established it lasts for years. Is a leguminous plant, like alfalfa, and has a similar feeding value. Sow seed fairly deep. 30 pounds per acre. Lb. 40 cts.
- **HEMP.** We carry Oriental Hemp for use as bird-seed. Kentucky Hemp, for fibre purposes, we can quote on request for delivery in 45 days. **Lb. 15 cts.** Write for prices.

- KALE, JERSEY, or COW. A tall-growing variety having a large bunch of cabbage-like leaves on top of a stout stem. Is much grown for chicken and cow feed. The green feed from these plants is very great, and is borne continuously. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.
- MILLET, GERMAN (Panicum germanicum). Will grow on any good land and yields heavily when artificially watered; yields from 40 to 60 bushels of seed per acre, which is excellent food for stock or poultry. A good, green fodder plant. Sow 30 pounds per acre. Lb. 20 cts. Write for prices.
- MILLET, HOG. The seed is large for a Millet and makes a rich food. Good for hogs or chickens. The seed ripens while the stem is yet green, so that if cut promptly you can get a crop of seed and also one of fodder or ensilage. Lb. 20 cts.
- PASPALUM DILITATUM (Dallis Grass). A new Grass for hot, dry climates. A hardy perennial from Australia, growing 5 feet high without getting tough, and seems to be particularly adapted for grazing dairy cattle. It stands drought remarkably well, shoots rapidly again with the first shower of rain, and is a splendid winter Grass. The seed requires about three weeks of moist, genial weather to germinate it, but once established, it seems to stand anything. Sow 8 or 10 pounds per acre. Lb. 80 cts.
- RAPE, DWARF ESSEX. A biennial crop, used principally for sheep and hog pasture, of which it yields an abundance of the best quality. Is usually sown broadcast, using 4 to 5 pounds per acre. Lb. 25 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.80.
- SOJA BEAN. Valuable as a forage crop or green manure. Also as a green fodder and silo plant. Sow 30 pounds per acre after danger from frost is past. Lb. 20 cts.
- **SUNFLOWER, LARGE RUSSIAN.** This bears large heads, frequently 12 to 20 inches in diameter and sometimes yielding 1000 pounds of seed per acre. The seed is used for feeding chickens and parrots. Sow in the open field as soon as danger from frost is over, using 3 pounds of seed per acre, sowing in rows 5 feet apart and thinning to 1 foot. **Lb. 15 cts.** Write for prices.
- **TEOSINTE** (*Reana luxurians*). A forage plant somewhat like corn. The seed should not be sown until all danger of frost is past. If cut for green forage, which can be done at any stage during growth, two or more joints should be left at the base of the stalk. These will sprout out quickly into fresh growth, making an even larger crop than at first cutting. Sow in drills 4 feet apart, using 4 pounds of seed per acre. **Lb. 60 cts.**
- VELVET BEAN. Grows taller and larger than any other soil plant, being sometimes 30 feet in length. Sow same as cowpeas, in rows 5 feet apart and in hills 4 feet apart in the row. Lb. 25 cts.

### COVER CROP and GREEN-MANURE CROPS

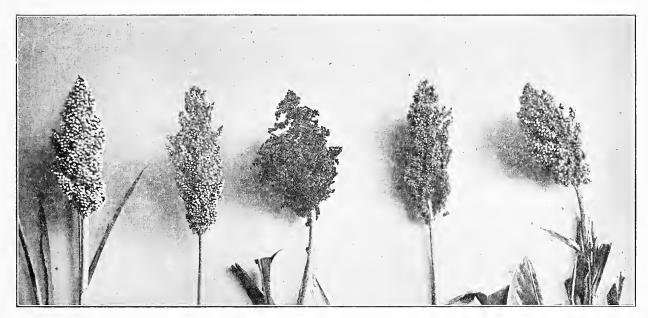
- CLOVER, BITTER (Melilotus indica). The crown of the plant has many stalks leading out from it. Sow shallow, 10 to 15 pounds per acre. Flowers yellow. Bitter Clover makes a wonderful winter growth, averaging 14 tons of green growth per acre when allowed to attain full growth. Starts quickly, as it is an annual. Inoculation greatly helps it add nitrogen. The bitter taste prevents use for hay or fodder. Lb. 15 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.00. Write for prices on larger quantities.
- BURR CLOVER (Medicago denticulata). Lb. 35 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.00.
- SPRING VETCH. Lb. 20 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.50.
- CANADA OR NILES FIELD PEAS. Excellent for cover crop or for forage for cattle. Makes good growth even if planted late. Sow 70 to 80 pounds per acre. Inoculated soils are essential. Lb. 20 cts. Larger quantities on application.
- SWEET, or BOKHARA CLOVER (Melilotus alba). Lb. 30 cts.; 10 lbs. \$2.50.
- VETCHES, SPRING or TARES (Vicia sativa). Also called Common Vetch Oregon Vetch and Oregon Winter. A plant resembling pea vines and valuable for forage or green manure. As a hay crop, it is usually sown with oats or wheat to hold them up. Sow 60 pounds per acre with grain, or 80 to 100 pounds if sown alone. Is hardy and makes a fine winter growth. Largely planted in the orange groves of the South for green manure, and plowed under in the spring. Lb. 20 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.50.
- HAIRY, or SAND VETCH (Vicia villosa). Roots deeply and makes a good winter growth. Cut as soon as the blossoms appear. Adapted for sandy soil and cold weather. Lb. 35 cts.
- VETCHES, WINTER, or WOOLY-PODDED (Vicia dasycarpa). A new winter Vetch somewhat similar to Hairy or Sandy Vetch. Very valuable for a cover crop. Lb. 30 cts.; 10 lbs. \$2.50.
- PURPLE VETCH. Makes rapid growth from seed sown either in spring or fall. Very desirable for planting in citrus orchards. Lb. 30 cts.; 10 lbs. \$2.50.
- BELL WINDSOR BEANS (Small Seeded Horse Bean). The most valuable green manure crop, grows during cool winter weather when other cover crops are practically dormant. Also an excellent silage crop. See circular No. 257, by Dr. P. B. Kennedy, College of Agriculture, University of California. 10 lbs. \$1.50, postpaid to 3rd zone; 100 lbs. \$12.00, f. o. b. San Francisco.

### SORGHUMS for Forage and Grain

WRITE FOR PRICES ON LARGE OUANTITIES

Deep plowing and thorough harrowing so as to secure the best possible seed-bed. Four pounds of White Milo should be ample per acre; three to four pounds of Feterita. Planting should not be done until the ground has warmed up, which would generally be about the last of April. If a corn-planter is used, the seed should be dropped about 18 inches apart, in the row, the rows being 40 to 44 inches apart. All varieties are non-saccharine except Honcy and Early Amber.

VARIETY TO PLANT. Some Sorghums require an extra amount of heat to mature grain; these are Kaffir, Shallu, and Honey. Milo, either Red or White, and Feterita are well adapted for the valley around Sacramento. Under irrigation these are exceptionally heavy yielding. If planting late or if moisture is short, plant Egyptian Corn. This will make a crop with very little moisture.



Dwarf White Milo

Kaffir Corn

Early Amber Sorghum

White Egyptian Corn

BROOM CORN (Improved Dwarf Evergreen). Extensively used for making brooms, on account of its green color and fine long, straight brush. It grows about 7 feet high. Sow 10 pounds per acre. Lb. 20 cts.

DWARF WHITE MILO. Succeeds under a wider range of conditions than others of its class. Yields very heavily in grain and also heavily in fodder or silage. Our seed is specially grown and selected for heavy yield. Lb. 15 cts.

**EGYPTIAN**, or **JERUSALEM CORN**. It is considered a good grain for dry sections and seasons. It produces several small heads on side shoots, often as many as eight heads on a stalk. The seed makes excellent chicken feed. Plant 8 pounds per acre. Lb. 15 cts.

FETERITA. Birds do not eat this grain to the same extent that they do others, and this is a great advantage in some localities. Feterita yields heavily in grain. Plant in May.

RED MILO. Makes many side shoots and is a heavy yielder. Lb. 15 cts.

HONEY SORGHUM. For Forage and Silage. Grows 8 to 12 feet high and yields up to 27 tons per acre without irrigation, which is a third more than its nearest competitor. Matures late (150 days). Syrup can be made from this sort. Sow 3 to 4 pounds per acre in rows 3 to 6 feet apart. Lb. 20 cts.

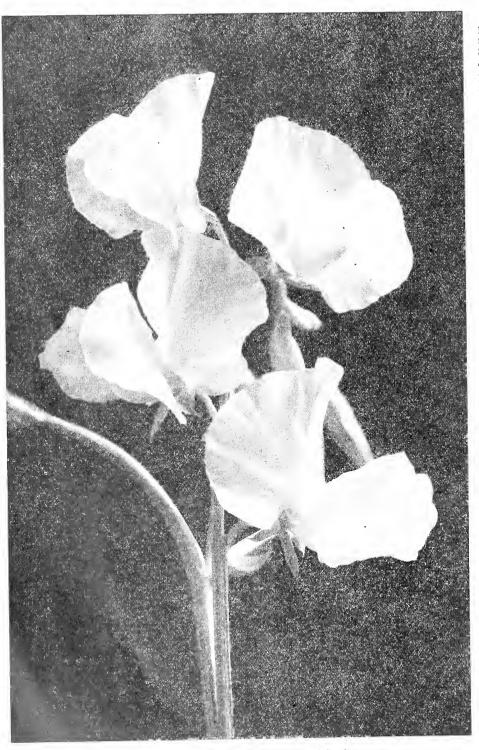
KAFFIR CORN, WHITE. Grows from 6 to 10 feet high and thrives in hot, dry climates. Makes good fodder for cattle and the seed is used for stock and chicken feed. Sown in rows 3 feet apart, using 3 to 5 pounds per acre. Lb. 20 cts.

SHALLU, or EGYPTIAN WHEAT. A tall-growing Sorghum which has many stalks from one root. Sow in rows for grain, using 3 to 5 pounds per acre, or broadcast using 30 pounds for fodder. Lb. 20 cts.

SORGHUM, EARLY AMBER. A good fodder if cut when the heads form, or good silage if cut when full grown. Early Amber is quick maturing and therefore best for late sowing. Syrup can be made from this variety. Sow 5 pounds of seed per acre in drills or 25 pounds broadcast. Lb. 15 cts.

GRAINS We carry nothing but recleaned grains suitable for seed purposes. COMMON BARLEY, BEARD-LESS BARLEY, WHEAT, RYE, BLACK, RED, AND WHITE OATS. Write for prices on any quantities you may require quantities you may require.

### MORSE'S NEW SPENCER SWEET PEA MARY PICKFORD



New Spencer Sweet Pea-Mary Pickford

It has been our delight and pleasure to originate many of the recognized standard varieties of Sweet Peas, but in our thirty years' experience in growing seed of this popular flower we have never derived so much pleasure as we did when Mary Piekford so graciously permitted our naming a new pink variety in her honor.

We wish it had been possible for all lovers of Sweet Peas to have been with the seedsmen of the United States and Canada at Hollywood, California, June 10, 1925, when Mary Pickford was presented with a basket of flowers of the extremely beautiful variety named for her.

Miss Pickford has for years been called "America's Sweetheart," and she certainly proved the correctness of this title, if we are to judge by the expression of opinions by the seedsmen and their friends after the ceremonies at Hollywood were concluded.

The Sweet Pea named for Mary Pickford almost equals the little lady herself in both grace and beauty, and it will be difficult to describe all the points of beauty of this wonderful new variety.

Mary Pickford is one of the choicest Spencer varieties it has ever been our pleasure to introduce, and a year ago under Morse sample X-12-B-4/20 it received an Award of Merit at the National Sweet Pea Society's annual trials.

Mary Pickford is a sturdy grower, producing an abundance of four flowered sprays on long, stout stems.

Mary Pickford is a beautiful light and dainty cream pink, with just the faintest suffusion of salmon, making the color combination difficult to equal and most hard to surpass.

Mary Pickford flowers are perfectly formed, with both standards and wings decidedly waved, and the keel blends nicely with the coloring of the entire flower. The individual flowers are most gracefully placed.

Packet containing twelve seeds, 25 cts.

# Five Beautiful Spencer Sweet Peas of Recent Introduction Miss CALIFORNIA By C. C. Morse & Co.

In Miss California we have a Sweet Pea Novelty which compels admiration and attention from the Expert or the Novice whether grown for Exhibition or for Garden Decoration.

As a cut flower for interior home decoration Miss California excels, as both by daylight and by artificial light the color is truly magnificent.

The beautiful coloring of the flower cannot be conveyed in a word picture, as the blending of the shades is so perfect and wonderful.

The general effect is a rich, beautiful salmon cream pink of a distinctly new shade. The flowers are large, beautifully waved and borne in fours on long, stout stems. The plant is an exceptionally vigorous grower, and cannot but give satisfaction to everyone.

Award of Merit British National Sweet Fea Society, 1924

Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 60 cts.

#### DOREEN

**Doreen** is a huge, bright Carmine Sweet Pea.

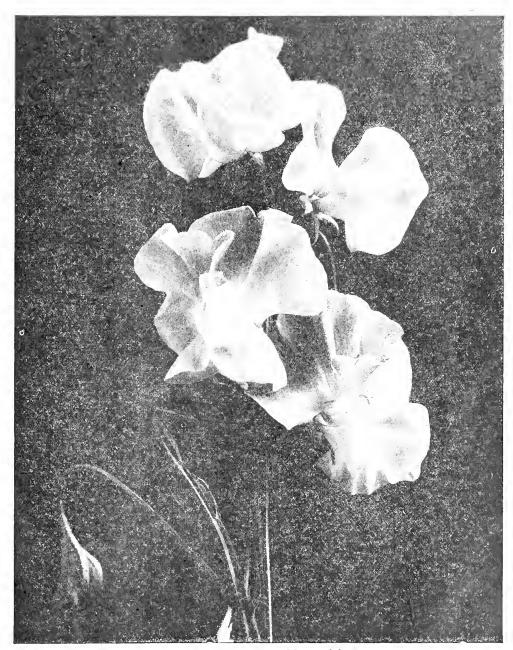
It is much larger and brighter than all other carmine varieties we have tried. The color is bright and outstanding and we anticipate **Doreen** will be popular with exhibitors on account of its size. The plant is a most vigorous grower, and bears a profusion of four blossom sprays.

Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 60 cts.

### **CAMPFIRE**

In Campfire we have the brightest scarlet sunproof Sweet Pea ever offered. It is the last word in vivid color, and stands out beside all other varieties in this class. The flowers will stand the hottest sunshine, in fact, the brighter the sun the better the color. The flowers, while not huge, are of fine size and borne in profusion on plants of great vigor. This variety is highly recommended for Garden Decoration and cut-flower use, and will always be in demand.

Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 60 cts.



New Spencer Sweet Pea-Miss California

### CRIMSON KING

#### The finest Crimson Sweet Pea

The color is a solid, rich, deep clear crimson throughout, becoming richer in the throat.

In the crimson-flowered class, Morse's New Crimson King Spencer Sweet Pea is unequalled in color, in size and in perfection of bloom.

Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 60 cts.

#### YOUTH

An exceptionally large and fragrant Sweet Pea. The color is white edged in a beautiful manner with a delicate soft rose pink. The plant is robust in growth, and bears four blossomed sprays in great profusion.

Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 60 cts.

### MORSE'S FLOWER SEEDS

We use the following abbreviations: "h" for hardy, that is—the ability to withstand frost without injury; "hh" for half-hardy; "t" for tender, the least frost will kill it; "A" for annual, or lasting for one year only; "B" for biennial, or two-year plants—these flower 6 to 10 months after sowing; "P" for perennial; "hA" would be hardy annual, etc.

In most of the Pacific Coast country flowers "grow like weeds." The planter need not be a finished gardener, as good soil properly prepared and from time to time stirred up with a hoe is all that is necessary to bring forth satisfactory results, though some attention must be paid to watering. It is most remarkable the quantity of choice flowers a small plot of ground will produce. ALL FLOWER

SEEDS AS LISTED ARE POSTPAID.

ABRONIA umbellata (Sand Verbena). hA. A trailing plant bearing umbels of verbena-like rosy lilac blossoms. Pkt. 10 cts.

ABUTILON (Flowering Maple; Chinese Bellflower). The flowers are beautifully bell-shaped, and appear in White, Yellow, Rose and Orange. Mixed Colors. Pkt 10 cts.

ACHILLEA Ptarmica, The Pearl (Sneezewort; Double White Yarrow). One of the best hardy perennials; bears a profusion of small, double, white flowers during the entire season. Fine for cutting and cemetery decoration. Height, 2½ feet. Pkt. 15 cts.

ACROCLINIUM. See Everlastings.

ADONIS Aestivalis (Flos Adonis; Pheasant's Eye). hA. Flowers crimson and small. Seed should be sown in the autumn. Height, 1 foot. Pkt. 10 cts.

### AGERATUM (Floss Flower)

Valuable for bedding, as it is literally covered with blossoms all summer. Sow the seed early in the spring, either in boxes to transplant, or outdoors, and thin to 4 to 6 inches. hA.

Blue Perfection. Deep blue; height 1 ft. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 30 cts.

Mexicanum, Imperial Dwarf Blue. Height, 1 foot. Flowers blue. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.

Mexicanum, Imperial Dwarf White. Flowers white. Height, 8 inches. Pkt. 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz. 25 cts.

Little Dorrit. A perfect mass of blue flowers. Plant is 6 inches

high. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 30 cts.
Little Blue Star. Very dwarf, about 6 inches high. Pkt. 15 cts.

AGROSTEMMA (Rose of Heaven). hP. This plant has silvery white leaves and red flowers, borne on long, slender stems. Flowers resemble a single pink. Height, 2 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.

ALONSOA Warscewiczii compacta. Bright searlet annual, about 10 inches high. Pkt. 10 cts.

#### **AMARANTHUS**

Hardy annuals grown especially for their brilliant foliage. Caudatus (Love-lies-bleeding). Light yellowish green foliage; long, drooping, crimson flower spikes. Height, 3 to 4 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.

**Tricolor** (Joseph's Coat). Plant 3 feet high, with brilliant leaves variegated, red, yellow, green, etc. Pkt. 10 cts.

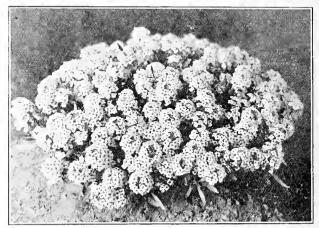
#### AMPELOPSIS Veitchii. See Boston Ivv.

ANCHUSA capensis. hA. A clear, bright, blue flower with small white eye, resembling a forget-me-not, but taller, larger and of bright color. Height, 2 feet. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/4 oz. 40 cts.

Italica, Dropmore Variety. hP. Flowers are of deepest gentian-blue and are borne continuously. A good tall plant for the center of a bed. Height, 4 feet. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼ oz.

ANEMONE, Single, Giant de Caen. hhP. Cup-shaped flowers in blue, red and white. Plants flower in ten months from seed. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 50 cts.

St. Brigid (Irish Anemone). Enormous semidouble blooms, the size of tulips, in a great variety of striking colors. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½ oz. 50 cts.
ANTIRRHINUM. See Snapdragon.



Sweet Alyssum-Carpet of Snow

### SWEET ALYSSUM

A fragrant, hardy annual, having the odor of honey and bearing spikes of small white flowers in great profusion throughout the summer and autumn.

Common Sweet. Very sweet honey fragrance. Height, 1 foot.

Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.

Carpet of Snow (Little Gem). Pure white, very dwarf and sweet-scented. The best white-flowering border plant. Height,

4 inches. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

Saxatile. hP. 18 inches tall. Yellow flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.

LILAC QUEEN. Soft shade of lilac, plants are erect and compact. Good bedding variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.

AOUILEGIA. See Columbine.

ARCTOTIS grandis (African Lilac Daisy). hA. Large, branching bushes, 2 feet in height and breadth. Flowers are pure white on the upper surface and pale lilac below. Pkt.

ARISTOLOCHIA Sipho (Dutchman's Pipe). hP. Strong growing, hardy climber, with large, thick, shining foliage and yellowish brown, pipe-shaped flowers. Seed takes two to three months to germinate. **Pkt. 10 cts.** 

ARMERIA, Formosa (Sea Pink or Thrift). hP. A very pretty border plant with grass-like foliage. Flowers rose-pink, borne on 4 to 6-inch stems. Pkt. 10 cts.

AUSTRALIAN PEA VINE (Dolichos lignosus). hhP. A rapidgrowing evergreen climbing perennial, flowering freely in clusters of rose pea-shaped flowers. For covering arbors,

trellises, etc., this is extra fine. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 60 cts.

ASPARAGUS. tP. Seeds start slowly and should be soaked in warm water before sowing. Makes a pillar climber where there is little frost.

Plumosus Nanus. A dwarf variety; very delicate and feathery. Pkt. 10 cts.; 100 seeds 75 cts.

Sprengeri (Emerald Feather). Feather-leaved, with drooping branches. For hanging-baskets. Pkt. 10 cts.; 100 seeds 50 cts.

### A FEW FLOWERS

A few flowers around the grounds surrounding the house not only supply a pleasure to the eye but give a source from which many blooms may be cut during the season.

### **MORSE'S ASTERS**

For a long time France and Germany were looked to for best Aster seed, but for the past decade California has undoubtedly produced strains finer, both as to character of flower and growth of plant.

The Aster blooms most profusely from early to late summer and the flowers easily adapt themselves to table and house decorations. Seed may be sown indoors in January and the plants set in the garden April first to fifteenth; sow out doors in April. Asters are a half hardy annual.

### MORSE'S MAMMOTH ASTERS

Twisted Petal Type

Morse's Mammoth Asters have petals just a little broader than Crego's and less twisted. Their growth is fairly compact like the old Comet variety. The fine large flowers over 4 inches across and sometimes 5 inches, are borne on long stems. They are entirely new and different from all of the other Asters, and have a great charm in the delicacy of their flowers.

MORSE'S MAMMOTH WHITE. The attractive flowers are purest white Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼ oz. 75 cts.

MORSE'S MAMMOTH SHELL-PINK. Of a delightful shade of light pink. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼ oz. 75 cts.

MORSE'S MAMMOTH LAVENDER. Light bluish lavender; very attractive. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼ oz. 75 cts.

MORSE'S MAMMOTH ROSE. Of a bright rose color. Pkt. 15 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz. 75 cts.

MORSE'S MAMMOTH PURPLE. An exquisite shade of dark purple. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼ oz. 75 cts.

MORSE'S MAMMOTH MIXED. All the above and several other desirable colors. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½ oz. 65 cts.



Morse's Mammoth Aster



The Beauty Type of Aster

### CREGO'S GIANT ASTERS

Crego's are a giant, shaggy petaled type, with very large flowers having long, twisted petals. The stems are long and the variety is early and branching. Crego's Asters are exceedingly popular.

Crego's Giant Crimson Crego's Giant Lavender Crego's Giant Purple Crego's Giant Rose-pink Crego's Giant Shell-pink Crego's Giant White

Pkt. 10 cts. each, or six pkts. of named Crego's Asters for 50 cts.; mixed pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 50 cts

### LATE BEAUTY ASTERS

This comparative new American type of Aster is a decided improvement on the so-called late or branching varieties with which the planter has been familiar.

The plants attain a height of two to three feet, of branching habit and begin to bloom early in September and continue until late in the fall. The flowers are decidedly double, full centered and the petals are straight and most attractively placed. The stems are long and stout measuring 18 to 24 inches in length. Most desirable for cutting.

AZURE FAIRY. A most pleasing shade of light blue. Pkt. 15 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz. 75 cts.

CRIMSON. A good rich deep color. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/4 oz. 75 cts.

**PEACH BLOSSOM.** Very pretty and most desirable. A delicate exquisite pink. **Pkt. 15 cts.**;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz. 75 cts.

PURPLE. To us no purple flower has the appeal of a good purple Aster. This might be called a real royal purple color. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½ oz. 75 cts.

ROSE. A most pleasing shade of bright rose. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/4 oz. 75 cts.

WHITE BEAUTY. A beautiful flower of a clear white color. Pkt. 15 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz. 75 cts.

BEAUTY ASTERS FINEST MIXED. A well proportioned mixture containing all the above and several other shades. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼ oz. 75 cts.

MORSE'S BEDDING MIXTURE OF ASTERS. Quite a number of Aster lovers prefer many colors and types in their garden and to these this mixture should appeal. We have taken all the kinds we offer and added to these seed of other types and colors. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 50 cts.; ½ oz. 85 cts.; oz. \$1.50.

### NEW ENGLAND PERENNIAL ASTER

(Michaelmas Daisy)

Our splendid autumn-flowering Asters, greatly improved as to size. Height 4 feet. Pkt. 15 cts. Mixed, Blue, Lilac, and Pink.

BACHELOR'S BUTTON. See Centaurea Cyanus. BALLOON VINE, or LOVE-IN-A-PUFF. hA. climber of rapid growth. Attractive foliage and inflated capsules. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

BALSAM, or LADY'S SLIPPER. A tender annual, with brittle stems and foliage. Grows about a foot high. Flowers both single and double, in bright colors and variations, are waxlike and grow close to the stem.

Camellia-flowered. Mixed. The largest Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 25 cts.

BALSAM APPLE, or PEAR. See Momordica. The largest double variety.

BARTONIA aurea (Golden Bartonia). hA. A native of California. Bright vellow, single flowers, 2 inches across. Sow the sceds where the plants are to remain, since it does not transplant easily. Height, 2 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 60 cts.

#### **BEGONIA**

Usually grown in the greenhouse. Some varieties are especially attractive on account of their foliage, but most varieties have exquisitely beautiful wax-like flowers, both single and double. The seed is very small and rather difficult to germinate and must be planted in boxes or pots indoors.

FIBROUS-ROOTED VARIETY

Fine for outdoor culture, having beautiful leaves and bearing clusters of small waxy flowers.

Vernon. hhP. Deep red flowers and dark purple foliage; often used for borders and for bedding. Pkt. 10 cts.

**FUBEROUS-ROOTED VARIETIES** 

For greenhouse and pot-culture, having large, beautiful flowers with four petals in brilliant colors. Many prefer to start bulbs in December and January.

Double Mixed. All the best varieties. Pkt. 50 cts. Single Mixed. Finest large flowers; single varieties. Pkt 50 cts.

BELLIS perennis (Double Daisy). hP. Low growing plants entirely hardy and unless planted in a very warm location practically in flower the year around. Seed may be sown early in shallow drills and later plants may be transplanted or thinned out to stand one foot apart.

Mammoth Pink. Pkt. 15 cts.; 18 oz. 75 cts. Mammoth White. Pkt. 15 cts.; 18 oz. 75 cts. Mammoth Mixed. Pkt. 15 cts.; 18 oz. 75 cts. Lawn Daisy. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/8 oz. 45 cts. BORDER PINKS. See Dianthus plumarius.

BOSTON, or JAPANESE IVY (Ampelopsis Veitchii). hP. The popular Ivy, which covers so many buildings. It clings to brick and wood without support. The leaves are heart-shaped and are off the vine for only two months in the winter. Pkt. 10

cts.; oz. 50 cts. BRACHYCOME (Swan River Daisy). hA. Produces an abundance of pretty blue and white flowers. Height, 8 inches. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 35 cts.

BROWALLÎA. hhA. Makes a fine bedding plant. Blooms profusely. The flowers are bright ultra-marine blue, and also sky-blue with white center. 18 inches high. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 30 cts.

CALLIOPSIS

Quick growing free flowering annuals fine for bedding and make quite useful cut flowers. Flowers and foliage always attractive. Best to sow where they are to bloom and thin out to 6 to 12 inches apart. Height 18 inches to 2 feet. A most satisfactory plant for any garden. hA.

Atrosanguinea. Dark maroon. Plant is tall and flowers are small. One of the old-fashioned flowers. Pkt. 10 cts. BICOLOR SPLENDENS. Very floriferous with extra large

flowers of a golden yellow eolor with a brown center. Pkt. 10

Golden Wave. A large-flowering light yellow variety with maroon eye. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 25 cts.

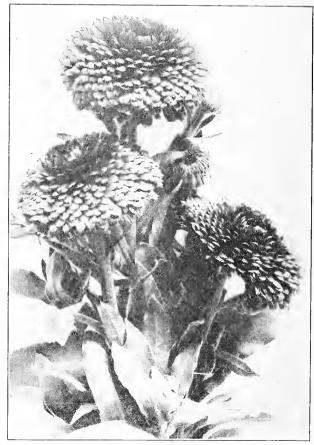
Mixed. A gorgeous mixture of golden yellow, brown, maroon and other shades. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.

CALAMPELIS (Bugle Vine). A well-known beautiful annual climber. Trained to a trellis or south wall it is ornamental throughout the summer, its bright orange, tubular flowers contrasting effectively with the delicate green foliage. Pkt. CALANDRINIA umbellata. P. Suited for rock-work, Vivid crimson-violet. Pkt. 10 cts.

CALCEOLARIA. tP. Used largely in green houses and conservatories. Height, 1½ feet.

Grandiflora. Large-flowered, self-colored, profuse pocketshaped flowers. Pkt. 50 cts.

Tigered and Spotted. Mixed. Pkt. 50 cts. CALIFORNIA POPPY. See Eschscholtzia.



Calendula-The Ball

### CALENDULA (Pot Marigold)

Very hardy annual, one foot high, blooming freely at any time of year, including winter, and for several months. Is of the easiest culture and is desirable for rather inferior soils, where less sturdy flowers do not thrive. hA.

Orange King. The Calendula always has been a popular flower out of doors, but of recent years florists have been forcing it so that now it ranks high as a winter house-plant. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

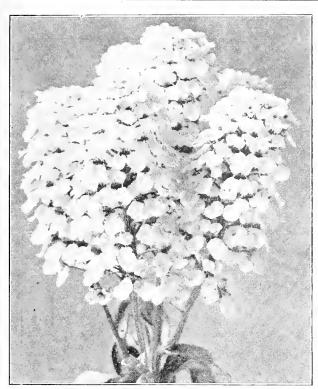
Meteor. Cream, striped with orange. Pkt. 10 cts.

Double Mixed. A good mixture of 8 to 10 different shades of yellow, some clear colors and some shaded and striped. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

Lemon King. Large, very double, lemon flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.

The Ball. Beautiful well-formed double flowers of a deep orange color shading lighter in center. The most desirable for forcing under glass. Known to florists all over the world. **Pkt. 15** cts.; oz. \$1.00.

CANARY-BIRD FLOWER (Tropaeolum canariense). A tender climbing annual of the nasturtium family. Blossoms have curiously wrinkled petals and are light yellow. Soak seed over night before planting. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.



Candytuft-Giant Hyacinth Flowered

### CANDYTUFT (Iberis)

Very hardy, easy to grow, and very fragrant. The blossoms are borne on long spikes, and the newer varieties are quite largeflowering and very fragrant. Valuable for bedding or massing and for cutting. Height, 6 to 15 inches. hA.

Carmine. Branching. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

Lilac. Branching. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

Purple. Branching. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

Rose Cardinal. Beautiful well formed spikes with flowers of a deep rose color. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

Giant Hyacinth-Flowered (Improved Empress). Very large heads and long spikes of white flowers. An improved strain of Giant Empress and excellent for cut-flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz. 25 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

Mixture of all Colors. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; 14 lb. \$1.00. Gibraltarica. P. Lílac, shading to white. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 50 cts.

### CARNATIONS

Carnations may be had in all gardens. The florists' varieties are propagated from plants. Sow the seed early in the year and transplant in March or April. hhP.

Chabaud's Giant. Commences to bloom six months' after seed is sown and continues flowering throughout entire summer. The huge flowers are double and of fine form.

All Colors Mixed. Pkt. 15 cts.

Picotee. Extra-fine, double, mixed. White, edged with colors

or striped and splashed. Pkt. 25 cts.

Giant Grenadin. Mixed. This is an extra fine double variety, far superior to the Marguerite Carnation. Pkt. 15 cts.; 18 oz. \$1.00.

Giant Grenadin Pink. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. \$1.00. Giant Grenadin Red. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. \$1.00. Giant Grenadin White. Pkt. 15 cts.; 18 oz. \$1.00. Giant Grenadin Yellow. Pkt. 15 cts.; 18 oz. \$1.00.

Marguerite Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 40 cts.

### CANTERBURY BELLS

Campanula Medium. A hardy biennial, blooming the second year from seed, or the first year if sown early. Easily grown and preferring rich, moist soil. Grows about 3 feet high and bears double and single varieties of blue, white, purple and deep pink flowers. Single Mixed, Pkt. 10 cts.; \(\frac{1}{4}\) oz. 25 cts.; oz. 75 cts. Double Mixed, Pkt. 10 cts.; \(\frac{1}{4}\) oz. 50 cts.; oz. \$1.50.

Carpatica (Carpathian Harebell). P. Fine for rockeries, edges and beds. Blue and white bells. Height, 9 inches. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

**Cup-and-Saucer Type.** In this variety the outer petal forms a brim like a saucer. hB.

Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

White. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½ oz. 75 cts. White. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼ oz. 75 cts. Pink. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼ oz. 75 cts.

Persicifolia (Peach-bells). P. Large-flowered. Height, 4 feet. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

Pyramidalis (Chimney Bellflower). P. Large bells on 6-foot spikes; blooms late.

Mixed, blue and white. Pkt. 10 cts.

Six 10 ct. pkts. of any of the above for 50 cts.

CANNA. Misture of the popular varieties. Flowers red or yellow. All plants have large ornamental leaves and give a tropical effect. Sow seed early indoors. Clumps should be taken up when cut down by frost and stored in a cool cellar. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

CASTOR-OIL BEAN (Ricinus). This has large leaves and a tropical appearance. All required to make it flourish is heat. It is a quick-growing annual, 6 to 15 feet tall. Leaves are green or reddish.

Mixture of all Varieties. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 60 cts.



Single Canterbury Bells



Centaurea Imperialis-Royal Sweet Sultan

### CENTAUREA

Centaureas embrace a number of species, some being grown only for their foliage. Sow the secd early in boxes and transplant in March or in the open in April. All make excellent cut-flowers. Height, 1½ to 2 feet.

CYANUS (Bachelor's Button: Bluebottle: Cornflower). Of easy culture. Sow the seed where it is to remain and thin plants to 3 to 4 inches apart.

Double Blue. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts. Double Pink. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/2 oz. 25 cts. Double White. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts. Double Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

IMPERIALIS (Royal Sweet Sultan). A most beautiful class of the ever popular Sweet Sultans. The plants grow 3 feet tall are always stiff and upright. Flowers delicately scented and of very graceful form are borne on very long stems and make a very desirable bloom for cutting, lasting in good condition for several days

Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 25 cts. Purple Shades. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 30 cts. White. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 30 cts. Pink. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 30 cts.

Lavender. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 30 cts.
Suaveolens (Yellow Sweet Sultan or Grecian Cornflower). Large showy sweet-scented bright yellow flowers. Excellent

chelkanthus Allionii. P. This has gorgeous orange flowers resembling a wallflower. Although a perennial, it flowers easily from seed the first summer. Beautiful for a border or in a rockery. Height, 12 inches. Pkt. 10 cts.

### CINERARIA

Heads of daisy-like flowers in purple, red, blue, or white, with a dark eye surrounded by a ring. Does very well in shaded positions, under trees, etc. Cinerarias are much prized as pot plants and do well in a cool greenhouse. Sow seed in summer in boxes or cool house. Height, 1 to 2 feet. tP.

Hybrida, Mixed. The best variety, having large flowers of bril-

liant colors. Pkt. 25 cts. Grandiflora, Dwarf, Mixed. Pkt. 35 cts.



Annual Chrysanthemum

### CHRYSANTHEMUM

The double perennial Chrysanthemum so much admired at the florists is the sort we call Japanese Hybrids. We sell plants of these late in the spring. The annual varieties are smaller flowered, upright in growth, and of easiest culture, coming into bloom early.

### ANNUAL VARIETIES

Seeds should be planted early and the plants set out in April. The single varieties are sometimes called "Painted Daisies." Very attractive. Height, 1½ to 3 feet. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

Annual Double Hybrids. Attractive double flowers borne very profusely on stems of the right length for cutting. Colors run from white through various shades yellow, purple and crimson. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

Coronarium, Double. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

Tricolor, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

Eastern Star. Handsome single flowers of a pretty primrose color with brown disc in center. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

Evening Star (Helios). This is a tall plant with large, Marguerite-like flowers of pure golden yellow, 3 inches in diameter. Flowers are borne singly and are excellent for cutting. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

Morning Star. Like Evening Star, only of different color. This is a soft yellow or primrose color. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

Northern Star. Another variation of these beautiful Marguerites. Fine, large, ivory-white flowers with sulphur zone. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

Six 10 ct. pkts. of the above-named Chrysanthemums for 50 cts.

### HOLMES' GARDEN BOOK

A book that will tell How, When and What to Plant. 96 pages. \$1.00 postpaid.

### LAWN BOOK

How to prepare, plant and care for them. Postpaid, 10c.

### **CLARKIA**

This hardy annual is of easy culture, bearing bright rose, white, or purple flowers in great profusion. The single type is native to California and is a wild flower. Seed can be sown almost any time, but if sown in the fall will give early blossoms in the spring. The Elegans varieties grow 2 feet tall with flowers in spikes. The seedlings should be pinched back twice to make bushy plants, once to 3 inches and again to 9 inches.

Elegans Chamois. Bears very abundantly double flowers which are of a very attractive shade of chamois. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 35 cts.

Elegans, Double, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.

Elegans, Vesuvius. Bright coral-pink blooms, 1½ inches across, shading deeper and more intense at center. They are very double, like rosettes, and are borne an inch apart on stiff, red stems which contrast beautifully with the color of the flower. Height, 15 to 18 inches. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 35 cts.

Salmon Queen. Beautiful salmon shade. Double flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 35 cts.

**CLEMATIS.** A popular hardy perennial climber. An old favorite, and justly so, for there are few garden climbers that give more satisfaction.

Large-flowered, mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

CLEOME, Pungens (Giant Spider Plant). A hardy annual, Growing 4 to 5 feet high and bearing in profusion rose-purple blossoms that are shaped something like a spider. A strong grower. A splendid plant for bee food. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.

COBAEA scandens. hhP. Very strong rapid growing climber. Desirable for covering trellises, arbors, old tree trunks, etc. Seed should be planted in April. Fine large, purple flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 25 cts.

### COCKSCOMB (Celosia Cristata)

A half-hardy annual, growing 6 to 8 inches high, bearing a wide wavy blossom that resembles a cock's comb. In brilliant colors; fine for massing or border work.

Dwarf Mixed. Several shades of red and yellow. Pkt. 10 cts.Dwarf, Giant Empress. A rich, crimson variety, with dark foliage and very wide combs. Pkt. 15 cts.

### FEATHERED COCKSCOMB (Celosia plumosa)

The plumes are splendid and 2 to 3 feet tall. Morse's strain is fine; colors bright red and bright yellow.

Magnificent (Thompson's). A new variety, superior to the older sorts, bearing grand spikes; flowers in midsummer. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 50 cts.

Magnificent, Crimson. A bright shade. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 60 cts.

Magnificent, Golden Yellow. A fine contrast to the Crimson. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 60 cts.

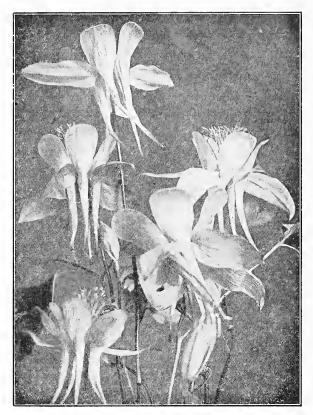
### CHINESE WOOL FLOWER (Celosia Childsii)

Has a crimson, globe-shaped head, like a ball of crimson silky wool. Pkt. 20 cts.; ¼ oz. 60 cts.

CONVOLVULUS. See Morning Glory.

COLEUS. A tender perennial grown for its beautiful, bright-colored, velvety leaves. Valuable for window-garden or pots, and may also be grown outdoors. Height, 10 to 18 inches. Morse's Extra Large-leaved. Mixed. Pkt. 25 cts.

COLLINSIA. A free-flowering and easily-grown annual, reaching a height of 1 to 2 feet. Flowers white, crimson, purple, etc. A California wild flower. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.



Columbine—Aquilegia

### COLUMBINE (Aquilegia)

A hardy perennial growing about 2 feet high and bearing flowers of a great variety of colors on long, smooth stems. Stands partial shade very well.

Californica Hybrida. Large yellow flowers, orange spurs. An improvement on our native sort. Pkt. 15 cts.

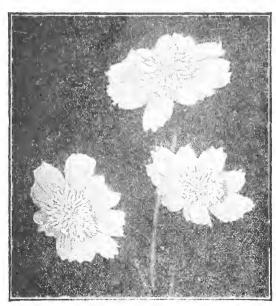
Chrysantha. Pure golden yellow single flowers, long spurs. Height, 3 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.

Coerulea (Rocky Mountain Blue Columbine). Fine deep blue and white flowers, long spurs. Pkt. 10 cts.

Rose Queen. Beautiful large pink flowers with long spurs. Pkt. 15 cts.

Mrs. Scott-Elliott Strain of Long Spurred Hybrids Mixed. A decided improvement over the old strains of Aquilegia or Columbine. The plants are of sturdy strong growth and absolutely hardy. The flowers are of large size and have a distinct long spur which greatly enhances the beauty. The colors are variable and run through beautiful tones of cream pink, light and dark blue, red, yellow, etc. Hardly any two alike, all charming. Pkt. 25 cts.; ½ oz. 50 cts.

COREOPSIS. hP. No flower blooms longer during the whole season than Coreopsis. It is a most excellent cut flower, lasting well. Flowers bright yellow, large, and showy. Easily grown from seed. Height, 2 feet. Lanceolata grandiflora. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 25 cts.



Double Pink Beauty Cosmos

### COSMOS

One of the very finest late summer and fall flowers, and an excellent cut flower. The bushes grow tall—6 to 8 feet—and are loaded with large showy blossoms, 5 inches in diameter, in white, pink, or crimson. Cosmos should be in every garden. Sow the seed early and transplant, or sow later in spring where it is to remain. hA.

Double Crimson King. Crimson, with double crest. Pkt. 15 cts.; 14 oz. 75 cts.

Double Pink Beauty. Clear pink, with double crest. Pkt. 15 cts.; 14 oz. 75 cts.

Double White Queen. Pure white. Pkt. 15 cts.; 14 oz. 75

Early Varieties. Morse's strain of these is truly giant and very early. Flowers in 75 days from seed.

Early Crimson, Early Pink, Early White, Early Mixed. Each, per Pkt. 10 cts.; 14 oz. 25 cts.; oz. 60 cts. Early Double Cornelia. Bright rosy crimson. Pkt. 20 cts.

Early Double Peach Blossom. An attractive deep rose pink. Pkt. 20 cts.

Early Double Whirlwind. Pure White. Pkt. 20 cts.

Giants of California.

Pink, Crimson, White. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts. Mixed, pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 25 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

Klondyke. A late-blooming variety with bright yellow blossoms. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 60 cts.

### CYCLAMEN

Very attractive plants with richly colored fragrant flowers and ornamental foliage. Seed may be sown almost any time. The Cyclamen makes a very attractive house plant. hhP.

Persicum Giganteum.

Mixed. Pkt. 25 cts.

Album. Pure White. Pkt. 25 cts.

Crimson King. Pkt. 25 cts.

Pink Pearl. Pkt. 25 cts.

Salmon. Pkt. 25 cts.
Papilio. Butterfly type; fringed edges. Pkt. 25 cts.

CYPRESS VINE (Ipomoea Quamoclit). A tender, climbing annual, with soft fern-like foliage and small starlike flowers in red, pink or white. Mixture of all colors. Pkt. 10 cts.

DAHLIA. These will bloom the first year from seed if seed is sown in February or March. However, roots are more satisfactory. hhP.

Single Mixed, Double Mixed, Cactus Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

Morse's Hybridized Mixed. Special hand-hybridized seed. Many varieties of prize-winning Dahlias have been produced here in California from our hybridized seed. Pkt. 35 cts.

DAISY, Shasta, ALASKA. The best of the Shasta Daisy as originated by Luther Burbank. A fine perennial plant, bearing large, white, single blossoms, with yellow centers; an excellent cut-flower. Soak seed in warm water before sowing. Pkt.

Double. See Bellis perennis. **Delphinium.** See Hardy Larks bur.

### DIANTHUS (Pinks)

Nothing is prettier or more satisfactory than old-fashioned Japanese Pinks. They should be in every garden. They are hardy, about one foot high, and bear beautifully colored single and double blossoms in profusion all summer. Sow seed early in boxes and transplant, or sow in rows where the plants are to remain and thin. See also Carnation.

Chinensis (China or India Pink). Double Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.

Heddewigii (Japanese Pink). Finest Single Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.

Finest Double Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 30 cts. Diadematus fl.-pl. (Double Diadem Pink). Large double flowers in many colors. Pkt. 10 cts.; 14 oz. 35 cts.

Nobilis (Royal Pinks) Single Mixed. The very large showy

flowers vary in color from dark blood red to white. Pkt. 10 cts.: 1/1 oz. 50 cts.

Plumarius (Grass Pink; Pheasant Eye; Scotch Pink). A single hardy perennial Pink with light-colored flowers having a darker center; various colored. This makes a fine border or flowering

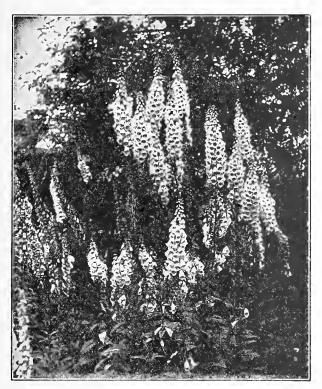
bed. Constantly in bloom. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 35 cts.

Plumarius, Double. (Double Clove Pink). A double-flowered sort, in various colors like the single. The foliage makes a pretty border; flowers delightfully clove scented. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/4 oz. 75 cts.

Barbatus. See Sweet William.



Dianthus



Digitalis or Foxglove

### DIGITALIS (Foxglove)

Sow the seed during the summer or early fall and later transplant the seedlings to where they are to stand permanently. As they grow two to three feet high they should stand about two fcet apart.

Pink. Mottled. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 40 cts.

Purple. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 40 cts. White. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 40 cts. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 30 cts.

DIDISCUS COERULEA (Blue Lace Flower). This valuable flower deserves large cultivation for florists' use, and is just as beautiful for the home garden. Plants are about 18 inches high, flowers light blue, the color of Scabiosa Caucasica, borne on long stout stems, petals are finely cut, and resemble lace; it is often called Lace Plant. We do not know of any flower more beautiful for border or as a cut flower than Didiscus. Its long-keeping qualities and beautiful light shade of blue, make it very attractive. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/4 oz. 50 cts.

DIMORPHOTHECA, AURANTIACA HYBRIDA. (African Daisy). Perfectly hardy at any season of the year. Seed can be sown out doors at any time but will come earliest if sown with the first rains in the fall. Volunteers very freely but is difficult to transplant. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 50 cts.

**DOLICHOS** (Hyacinth Bean). Of very strong growth with large leaves and very attractive spikes of Pea-like bloom; the succeeding seed pods are also attractive. Furnish supports for the vines to climb upon. Plant seed latter part of April. Lablab. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

### PLANT SWEET PEAS

Morse's Sweet Peas are world known. We have produced some of the finest varieties in existence. See pages 28, 29, 54 and 55 for different varieties.

### ESCHSCHOLTZIA (California Poppy)

The California Poppy is an exceptionally bright and handsome flower. It adorns the fields and railway embankments. If your premises have a wild or uncultivated plot, by all means plant some Eschscholtzia seed. It grows easily and once seeded will reseed itself. Sow the wild sort by the pound over the hillsides. The leaves of Eschscholtzia are fine cut and feathery. Sow in the fall out in the open for the plants do not transplant well. Height, 1 to  $1\frac{1}{2}$  feet. hA.

Californica. The bright, orange-yellow, wild variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; lb. \$2.75.

Ballet Girl. Cochineal carmine creamy white. Pkt. 15 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz. 50 cts.

Chrome Queen. Light yellow with just a shade of apricot; flowers frilled. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

Crimson-Flowering. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

Morse's Extra Golden. A special selection of the pure gold California Poppy. This is the finest colored Eschscholtzia and its richness of color is unequaled. Should be in every garden. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; lb. \$3.00.

Lovely. Exquisite pink. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 60 cts. Mikado. Orange-crimson. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 60 cts.

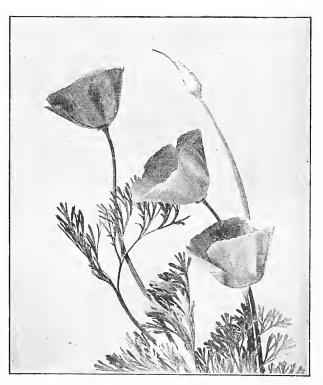
Purple Glow. Reddish purple. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 60 cts.

Rose Cardinal. Creamy rose. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.
Tango. Bronzy red. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 60 cts.
The Geisha. The fluted petals are gold inside and orange crimson outside. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/2 oz. 60 cts.

Vesuvius. Red and gold. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 40 cts. White. Large ivory-white. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

Six 10 ct. pkts. of any of the above, 50 cts.

MIXED, NEW VARIETIES. This is a mixture of the above varieties, containing all of the new colors and ranging from white to a dark crimson. Beautiful for bedding and hillsides. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.



Eschscholtzia-Morse's Extra Golden

EVERLASTING FLOWERS. See page 53.
FEVERFEW (Matricaria capensis). Called "Double Feverfew."
A plant growing 1½ feet high and bearing profusely pure white, very double flowers. hhP. Pkt. 10 cts. See also Pyrethrum for edging varieties.

FORGET-ME-NOT (Myosotis)

A favorite old-fashioned low-growing flower, bearing in profusion, especially in fall and spring, clusters of dainty, blue, fivepetaled blossoms. It thrives well in the shade or open border, but flourishes best in a moist, shady situation. hP.

Alpestris. Blue. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 35 cts.

Indigo-blue. A new dark indigo-blue color. Pkt. 10 cts.:  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz. 40 cts.

Rosea. Pink-flowering. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 40 cts.

White. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 40 cts.

Victoria. Large flowers in heads of bright azure-blue. Plant symmetrical, dwarf, and strong grower; good for edgings. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 60 cts.

Dissitiflora, Perfection. Of dwarf, compact habit; flowers profusely; looks like a sheet of blue. One of the best Forget-Me-Nots. Pkt. 15 cts.

FOUR O-CLOCK. hA. Seed should be sown in the open. Grows three feet high and thrives best when spaced 18 inches apart. Flowers are closed until afternoon, when they open freely. Of easiest culture.

Mixture of all Colors. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

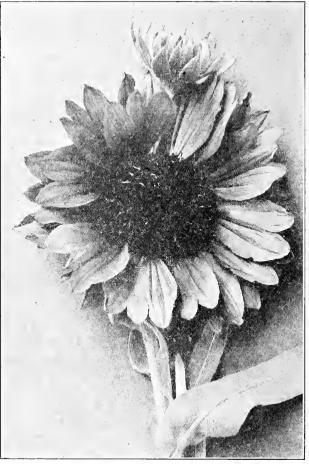
Variegated and Striped-leaved. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

FOXGLOVE. See Digitalis.
FUCHSIA (Ladies' Eardrop). tP. A well-known plant of easy culture in pots for the conservatory, parlor decoration, or the open ground. Start seed early under glass. Single Mixed. Pkt. 60 cts.

GENTIANA acaulis (Gentian). hP. Intense blue flowers with yellow spot. Height, 4 inches. Pkt. 10 cts.



Geum-Mrs. Bradshaw



Gaillardia Grandiflora

### GAILLARDIA

A very showy garden plant with brilliant flowers in scarlet and yellow, blended and shaded. Blooms freely from early summer till autumn. Both single and double varieties are hardy. Height,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet.

Double Mixed Annual (G. picta Lorenziana). Pkt. 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz. 25 cts.

Single Mixed Annual. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 25 cts. GRANDIFLORA. Single perennial variety with blooms of varying shades of reddish brown and yellow. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

**GERANIUM.** hhP. The very well-known Geranium—the one commonly seen is the variety Zonale.

Apple-scented. Very fragrant leaves. Pkt. 25 cts.

Lady Washington (Fancy Pelargonium). Handsome, large-flowered sort in many colors. Pkt. 25 cts.

Zonale, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts. GERBERA. See Transvaal Daisy.

GEUM, Mrs. Bradshaw. Attractive perennial producing showy scarlet flowers all through the summer. Height, 2 feet.

Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼ oz. 75 cts.

GILIA. A hardy annual, growing 1 foot high. A native of California. Valuable for rock-work or borders. Sow seed in the fall. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.

Capitata Lavender Blue. Grows 2 feet high. Bears globular flowers of about one inch across and of a rich lavender blue. Fine for drying. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.

GLOXINIA. Beautiful hothouse plants, with large, bell-shaped blossoms, which come in rich, velvety texture and red, white, or purple in color.

Grandiflora, Mixed. Pkt. 50 cts.

Tigered and Spotted, Mixed. Pkt. 50 cts.



Godetia

### **GODETIA**

Hardy annual, producing attractive free flowering plants, growing a foot or more high. The satiny showy flowers are borne in great abundance. hA.

Tall Sorts, Fine Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts. Amoena. Our pretty wild flower known as "Farewell to Spring." Deep rose-colored flowers. Height, 12 to 30 inches. Pkt.

10 cts.; oz. 50 cts. Duchess of Albany. Tall; white. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 30 cts. Lady Albemarle. Tall; dark crimson. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 30 cts. Schamini fl.-pl. This plant is covered with semi-double clear light pink blossoms, 2½ inches across. A charming flower. Height, 2 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 30 cts. DOUBLE FLOWERED VARIETIES. These exquisite Gode-

tias have a distinct beauty in the large double flowers and the sating effect brings out the bright colorings in a most attractive The habit of growth is graceful and the plants attain a

height of 2 feet. Excellent for cutting. **Double Crimson.** The flowers are of an intense crimson color.

Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 30 cts.

Double Deep Rose. Rose pink with bright carmine center.

Very pretty and attractive. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 30 cts.

Double Liberty Bell. Bright carmine edged with white. Pkt.

mauve color. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 30 cts.

10 cts.; ½ oz. 30 cts.

Double Mauve. The flowers are of a most attractive pinkish



### GOURDS

Many of these besides having interesting fruits are very ornamental when used as climbers. They easily attain a height of

Mixed Ornamental Varieties. Pkt. 10 cts.

Calabash, or Pipe Gourd. Pkt. 10 cts. Chinese Bottle. A useful variety; large bottle-shaped shell.

Pkt. 10 cts. Dish-Cloth, or Luffa. The inside lining makes a sponge; very useful. Pkt. 10 cts.

Dipper, or Siphon. Can readily be made into a dipper. Pkt. 10 cts.

Hercules' Club. Four feet long; club-shaped. Pkt. 10 cts. **Nest-Egg.** Like a hen's egg and frequently used for next-eggs.

Pkt. 10 cts.
Sugar-Trough. Useful for buckets, holding from 2 to 10 gallons. Pkt. 10 cts.

Turk's Turban. Red, green striped, etc. Small. Pkt. 10 cts.; All Varieties, oz. 25 cts.

GOLDENROD (Solidago canadensis). Well-known golden yellow hardy perennial, flowering late in summer. Height, 3 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.

### GYPSOPHILA (Baby's Breath)

Florists all use this to make up their bouquets. The plant is feathery and has small white flowers. Most easy to grow. Height, 2 to 3 feet. hA or P.

Muralis. Pink flowers. A fine border plant. Height, 6 inches. Pkt. 10 cts.

Paniculata. hP. Fine for bouquets; white flowers. This is especially feathery and delicate. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 25 cts. Elegans grandiflora alba (Paris Market). This is an improved Elegans with larger flowers and pure white. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

Elegans rosea. A beautiful soft pink. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.

**HELENIUM autumnale superbum.** A showy perennial, 5 to 6 feet tall, producing large, deep yellow, single flowers during the summer and fall. Fine for cutting. Pkt. 10 cts.

HELICHRYSUM (Everlasting Flower). See Everlastings.

**HELIOTROPE.** hhP. Beautiful porch plant 4 to 8 feet tall. The fragrant flowers are small and come in clusters. Blooms the first season from seed if sown early. As it forms a large plant it requires a roomy situation. Can also be grown as a pot plant. Finest Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 35 cts. **NEW** 

HOLLY-HOCK.

Alameda

Pink

A beautiful new strain of varying light pink shades

of the semi-dou-ble, crinkly type

"Allegheny." The foliage is deep

green, large, and

thick, and is quite distinct from other varieties of Hollvhock.

plant stems are unusually thick and grow to a height of 5 to 8 feet. The blossoms are very attractive and artistic and it is much the best pink Hollyhoek in ex-

While the stock is a strain we have been trying to "fix" to one definite color, it will not always come true, but breaks into slightly varying shades of pink, though all are remarkably fine tints of light

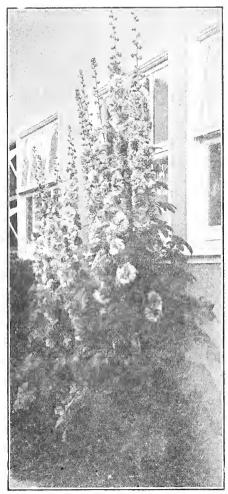
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The

HIBISCUS, Giant Golden Bowl. Large flowers, 6 to 8 inches across, of deep cream color, with velvety maroon center. Plants grow from 3 to 5 feet tall, are perennial, and bear profusely. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 30 cts.
Crimson-Eye. The flowers of this perennial are pure white

with a crimson eve. 6 inches across. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz.

30 cts.



Hollyhock-Alameda Pink

rose and pink. The blossoms, however, are uniformly large and the petals are thick and substantial.

One of the most easily grown flowers, and if the seeds are planted in a protected spot and transplanted to the garden before May first, one can easily have flowers in bloom by midsummer. While an annual, it will bloom the second season, but it is not well to allow it to grow more than two summers, when the plants should be dug up and replaced with fresh ones. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1 oz. 75 cts.

HOLLYHOCK

Produces tall spikes of blooms the second spring from seed. Although a bi-annual, in some localities it is perennial in California. The height is varying but the plants usually grow from 6 to 8 feet tall. They should be spaced at least two feet apart. hP.

DOUBLE VARIETIES.

Black, Rose-pink, White, Blood-red, Canary-yellow and

Mixed. Each Pkt. 10 cts.; 14 oz. 50 cts. SINGLE VARIETIES, Mixed. The old-fashioned blossoms in all colors. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 35 cts.

Allegheny, Mixed. The semi-double, fringed variety. An artistic and pretty sort. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 50 cts.

HONESTY (Satin Flower; Money Plant). hB. The flat, silvery seed-pods are used for winter decoration; pretty and

different from anything else. Height, 2 feet. Pkt. 10 cts. HUMULUS japonicus (Japanese Hop). A rapid-growing tender climbing annual with dense leaves. Will grow 20 to 30 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.

HUNNEMANNIA fumariaefolia (Bush Eschscholtzia). tA. Known also as the Santa Barbara Poppy. Here is a lemoneolored, poppy-shaped flower which will bloom all summer. Foliage fine-cut and feathery; flowers 3 inches across. Pkt.

10 cts.; ¼ oz. 25 cts.

ICE PLANT (Mesembryanthemum crystallinum). The leaves seem to be covered with crystals. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 40 cts.

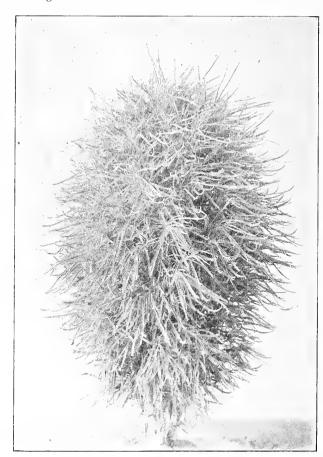
IMPATIENS Sultani (Zanzibar Balsam). Much prized for window culture. The foliage is waxy green, and with the semitransparent branches makes a plant in itself attractive. The bright rosy carmine flowers are produced continuously. Pkt.

10 cts. INCARVILLEA Delavayi. Flowers are old-rose, borne on spikes 1½ feet tall. The leaves are much eut and are decorative in themselves. Pkt. 10 cts.

KAULFUSSIA amelloides. A. The whole effect of this plant is a medium-sized, intense blue daisy. Fine for bedding. Flowers are a clear, even, light blue in eolor, 1¼ inches across. Height, 10 inches. Pkt. 10 cts.

KENILWORTH IVY. A hardy perennial training plant,

especially adapted for hanging baskets, window-boxes, or for trailing over walls. Pkt. 10 cts.



Kochia Trichophylla or Summer Cypress

KOCHIA trichophylla (Summer Cypress). A. Also called "Burning Bush." Forms dense, oval bushes, 2 to 21/2 feet high, of small, feathery, light green foliage. As summer advances this changes to a carmine hue and finally to a fiery red. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

**KUDZU VINE** (*Pueraria Thunbergiana*). hP. Also called "Jack-and-the-Beanstalk." The first year it will grow 10 feet and the next up to 50. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 60 cts.

### **IPOMOEA**

Beautiful annual outdoor climbers of luxuriant growth and fine for covering verandas and arbors, or for screening unsightly objects. The flowers are like giant morning-glories, to which they are closely related. The seed of several varieties, especially the Moonflower, should have the outer shell punctured and then soaked in water for eight hours or more to hasten germination. Height, 10 to 15 feet. tA.

Grandiflora alba. (Moonflower). Large white blossoms, 5 to 6 inches across, which expand at night. The vine grows very rapidly, as much as 50 feet in a season, and is covered at night and in the early morning with a multitude of fragrant white flowers; leaves large. Fine to cover anything in one season. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

Sky-Blue Moonflower. Large flowers, 4 inches across, of the softest cerulean blue, shading to white at the edge. cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz. 30 cts.

Heavenly Blue. A tall climber with large, light blue flowers, yellow throated, and measuring 4 to 5 inches across. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 30 cts.

Learii. Large, dark blue flowers on a perennial vine. Pkt. 15 cts.

Setosa (Brazilian Morning-Glory). A. The vine has large, overlapping leaves, 8 to 10 inches across, which make a dense shade; useful for covering porches or garden fences. Flowers delicate light reddish purple with pink star in center, in clusters. Pkt. 10 cts.

### LARKSPUR

There are two classes of Larkspur, which are quite distinct— Annual Larkspur and Perennial Larkspur—which are called Delphiniums. Hardy annual varieties grow 2½ feet high. They produce a profusion of blooms in a great variety of colors, and are of easy culture.

### TALL DOUBLE STOCK FLOWERED

Dark Blue. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 50 cts.

Exquisite Pink. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 50 cts.

Lilac. Pkt. 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz. 30 cts.

Lustrous Carmine (or Newport Pink). Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 30 cts.

White. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 30 cts.

Double Stock Flowered, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 60 cts.

Azure Fairy. Azure Blue. Pkt. 15 cts.

Blue Butterfly. A very handsome blue Larkspur. Pkt. 15 cts.

### HARDY PERENNIAL VARIETIES (DELPHINIUMS)

These are taller than the annual sorts and their brilliant flowerspikes arrest your attention even at a distance. The foliage is attractive and the plants strong and neat in habit. By keeping the plants well watered and the flowers cut, a second crop of bloom may be had, and from some a third. The seed is a little difficult to start, so we advise sowing in a box in prepared soil and under a glass.

Belladonna. One of the very prettiest varieties. The flowers are a clear turquoise-blue. Pkt. 20 cts.; 1/8 oz. 60 cts.

Cardinale. This is the grand Southern Scarlet Larkspur, one of the brightest and finest of California's wild flowers. Height, 3 to 5 feet. Pkt. 20 cts.; ½ oz. 75 cts.

Formosum. Bright blue flowers with white center. Pkt. 10 cts. Morse's Giant Hybrids. A fine strain with colors from pale lavender to deep violet. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼ oz. \$1.00.

### LATHYRUS LATIFOLIUS

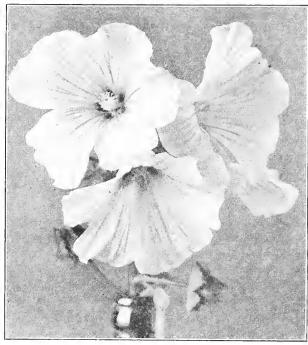
### Perennial or Everlasting Pea

This is frequently called the Perennial Sweet Pea, although the blooms are entirely lacking in fragrance. It makes an excellent cover over permanent wire or other fences.

Pink Beauty. The ground of the petals is white, edged and shaded with pink. Pkt. 10 cts.

White. The best variety for cutting, especially for florists' use. Crimson and Mixed. Each Pkt. 10 cts.

**LANTANA.** A tender percnnial, often becoming shrublike, 2 to 3 feet high, bearing verbena-like clusters of flowers, in orange, rose and other colors. Blooms constantly all summer. Fine Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.



Lavatera Trimestris

LAVATERA assurgentiflora (Tree Mallow). A showy hedgeplant, growing about 6 feet high and covered with cup-shaped flowers. Much used for windbreaks about San Francisco. Sow in May in the open ground and thin young plants to a foot apart. Pale purplish red flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts. Trimestris splendens. A half hardy annual, with large,

single bright pink flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.

Trimestris alba. Same as above, but white. Pkt. 10 cts. LAVENDER. P. Delightfully fragrant flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.;

oz. 75 cts.

LEMON VERBENA. hP. The leaves of this fine old favorite are delightfully fragrant and refreshing. Grown easily from seed. Pkt. 10 cts.

**LEPTOSYNE maritima** (Sea Dahlia). P. This is in full flower in winter, with yellow daisy-like flowers, 3 inches across. The plant is about  $\hat{2}$  feet high and has succulent divided foliage. Pkt. 10 cts.

LINARIA hybrida, Excelsior. hA. Flowers are borne in open heads on long, upright stems. The colors are mostly violet and light purple. Pkt. 10 cts.

**LINUM** (Flowering Flax). hA. Can be sown early outdoors and thrives well in good soil.

**Rubrum** (Scarlet Flax). A very showy bedding plant, as the flowers are right on top of the plants. The plant is in bloom for a long time and a bed makes a mass of bright color. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

Perennial Flax. Blue. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

### LOBELIA

Both annual and perennial and hardy. The annual varieties grow 4 to 6 inches high, are of compact growth and literally covered with small, bright flowers. By cutting back the plants during the summer and giving plenty of water, they may be kept in flower until autumn. Used for ribbon work and borders or hanging-baskets.

### ANNUAL VARIETIES

Erinus compacta, Celestial. The finest intense blue for edging. Flowers are borne well on the top of the plant, completely covering it with a mass of intense blue. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. 60 cts.

Erinus compacta, Crystal Palace. Deep blue flowers and dark foliage. A constant bloomer; fine for dark blue borders. Height, 6 inches. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/8 oz. 50 cts.

Erinus compacta, Snowball. A very large-flowering pure white Lobelia for edging. A fine companion to Celestial. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 35 cts.

Erinus compacta, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 35 cts.

Erinus gracilis. Light blue; trailing; light green foliage. Excellent for hanging-baskets. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 25 cts.

Erinus, Light Blue. A fine bright blue; excellent for blue borders; foliage light green; plant compact. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½8 oz. 40 cts.

Frinus speciosa. Deep-blue flowers; dark foliage; trailing. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 35 cts.

### PERENNIAL VARIETY

The blossoms are produced on tall, showy spikes. Height, 3 feet.

**Cardinalis** (Cardinal Flower). Brilliant scarlet flower-spike. Worthy of a more extensive cultivation. This plant loves a wet, boggy place, so water extra well. **Pkt. 15 cts.** 

### LUPINUS (Lupins)

Hardy native California annuals, in great variety, growing from 1 to 3 feet high, and bearing spikes of pea-shaped flowers. Hartwegii Lupins are much improved, large-flowering annuals. These come into flower early and bear fine spikes 2 feet tall. Of the easiest culture. Sow in the open ground and thin to 6 inches apart.

Cruikshankii. Dark blue; long racemes. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

Hartwegii albus. Pure white; fine. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts. Hartwegii, Blue. Clear, deep blue. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

Hartwegii coelestinus. Fine azure or very light blue of even color. Thoroughly charming. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

Hartwegii roseus. Pink. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

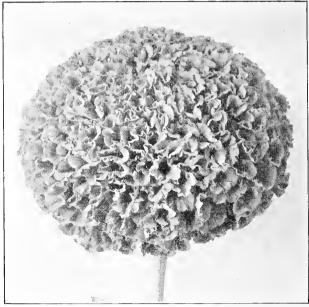
Luteus Romulus. Of dwarf growth with bright yellow flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.

Nanus. Our little blue-and-white wild flower. It carpets the fields in late May. Plant by the pound over your grounds.
Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; lb. \$3.25.
Mixture of all Colors. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

Polyphyllus, Mixed. P. This is an extra handsome Lupin. The flower-spikes are tall (1½ feet) and the leaves are rich, bright glossy green. Attractive at all times. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.

**LYCHNIS Haageana.** Hardy perennial, If seed is planted early Haageana will flower the first year. Grows 18 inches tall. Orange-crimson flowers. **Pkt. 10 cts.** 

MANDEVILLA suaveolens (Chilean Jasmine). Fine summer climber, with great clusters of large, waxy, star-shaped blossoms exquisitely fragrant, resembling the single tuberose in shape. Pkt. 10 cts.



Marigold—(African)—Orange Prince

### MARIGOLD

Bedding varieties are very dwarf, and others grow to 3 feet tall; flourishes in all gardens. One of the most attractive annuals.

### AFRICAN VARIETIES

Morse's Selected Stock of African Marigold. These Marigolds will be a revelation to many planters as the flower heads are more rounded and thicker.

Morse's Lemon Queen. Clear lemon yellow. Pkt. 20 cts.

Morse's Prince of Orange. Rich, deep orange. Pkt. 20 cts.

Lemon King. Perfectly superb, light yellow flowers 4½ to 5 inches across.
Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 50 cts.

Orange Prince. Beautiful deep orange yellow color. Pkt. 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz. 50 cts.

### FRENCH VARIETIES

Morse's Florist's French. The beautiful French Marigold used so much for the florists' trade. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 50 cts.

Morse's Selected Striped. Tall French type,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 feet high and just loaded all the season with most striking flowers, 2 inches across. Pkt. 15 cts.;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz. 50 cts.

Dwarf French, Mixed. Small flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 40 cts.

Tall French, Mixed. A mixture of tall, double varieties in yellow, brown and striped; small flowers. Pkt. 10 cts; ½ oz. 40 cts.

MATRICARIA (Double White Feverfew). P. White, double, button-like flowers; for cutting. Pkt. 10 cts.

MATTHIOLA bicornis (Evening-scented Stock). hA. Purple flowers. Fine for borders. Pkt. 10 cts.

MINA lobata. A fine annual climber which grows very rapidly to a height of 20 to 30 feet in a season. Orange-red flowers. Pkt. of 20 seeds, 10 cts.

MOMORDICA Balsamina (Balsam Apple). A climbing annual, growing about 10 feet long. Has graceful and ornamental foliage, yellow flowers and warted, golden yellow fruit, with large carmine-red seeds. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 50 cts.

Charantia (Balsam Pear). Same as the Balsam Apple, but fruit is pear-shaped and foliage larger. Pkt. 10 cts.

MOONFLOWER. See I pomoea grandiflora alba.

### **MIGNONETTE**

A well-known favorite annual in all gardens. Cultivated for its fragrant flowers, which come quickly. Set on compact spikes. May be sown at any time of year about San Francisco. In other places sow in early spring. Height, 1 foot.

Golden Machet. A compact-growing variety, with mediumlong, thick spikes of yellow flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 40 cts.

Goliath. Wonderful spikes, over 12 inches tall, and equally strong and large. Something new and remarkable when well grown. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 35 cts.

Pure Machet. A compact-growing variety, with thick spikes and large size florets. Very sweet scented. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 25 cts.

### **MIMULUS**

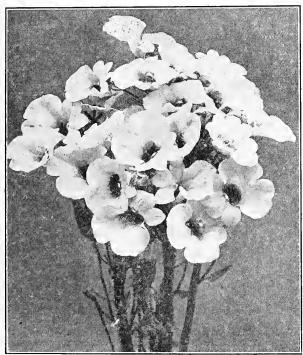
A half-hardy perennial, growing from 6 inches to 1 foot high. Blooms freely and in a large variety of eolors. Useful for window-gardens and pot-work, or for gardens in a moist, shady situation.

Moschatus (Musk Plant). Fragrant plant, with small, yellow blooms, spotted lightly with brown. Pkt. 10 cts.

Queen's Prize. P. The flowers are large and most brightly colored and spotted in shades of yellow, orange, coppery red, and pink. Does well in any place but prefers cool location. Height, 1 foot. Pkt. 15 cts.

Tigrinus (Monkey Flower). Large flowers of several eolors and spotted. Pkt. 10 cts.

### MOURNING BRIDE. See Seabiosa.

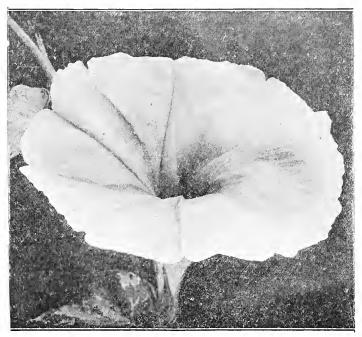


Blue Gem-Nemesia

**NEMESIA.** A. Nemesias come 1 foot high and are a mass of flowers, making them fine for bedding.

Triumph, Mixed. Flowers of light blue, red, yellow, and terracotta. Compact form. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½ oz. 75 cts.

Compacta, Blue Gem. Clear forget-mc-not blue flowers of the most pleasing eolor in fine, compact heads. Height, 1 foot. This is a beautiful bright blue flower. Pkt. 20 cts.; ½ oz. \$1.00.



Japanese Morning-Glory

# MORNING-GLORY (Convolvulus major) (See also Ipomoea)

No climber is more popular than is the Morning-Glory. For eovering trellises or unsightly back fences they and climbing nasturtiums are most often planted. Morning-Glories grow quickly to a vine 15 feet long and bear a great abundance of brilliant, funnel-shaped flowers, of various colors, blue predominating. Soak the seed for two hours in warm water to hasten germination; of easy culture.

Tall, or Climbing Varieties, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; lb. \$1.75.

Imperial Japanese. These are by far the handsomest of the Morning-Glories, of gigantic size and in eolors ranging from snow-white to earmine, through every shade of blue and purple. The vine is not quite so vigorous a climber as the above. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

Brazilian Morning-Glory. See Ipomoea.

**NEMOPHILA** (Love Grass). A hardy annual California wild-flower, growing about 6 inches high. Has small cup-shaped blossoms about one inch in diameter, in white and shades of blue

Insignis (Baby Blue Eyes). Its flowers are of a most beautiful light blue, shading lighter toward the center. A pretty wildflower. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; lb. \$3.00.

NICOTIANA (Flowering Tobaeco). A half-hardy annual, growing 3 feet high, with slender, tubular flower. Belongs to the tobaceo family. Requires plenty of room in the garden.

Affinis hybrida. Splendid new hybrids of the popular Affinis. They possess the delicate fragrance of the parent and come in blue, red, rose, white, etc. Pkt. 10 cts.

NIGELLA (Love-in-a-Mist). A hardy annual, 1 foot high, with finely cut foliage and oddly shaped blossoms in blue and white, with curious seed-pods. Of easy culture.

Damascena. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

### **NASTURTIUMS**

Sow the seed where it is to remain late in the spring and after danger of frost is over. It is seldom necessary to thin the young plants, as they will bloom if close together. Nasturtiums prefer dry, rather rocky soil, such as we usually call "poor" soil, and bear their flowers in such locations in greater profusion than in a rich garden, where they run too much to leaves. This adds to their value for planting over unsightly places.

### Tall or Climbing

Of quick growth, covering a wall, hedge, or trellis in a short time. The brilliant blossoms almost cover the plant from top to bottom. On cloudy days when "high fog" is overhead, yellow flowers, such as Nasturtiums, are particularly pleasing. A cheerful tone runs through all the shades and the colors are exceptionally bright.

**Butterfly.** Light yellow, with blotch of deep red on lower petal. **Chameleon.** A mixture of changing and inconstant shades, all richly colored and on the same plant.

Fulgens. Extra bright crimson, foliage dark.

Gold Garnet. Orange yellow with garnet blotches.

Lucifer. Blossoms deep crimson; leaves brownish green.

Orange. Beautiful orange shade.

Regina. Salmon-red, changing to almost cream color.

Rose. Very deep rose-pink.

Spitfire. Brilliant flame-scarlet.

All, pkt. 10 cts. 6 for 50 cts.; oz. 25 cts., postpaid.

Tall Varieties, Mixed. All the named varieties, besides many others, in a splendid mixture of all colors and shades. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

Variegated Queen, or Tall Variegated-leaved, Mixed. Every leaf is variegated with yellow, white, and green. This gives a new and very handsome appearance to the plant. The flowers are of all colors and plants come entirely true from seed. Pkt. 10 cts.: oz. 30 cts.

### **Dwarf Varieties**

The plants form a small, round bush, 12 to 16 inches high, which is a mass of bloom all summer. Do not water too much nor sow on rich ground if abundance of bloom is desired. Dwarf Nasturtiums are excellent to line roadways or wherever a tall border is pretty.

Aurora. Terra-cotta, veined carmine. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

Crimson. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

Golden King. Rich golden yellow. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

King of Tom Thumbs. Dark scarlet; dark green leaves. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

King Theodore. Very deep crimson—the darkest of all, nearly black; dark foliage. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

Rosy Morn. This beautiful new variety of Nasturtium is a remarkably bright, light cherry-scarlet. The plant is compact, with an abundance of flowers which are borne well above the leaves. Pkt. 15 cts.

Ruby King. Bright red, tinted salmon. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

Queen of Tom Thumbs. Rosy scarlet; bright green foliage variegated with creamy white. This makes the plant attractive both before and after flowering. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

White, or Pearl. Very light lemon-yellow or primrose. Pkt. 10 cts. oz. 25 cts.

All packets 10 cts. each; 6 for 50 cts.

### Dwarf Varieties—Continued

Scarlet. Also called "Cloth of Gold." Yellow foliage. Pkt. 10 cts.: oz. 25 cts.

Dwarf Varieties, Mixed. A splendid mixture of all the above, besides many other varieties. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

Variegated-leaved, Dwarf, Mixed. Handsome bedding variety; leaves very attractive. Flowers come in all colors and contrast brightly with the variegated leaves. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

### NASTURTIUMS

If you have the space for them, you cannot have too many Nasturtiums. Few flowers add such rich "bits of beauty" to the garden as do the different types of Nasturtiums. Plant seed anywhere, but especially along embankments and fences, or in fact anywhere it is desired to have brightly colored flowers in profusion.



Tall Nasturtium—Butterfly

**OENOTHERA** (Evening Primrose). hhA and P. Good flowering shade plants are rare, especially in bright colors. The Evening Primroses like half shade best and are yellow in color. The blossom is fully expanded only late in the afternoon. Makes a good plant to grow close to a house.

Annual Varieties, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

Lamarckiana. P. A bright yellow Evening Primrose, of great beauty. It is found wild in many parts of California. Height 3 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.

# MORSE'S SUPERB PANSIES

Pansies thrive best in a moist, shady location and in rich, loamy soil. Seed should be sown in the autumn for early spring blossoms, or can be sown early in the year for good flowers late in the spring. The plants must be transplanted twice in order to get the largest flowers—once from the seed-box to a chosen bed, and again to the open garden. This is important if large-sized Pansies are desired. Use manure liberally. The blossoms are usually larger in the spring and again in the fall, but are small during the hot months.

### MORSE'S GIANT FLOWERED

In separate colors
Pkt. 20 cts.; 6 pkts. for \$1.00

Giant Adonis. Light blue, with dark blue face.

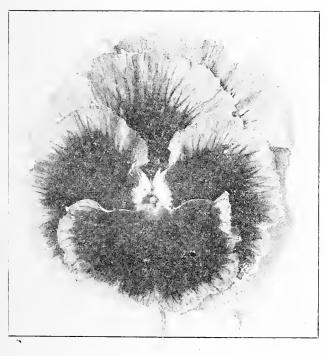
Giant Black. Pure black.
Giant Brown. Deep brown.

Giant Indigo-blue. A deep indigo color, faced variety.

Giant Purple. A fine rich shade of purple.

Giant Pure White. Snow-white.

Giant Pure Yellow. The largest size of this color.





### BEDDING VARIETIES

In Separate Colors

These are especially recommended as perpetual bloomers and while not so large as the Giant-flowered varieties, are just as attractive as to color and color combinations. They are of neat and compact habit of growth and commence flowering very early and continue producing innumerable blooms throughout the entire season. There is a wide range of color to select from and the different varieties are highly suitable for massing along the border or where separate colors are desired in beds.

Atropurpurea. Dark maroon.

Azure-blue. Light blue, shaded darker.

Fairy Queen. Blue, with azure margin.

Golden Gem. Pure yellow.

King of the Blacks (Faust). Black.

Lord Beaconsfield. Deep violet-blue on lower petals, shading to azure on the upper petals.

Ultramarine-blue. Bright blue.

White (Snow Queen). Pure white.

Morse's Bedding Varieties, Mixed. Including all the above and many other varieties. Where a medium sized flower is desired there is nothing better.

Pkt. 10 cts.; any 6 pkts. 50 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz. 75 cts.; oz. \$2.25.

### MORSE'S SPECIAL MIXTURE OF PANSIES

MORSE'S PRIZE STRAIN. This mixture contains all the Giant Flowered varieties, the plain colors, faced sorts and those with ruffled edges. The seed is procured from the most famous Pansy Gardens in America, France and England and harvested from exhibition flowers only. We purchase all our Pansies in separate colors and make up our mixtures from our own formulas. Colors are equally blended with neither light nor dark shades predominating. Price, per packet (about 500 seeds), 50 cts.

MORSE'S SPECIAL ENGLISH EXHIBITION. A special mixture of English faced Pansies from the finest prize collections in Great Britain. We have carried this type for many years with great success. Pkt. 75 cts.

MORSE'S GIANT STRAIN. This is a superfine mixture of the large flowering type of Pansies, in a great variety of colors. Grown by famous Pansy specialists. The flowers are of the finest form and the colors are rich and striking. Pkt. 25 cts.



Petunia—Howard's Star

### **PETUNIAS**

Petunias grow with little attention or care and in any soil when once started and bloom profusely all spring and summer. The large, double varieties do not produce seed, but the pollen from them is artificially crossed on the large, single, and fringed plants, and the seed so produced will make a percentage of double blossoms. The giant-flowered types produce large, single, plainedged or fringed-edged blossoms, or very thickly double flowers. As Petunia seed is exceedingly fine, start the plants in a box or flower-pot and mcrely press into the soil after sowing, cover with chopped moss, or sift a little sand over to cover, and, if possible, allow the water to soak up from beneath. The weakest looking plants will develop the handsomest flowers, so save all the plants carefully.

Petunia seed is very fine and very expensive: there is. therefore, but very little seed, almost like dust. in each packet.

### SMALL-FLOWERED VARIETIES

(For bedding)

Howard's Star. Velvety purple with white star. Very attractive. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 50 cts.

Rose of Heaven. Very dwarf growing and bears profusely beautiful rose pink flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/8 oz. 50 cts.

Rosy Morn. Bears a great number of flowers which are a bright rosy pink with white throat. The plants are small and compact and flower most freely. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 50 cts.

Snowball. Growth very compact. Flowers pure white. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/8 oz. 50 cts.

Violacea. Low compact growth. Flowers of a deep violet color. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/8 oz. 50 cts.

Fine Mixed. Good mixture of small free-blooming colors. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 40 cts.

### MORSE'S GIANT-FLOWERED PETUNIAS

(All fertilized by hand)

De Luxe Bedding Mixture. Contains many colors of large flowering varieties. Pkt. 25 cts.

Single, Plain Edge, Mixed. Very large flowers, deep throated heavy petaled and of richest colors, Pkt. 25 cts.

Single, Fringed Edged, Mixed. The fringed flowers are of finest form with highly colored deep throats. Very fine. Pkt. 25 cts.

Morse's Superb Giants. Very strong, vigorous plants with enormous flowers in a great variety of colors, some blotched, some veined and in pretty light shades. If you appreciate fine giant Petunias, try these. Pkt. 50 cts.

Double, Plain Edged, Mixed. White, blotched and brilliantly colored. About 20 per cent come double. Pkt. 50 cts. Double, Fringed, Mixed. Striped and blotched. Pkt. 50 cts.

PASSION FLOWER (Passiflora). hhP. One of our best and most showy perennial climbers. Grows luxuriantly either from cuttings or seed. A very satisfactory climber of rapid growth, which will cover a porch or small cottage in one summer.

Pink. Evergreen foliage. Pkt. 10 cts.

Purple. Pkt. 10 cts.

Scarlet. Very beautiful vine with large, round blossoms of intense scarlet. Stands only light frosts. Pkt. 10 cts.

PERENNIAL PEA. See Lathyrus latifolius.

PELARGONIUM. See Geranium.

PERIWINKLE. See Vinca.

PENTSTEMON. hP. A hardy perennial producing freely spikes of bright colored and spotted flowers. Attains a height of from 2 to 3 feet and never becomes ragged looking.

Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/8 oz. 40 cts.

Excelsior, Mixed. An extra superb strain of this fine flower. Selected for largest size and finest light colors. You will be pleased with this. Pkt. 25 cts.

One of the most satisfactory annual bedding plants because it blooms over so long a time. A hardy annual, growing from 6 inches to 1 foot high, and bearing beautiful and brilliantlycolored flowers. Sow seed in the fall for early flowers.

PHLOX DRUMMONDII

Pkt. 10 cts.; 6 pkts. 50 cts.; \( \frac{1}{4} \) oz. 50 cts.; oz. \$1.50.

Mixed. 1/4 oz. 40 cts.; oz. \$1.25. ALBA. Pure white.

BLOOD RED. Dark red.

CARNEA. Pale pink, with rose center.
CHAMOIS ROSE. Deep pink, with yellow center.

**SPLENDENS.** Bright red, with white eye.

VIOLET. Violet, with white eye. YELLOW. Primrose yellow.

FINE MIXED. Mixture of the above colors.

STARRED and FRINGED MIXED. A mixture producing star shaped and pointed blossoms.

PERENNIAL PHLOX

Mixed. Individual flowers similar to the annual variety, but borne in clusters of 30 to 40 flowers on a tall stiff stem 2 to 4 feet high. Pkt. 10 cts.

### MARY PICKFORD AND MISS CALIFORNIA SPENCER SWEET PEAS

Are undoubtedly the best in their respective class. Mary Pickford was named during the Convention of the American Seed Trade Convention at Los Angeles, California, June 9-11, 1925, and christening took place at Miss Pickford's studio, for illustration and description see page 28.

Miss California has been before the seed planting public for just one year and has leaped into popularity—see page 29.



Shirley Poppy

### POPPY

Sow seed in open ground where plants are to remain and thin to 6 to 12 inches. If left thick the plants will be week and spindling and the blossoms inferior. To avoid getting the seed too thick, it can be mixed with dry sand before sowing.

### DOUBLE VARIETIES hA

Cardinal. A bright scarlet; fringed; double. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.

Shrimp Pink. The double paeony flowered blooms are of an exquisite shade of shrimp pink. Pkt. 10 cts.

White Fringed, Carnation-flowered. Large; double; fringed.

Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.

Morse's Double Chinese, Mixed. Unusually fine double flowers, in a wonderful range of colors. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

Eldorado Double Mixed. The full double flowers have petals like Shirley and colorings run through a gamut of colors. Pkt. 10 cts.

### SINGLE VARIETIES A

**Admiral.** Large pure white flower with a broad crimson border. Pkt. 10 cts.

American Legion. Brilliant orange scarlet single flowers. Very bright. Pkt. 10 cts.

Tulip-flowered. Intense scarlet, single blossoms. Plant about 2½ to 3 feet high. The brightest colored of all Poppies. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 25 cts.
Shirley. The most beautiful type of Poppies, having soft, hairy

foliage and an immense variety of single blossoms in white, pink, apricot, and shades of red and scarlet. The petals are very dainty and look as if made from crepe paper. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; ½ lb. \$1.25.

### PERENNIAL VARIETIES

(Bloom first year from seed)

ICELAND. A graceful, delicate variety, a foot tall, with white, orange and yellow single blossoms, the petals resembling crumpled tissue paper. The plant is low and compact; excellent for cutting. Sow in the fall where plants are to remain and thin.

The well-known florists' variety. Orange shade. Orange. Pkt. 10 cts.

White, Yellow, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

ORIENTALE. The large Oriental Poppy. A hardy plant, bearing large brilliant crimson flowers, with a black blotch on each petal. Very showy and attractive. Height 2½ feet. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 40 cts.

Victoria. A large, salmon-colored Oriental Poppy. Pkt. 15 cts.

### Beautiful New Iceland Poppies.

SUNBEAM IMPROVED. Botanically the Iceland Poppy is Papaver Nudicaule and has become very popular as a cut flower with gardeners and florists. This new strain, "Sunbeam Improved," in addition to the striking colors of the old strain contains many new tints and also produces flowers larger in size. Pkt. 25 cts.

PHYSALIS Francheti (Chinese Lantern Plant). tA. Has bright yellow or scarlet seed-pods. The fruit inside the pod is sometimes made into preserves. Pkt. 10 cts.

PLATYCODON grandiflora (Japanese Bellflower). P. giant Bellflower growing 2 feet tall and covered all summer with large, steel-blue flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.

### PRIMROSE (Primula)

The Chinese Fringed Primroses are very desirable for growing in the greenhouse or conservatory. For winter blooming, sow

Large Flowering Single Fringed Mixed. A fine assortment covering all the brightest and best colors found in this desirable house plant. Pkt. 25 cts.

Double Fringed. Saved from the finest blossoms. Pkt. 50 cts.

### HALF-HARDY VARIETIES

Auricula. The Primrose of the Alps. Flowers variously colored, mostly yellow; fragrant. Seed selected from selected strain. Pkt. 25 cts.

Malacoides. Small rosy-lilac flowers. A profuse bloomer. Pkt. 15 cts.

Veris Polyantha. A hardy sort, blooming early in the open gardens. Colors mostly red and yellow. Mixed colors. Pkt.

Vulgaris. The true yellow English Primrose. Pkt. 10 cts. Primrose, Evening. See Oenothera.

### PORTULACA

Tender creeping annual, 6 to 8 inches high, bearing glossy, cup-shaped blossoms in very brilliant colors. The foliage and stems are thick. The seed germinates slowly and should be started under glass or when the weather is hot. These flowers love the sunshine and do best on rather dry ground.

Golden Yellow, Scarlet, Pink, White, Single Mixed, Double Mixed, Large-flowering. Each Pkt. 10 cts.

PYRETHRUM parthenifolium aureum (Golden Feather). hP. Small cut leaves of bright golden yellow. Much used for edging and borders. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.

Roseum hybridum. hP. Red-petaled flowers radiating from a golden yellow center. Buhach, or insect powder, is made from the dry flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 75 cts.

RANUNCULUS. P. Very handsome double flowers, 10 inches high, about 2 inches across. Blooms the first year from seed. Mixed. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/4 oz. 50 cts.

RED-HOT POKER PLANT. See Tritoma.

RHODANTHE. See Everlastings.

RICINUS. See Castor-Oil Bean.

ROMNEYA Coulteri (California Tree Poppy). Also well known as the Matilija Poppy. This fine perennial is of a supreme and stately beauty. The flowers are large, 4 to 5 inches across, pure white, crinkled like crepe paper, with a fine bunch of yellow stamens, resembling white single peonies. The seed takes from 3 to 9 months to germinate. Pkt. 10 cts.

RUDBECKIA bicolor superba (Coneflower). The center of this flower is brown, the petals golden yellow, with velvety brown spots at the base. A free-flowering annual 3 feet high; very effective as a cut-flower. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.



Salpiglossis Superbissima Emperor

### SALPIGLOSSIS

A half-hardy annual, growing about 3 feet high, and bearing trumpet-shaped blossoms of richest shades and colors.

Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 14 oz. 40 cts.

Superbissima, Emperor. A splendid giant-flowering strain, each stem loaded with these most handsome flowers, and each one richly veined with gold. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 50 cts.



Pyrethrum-Roseum (for description See page 47)

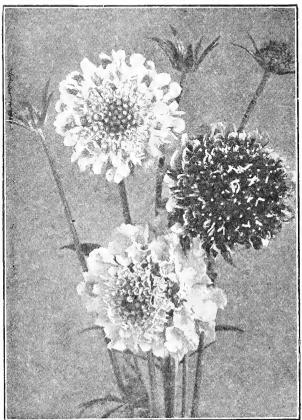
SALVIA (Flowering Sage)

The flowering Sages are half-hardy perennials but best results are obtained by using fresh plants each year from sced sown indoors. These plants should commence flowering in July. tP. Splendens. Bright scarlet flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 75 cts.

Bonfire. A new dwarf Scarlet Sage of dense, compact growth. Height, 20 to 24 inches. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. 75 cts.

Dark Blood-red. A new tall variety with large flower-spikes. Much darker and richer in color than other scarlets. Pkt. 10 cts.

Patens. Bright blue flowers. Height, 2 feet. Pkt. 25 cts.
Farinacea. P. Attractive green foliage and the beautiful blue flowers are borne on long spikes. Very desirable; of easy growth. Pkt. 10 cts.



Scabiosa or Mourning Bride

SCABIOSA (Mourning Bride)

Also called Sweet Scabious, Old-Maid's Pincushion. Self-sown in California. Our mammoth-flowered strain of this old fashioned flower is very beautiful and worthy of a place in every garden. The tall flowers are especially adapted for cutting and massing. These new flowers are double clear to the center, covering the thimble-shaped cone. Height,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 4 feet.

TALL DOUBLE SORTS

Azure Fairy, light blue; Black-purple; Snowball, pure white;

Rose-pink, Red. Each Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 30 cts. Mammoth-flowered Double, Mixed (S. maxima). proved strain with large petals and beautiful colors. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1, oz. 20 cts.

Caucasica. A hardy perennial variety, with pale blue flowers 4 to 5 inches across, and long stems. One of the handsomest perennial flowers; valuable for cutting. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/8 oz. 50 cts.

SCARLET FLAX. See Linum.

**SEDUM coeruleum** (Blue Stonecrop). A little annual bedding plant, 4 inches high; good in carpet-work. Pkt. 10 cts.

SMILAX. A climbing perennial with beautiful, bright green, glossy leaves, much estcemed for its long, delicate sprays of foliage. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

SOLANUM Capsicastrum (Jerusalem Cherry). For house or garden culture. The flowers are followed by small, brightly-colored fruit or berries, which almost completely cover the plant. Pkt. 10 cts.

SPIDER PLANT. See Cleome pungens.

# SNAPDRAGON (Antirrhinum)

Of late years the Snapdragon has become very popular both for forcing and outdoor growing. The flowers coming in shades of pink, rose, salmon and other light colors are very attractive while the stronger orange-scarlet and scarlet tints are glorious. They are a biennial and may be sown in fall or spring out doors. Set out the young plants not less than twelve inches apart.

Snapdragon Maximum is the name given to a new group of his popular flower. In growth they attain a height of 30 inches. The plants produce freely long spikes set with very large flowers. The following are especially recommended for florist use.

Canary Bird. Beautiful canary yellow. Copper King. Velvety copper scarlet.

Old Gold. Rich deep golden yellow.

The Rose. An exquisite rose pink shade.

Each of the above at Pkt. 35 cts.; 1/4 oz. \$1.00.

Maximum Mixed. A really complete mixture containing a blending of all shades from white through light and dark yellow, pink, rose pink and all tones of copper. Pkt. 25 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz. 65 cts.

### TALL, LARGE-FLOWERING TYPE 24 to 30 inches high

Brilliant Rose. A delightful rose pink shade. Pkt. 10 cts.;

1/4 oz. 50 cts. Crimson King. Rich crimson. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 50 cts. Fire King. Orange scarlet, white tube. Pkt. 10 cts.; 14 oz.

Golden King. Giant flowered yellow. Pkt. 10 cts.; 14 oz.

50 cts. Harmony. Terra cotta orange shaded rose. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz.

Catharine Morse. A most attractive golden rose color. Pkt. 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz. 50 cts.

Pink Venus. Flesh pink with a white tube. Pkt. 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz. 50 cts.

Queen Victoria. Clear pure white. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 50 cts. Rose Queen. Beautiful soft pink. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 50 cts. Giant-flowering Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 30 cts.

### INTERMEDIATE TYPE 15 to 24 inches high, for bedding

Amber Queen. Amber suffused chamois. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 50 cts.

Climax. Orange shading to yellow in lip. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 60 cts.

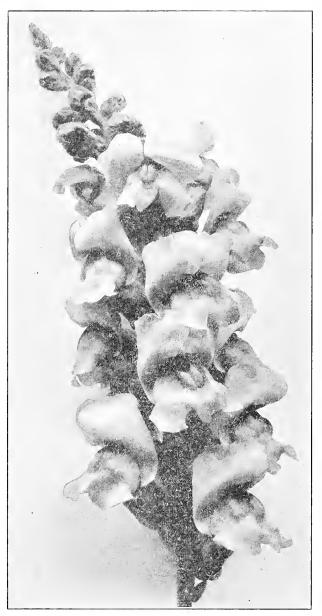
Gloria. Rich deep rose pink. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 60 cts. Golden Queen. Clear yellow. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 50 cts. Welrose. The popular rose pink variety. Fine for forcing. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 75 cts.

Peerless Pink. Color of La France rose. A glorious bright pink. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 75 cts.

Purity. Pure white. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 75 cts.

Silver Pink. Beautiful pearly pink. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 75 cts.

Extra Fine Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 30 cts.



Snapdragon-Nelrose

### SUNFLOWER (Helianthus)

Hardy annuals, growing from 3 to 6 feet high. Of the easiest culture and suitable for a stately row or background. Plant when he ground is well warmed, in light or sandy soil.

Chrysanthemum-flowered. Large, densely double, bright golden-yellow flowers. The plant branches and affords fine, long stout stems for cutting. This is the best variety in existence. Height, 6 to 8 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.

Red Sunflower. Some are solid red, of a deep maroon shade; others are red with petals gold-tipped, and a variety of other pleasing combinations of red and gold. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.

Cucumerifolius, Perkeo (Miniature Sunflower). The Cucumerifolius Sunflowers are small, both in flower and plant, and are often called "Cut-and-Come-Again" Sunflowers. Perkeo is only 2 feet tall, but is covered with small (3-inch) golden yellow flowers with a dark eye. Pkt. 10 cts.

Cucumerifolius, Stella. Is considerably taller than Perkeo and has larger single flowers (6 inches across), yellow with black center. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 50 cts.



Schizanthus Wisetonensis

### **SCHIZANTHUS**

Hardy annuals, growing 1½ to 2 feet high, and covered with bright, showy, butterfly-like blossoms.

Large-flowering, Hybrids Dr. Badger's Strain. Pkt. 10 cts.; 14 oz. 30 cts.

SCHIZANTHUS WISETONENSIS, Rose and Amber Shades Mixed. hA. To be classed among the hardy annuals. Excellent as a house plant in winter and equally desirable for out of doors. Heretofore the colorings have been mostly of the pink shades and in this new selection we have really intensified the beauty of the variety. Make sowings frequently so as to have a lot of plants always coming on. Pkt. 25 cts.

### SWEET WILLIAM (Dianthus barbatus)

A beautiful sweet-scented, old-fashioned perennial. Grows I to 2 feet high and bears its flowers in clusters at the end of a stiff stem. The individual flowerets are handsomely colored and marked. It makes a beautiful bedding plant, and is of easy cul-

Crimson Bedder. Beautiful crimson variety especially suitable for massing in beds or borders. Pkt. 10 cts.; \(\frac{1}{4}\) oz. 25 cts.

Newport Pink. Of a watermelon-pink or salmony rose color. Very beautiful. Pkt. 15 cts.

Pink Beauty. A truly wonderful pink. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/4 oz. 60 cts.

Scarlet Beauty. Intense scarlet. These new sorts should be planted by everyone. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/4 oz. 60 cts.

Single Varieties, Mixed. More attractive than the double. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 40 cts.

Double Varieties, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 30 cts.

STOKESIA cyanea (Cornflower Aster). A hardy perennial, 2 feet high, and bearing large blue flowers on long stems. Blooms freely all summer and fall, and is of easy culture, but is hard to start from seed. Pkt. 10 cts.



Statice Sinuata

### STATICE

Hardy annual of unusual and rather peculiar beauty. Very popular in the green state for table decorations and when carefully dried the flowers retain their eoloring for a long time. It is better to start seed inside in flats or boxes.

Bonduelli. Bright golden yellow flowers. Pkt. 10 cts. Sinuata Rosea. Beautiful shades of pink. Pkt. 10 cts.

Sinuata True blue. Very deep blue. Pkt. 10 cts.
Sinuata White. Pure white. Pkt. 10 cts.
Suworowi or Russian. Long spikes of small pink flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.

SWEET ROCKET (Hesperis Matronalis) A hardy perennial, growing 2 to 3 feet high. This old-fashioned, fragrant flower is of the easiest culture, and bears clusters of white and purple blossoms. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

THUNBERGIA (Black-eyed Susan). A hardy annual climber, growing about 4 feet long. Blossoms are buff, orange or white, with dark centers.

Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

TITHONIA speciosa. tA. A new orange-colored flower resembling a single zinnia in form. Starts blooming at 2 feet and grows to 6 feet high. Flowers eut well. Pkt. 15 cts.

TRANSVAAL DAISY (Gerbera Jamesonii). tP. Intense vermilion. Flowers, 4 inches across, on tall stems 11/2 feet high. Sow seed upright, stem end up, in box of peat and loam. Two plants from a package is a fair average. Do not over-water; very beautiful. Pkt. 25 seeds, 25 cts.

TRITOMA NEW HYBRIDS (Red-Hot Poker Plant). P. These bloom readily from seed the first year. Quite a variation in colors—orange through orange-scarlets to an intense frame color. Height 18 inches. Hardy perennial Pkt. 15 cts.

VALERIAN. hP. Does well in half shade. Height, 21/2 feet. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

VINCA (Madagascar Periwinkle). tP. Useful for bedding im summer and for the greenhouse in winter. Blooms freely the first year from seed. Flowers Rose, Crimson, and White. (The trailing blue Vinca or Myrtle propagates from plants only.) Mixed, Pkt. 10 cts.

**VIOLET. Single Blue** (*Viola odorata*). Although these flowers: do best propagated from cuttings, they grow readily from seed, and have a very fragrant blossom. Pkt. 10 cts.

VIRGINIAN STOCK. Sow seed early in spring. Blooms freely and are very attractive for a long time. hA.

Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

# **STOCKS**

# MORSE'S TEN-WEEKS' STOCKS, or GILLIFLOWER

No matter if situation is cold and windy, stocks will bloom there and give the garden color when otherwise it might be bare. They come in all shades—delicate pink, white, red, cream, and purple. Stocks are annual and hardy; they may be sown outdoors in spring or in boxes in winter and transplanted. Sow early,  $\frac{1}{2}$ 8 inch deep. While all will flower the first year, the Dresden, Brompton, and Winter Stocks will last for two years.

Stocks have been greatly improved by selection, and our strains, which are raised by expert growers, give fully 60 per cent of double flowers. There always will be some single plants, as those are the only ones which bear seed, and the plants should be set out in the garden sufficiently close for these single ones to be pulled up when they show their first flower, and still leave plenty of fine double plants. Stocks are of easy culture, are a long time in bloom, are hardy, very beautiful and satisfactory.

### MORSE'S DWARF LARGE-FLOWERING TEN-WEEKS.

Our strain of these has great rosettes set closely together so that the entire plant is hidden in the mass of bloom. Plants 12 to 15 inches tall; early; the best for bedding effects or edges. Ours is a selected strain.

Blood Red; Light Blue; White; Canary-Yellow; Pink; Purple. Pkt. 15 cts.;  $\frac{1}{8}$  oz. 60 cts.

Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/8 oz. 50 cts.

# PERPETUAL, or DRESDEN STOCKS (Cut-and-Come-Again)

### Early, Large-flowering type

Brilliant. Deep rose-crimson—a very fine color. Pkt. 15 cts. Creole. A light yellow, slightly tinted flesh. Pkt. 15 cts.

Dark Blue. Pkt. 15 cts.

Rose-pink. Pkt. 15 cts.

Light Blue. Pkt. 15 cts.

Pure White. A pure white, double Stock; largely used by florists. Pkt. 15 cts.

Dresden Mixed. All colors. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. 50 cts.

### EARLY GIANT IMPERIAL

Of tall growth, attaining a height of twenty-four to thirty notes. Branching habit and the large double flowers are borne at right intervals along the entire stem. Sow in July and August and the plants will flower all winter and if desired this type may also be treated as summer Stocks as they bloom quite early from seed.

Apple Blossom. Delicate pink. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½ oz. 75 cts. Chamois Ivory. Tinted old rose. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½ oz. 75 cts. Dark Blue. Deep in color. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½ oz. 75 cts.

Fiery Blood Red. Splendid crimson. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. 75

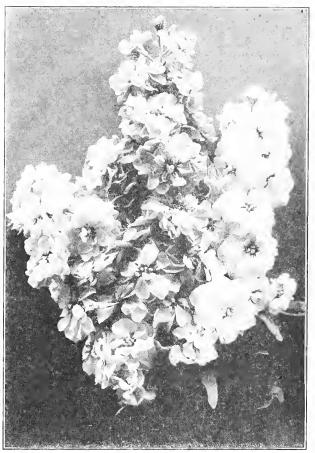
Flesh. Beautiful light pink. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½ oz. 75 cts. Lavender. A very attractive color. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½ oz. 75 cts.

Lilac. A delicate shade. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. 75 cts.

Rose. Deep rose pink. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. 75 cts.

White. Clear white. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. 75 cts.

Mixed. The above and many other colors. Pkt. 15 cts.;  $\frac{1}{8}$  oz. 60 cts.



Stocks—Ten Weeks

### WINTER STOCKS

### Handsome Late-flowering sorts

White Lady. Our new pure white winter Stock. Grows about 20 inches high, has large branches bearing lustrous, snowy white, double flowers most freely. The grandest white Stock there is. Pkt. 20 cts.

Brompton, or Winter Mixed. Pkt. 20 cts.

# CALIFORNIA WILD-FLOWER COLLECTION

The descriptions of these beautiful wild flowers will be found in the list of Flower Seeds under their alphabetical order.

One packet of each is included in this collection.

Baby Blue-Eyes. See Nemophila insignis.

Blazing Star. See Bartonia aurea.

California Poppy. See Eschscholtzia californica.

Clarkia. See Clarkia elegans.

Evening Primrose. See OEnothera.

Farewell to Spring. See Godetia amoena.

Lupin. See Lupin.

Matilija Poppy. See Romneya Coulteri.

Sand Verbena. See Abronia umbellata.

Sea Dahlia. See Leptosune maritima.

ALL POSTPAID FOR 85 cts.



Verbena-Mammoth Flowered

### VERBENAS (Morse's Giant Strain)

Half-hardy trailing perennial of easy culture. Sow seed early and transplant the young seedlings to stand 18 inches to 2 feet apart. Any six 10-ct. varieties for 50 cts.

Pink Shades. Mammoth strains of rose shades. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 60 cts.

Pure White. Mammoth strain. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 60 cts. Purple and Blue Shades. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 60 cts. Scarlet Defiance. Large, brilliant scarlet. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 60 ote

Striped Varieties. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 60 cts. Mammoth-flowered, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 50 cts.

VIOLAS (Tufted Pansies). hhP. These have smaller flowers than the regular pansies. Height, 6 inches.

Purple (Cornuta); Yellow; White; Mixed, all varieties. Each Pkt. 10 cts.

VISCARIA (Rose of Heaven). A. Flowers pink and white. Height, 12 inches. Pkt. 10 cts.

### WALLFLOWER

Half-hardy perennial, blooming the first year from seed. Height, 1 to 2 feet.

Annual Golden Gem. Large single, pure yellow flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 30 cts.

Vulcan. Giant, bright crimson. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 30 cts.

Annual Paris Brown. Pkt. 10 cts. Fine Single, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 25 cts. Double Mixed. Pkt. 15 cts.; \frac{1}{8} oz. 50 cts.

WISTARIA, Chinese-flowering. Tall Blue. Climber. Pkt. 15 cts.

### ZINNIAS GIANT DAHLIA FLOWERED

This new type of Zinnias far surpasses any that has been offered to the public in past years. The flowers are unusually large, resembling closely, many of the Dahlia blossoms, and are often seven and eight inches in diameter. They come in a wide range of colors, with stout stems. Plants are sturdy and grow to be about three feet high.

CRIMSON MONARCH. The largest and the best of the red shades. Pkt.  $20\ cts$ .

DREAM. A fine shade of deep lavender, turning to mauve. Pkt. 20 cts.

**EXQUISITE.** Color is light rose, with a center of deep rose. Pkt. 20 cts.

GOLDEN STATE. A very rich orange yellow.

Pkt. 20 cts. METEOR. A rich glowing, deep red and the dark-

est of all red shades. Pkt. 20 cts. ORIOLE. Flowers are an orange and gold bicolor

and very large. Pkt. 20 cts. **OLD ROSE.** Large and a clear shade of old rose.

Pkt. 20 cts. POLAR BEAR. A very large, pure white. Pkt.

20 cts.

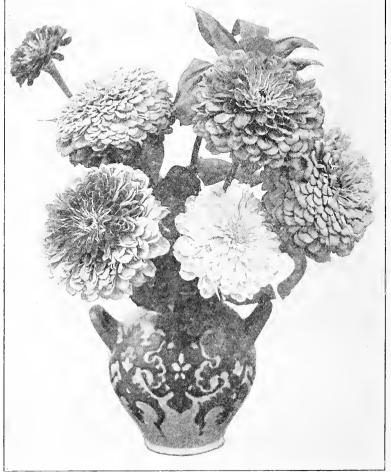
MORSE'S GIANT DAHLIA FLOWERED MIX-TURE. Pkt. 20 cts.; 1/4 oz. \$1.00.

MORSE'S DOUBLE GIANT FLOWERED A splendid mixture comprising all colors with flowers a little smaller than the Dahlia Flowered. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1<sub>2</sub> oz. 65 cts. Pumila, Dwarf Double. The best bedding variety.

All 10 cts. per packet, 6 varieties 50 cts. Purple, Scarlet, White, Crimson, Pink, Salmon Rose, Yellow and Mixed.

Pompon, Mixed. Small globe-shaped flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.

Curled and Crested. Beautiful type. mixed only. Pkt. 15 cts.



Zinnia-Giant Dahlia Flowered Mixed

### EVERLASTING or STRAW FLOWERS

The plants grow readily from seed sown in the open ground late in the spring. After the plants are well started they should be thinned to stand from six inches to a foot apart, according to height of mature plants. Cut the flowers when freshly opened, tie in small bunches and dry slowly in a cool shady place with the flower heads downward so that stems may be straight.

**Acroclinium.** hhA. One of the most desirable for wreaths. Grows about 12 inches high.

Double Pink, Double White, Double Mixed, Single Mixed. Each Pkt. 10 cts.

Gomphrena (Globe Amaranth). hA. Produces small ball-shaped flowers measuring one inch in diameter. Height twenty inches.

Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

**Helichrysum.** hA. The most popular of all Everlasting Flowers. In form somewhat like an Aster. The colors are bright and the flowers are very attractive when dried. Height 30 inches.

Pink, Red, Salmon, Mixed, above and other colors. Each Pkt. 10 cts.

Rhodanthe. Another attractive Straw Flower. The single blooms color up well. Height 15 inches.

Rose. Pkt. 10 cts.

Statice, Russian. Pkt. 20 cts.

Statice, Blue, Yellow, or White. Pkt. 10 cts. each.

Xeranthemum. Double flowers in many colors. May be used for decorations in either fresh or dried condition. Height 15 inches. Double Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

### ORNAMENTAL GRASSES

Most graceful during the summer and fall and if the sprays are cut off when freshly opened and slowly dried in a cool place they may be used for decorative purposes.

Agrostis nebulosa. hA. Dwarf growth with slender leaves and feathery sprays. Ten inches high. Pkt. 10 cts.

Avena sterilis (Animated Oat). hhA. Grows 2½ feet high. Seed closely resembles the oat and when dry, seed is moistened it becomes animated. Pkt. 10 cts.

Briza Maxima (Quaking Grass). A. The sprays or seed heads are borne in a thickened panicle resembling somewhat the rattle of a rattlesnake. Height, 2 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.

Briza Gracilia. A. (Small Quaking Grass). Small heads or panicles of a graceful growth. One foot high. Pkt. 10 cts.

Bromis Brizaefornie. A. Large drooping panicles. Two feet high. Pkt. 10 cts.

Coix Lachryma (Job's Tears). The plants growing 18 inches high bear the hard seeds abundantly. Pkt. 10 cts.

Erogrostis elegans (Love Grass). A. Of graceful growth and quite beautiful. Height one foot. Pkt. 10 cts.

Eulalia japonica zebrina (Zebra Grass). P. Of very strong growth, 5 feet in height. The long slender dark green blades are striped across their width with creamy yellow. Pkt. 10 cts.

**Gynerium argenteum** (Pampas Grass). hhP. Growing 10 feet high it throws out long dark-green blades and the numerous large plumes are large in size and of beautiful feathery appearance. **Pkt. 10 cts.** 

Zea Japonica. White and green striped Corn. Very attractive. Pkt. 10 cts.

HARDY ANNUAL FLOWER MIXTURE. Especially prepared for planting in odd spots where cultivation is difficult. A perfect blending of hardy annuals, including those that experience has proved, thrive under the weather and soil conditions of California. Under ordinary gardening methods, the planter may expect quite a long season of continuous blooms. Large packet 15 cts.; oz. 35 cts.



Helichrysum-Most Popular Straw Flower

### TREE SEEDS

ABIES Douglasii (Douglas Spruce). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

ACACIA Baileyana. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts. melanoxylon. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 40 cts. mollissima. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

CALIFORNIA FAN PALM (Washingtonia filifera). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

CUPRESSUS arizonica (Blue Cypress). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

Italian Cypress. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 80 cts. Lawsoniana (Lawson's Cypress). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts. macrocarpa (Monterey Cypress). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 35 cts.

DATE PALM (Phoenix canariensis). Pkt. 15 cts.; 100 seeds for 50 cts.

EUCALYPTUS ficifolia (Scarlet Gum). 25 seeds for 25 cts. globulus (Blue Gum). Pkt. 20 cts.; oz. 75 cts. rostrata (Red Gum). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts. tereticornis (Gray Gum). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

GREVILLEA robusta (Silk Oak of East Australia). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

LIBOCEDRUS decurrens (Thuya Craigana). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

PICEA grandis (Western Balsam Fir). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 40 cts. magnifica. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

PEPPER TREE (Schinus molle). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

PlNUS insignis (Monterey Pine). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 40 cts. Lambertiana (Sugar Pine). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts. ponderosa (Yellow Pine). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

SEQUOIA gigantea (Wellingtonia gigantea). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. \$1.00.

sempervirens. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

# MORSE'S SPENCER SWEET PEAS

For years we have devoted much time to the production of Sweet Peas. More than two score varieties developed and originated by us are recognized as some of the world's best. Vast acreages of this beautiful flower handled by Sweet Pea experts enables us to put on the market every year the finest there is. We offer this season the following new varieties. "Mary Pickford," "Miss California," "Campfire," and "Doreen." These in addition to our last year's novelties, "Crimson King," red; "Youth," white, picotee edge pink, and "Austin Frederick Improved," lavender, with our general list will be found most complete. For best results, November, December and Janaury planting is advised.

For description of "Mary Pickford," "Miss California," "Campfire" and "Doreen" please see pages 28 and 29.



"Doreen" please see pages 28 and	1 29	
WHITE		0-
Constance Hinton—Large white, black	kt.	Oz.
seeded\$0	10	\$0.40
King White—Giant pure white		. 40
White Spencer—(Morse's reselected)	10	40
Superior strain, pure white	. 10	. 40
CREAM PINK SHADES	kt.	Oz.
Margaret Atlee—Deep cream pink\$0	10	\$0.40
Miss California.— Beautiful, orange-		
salmon cream pink	.15	. 60
with salmon	. 25	
New Miriam Beaver—Soft shell pink		
and salmon	.10	.40
Picture—Giant cream pink, very fine		
flower	.10	.40
PINK SHADES		
	kt.	Oz.
Countess Spencer—Clear pink\$0	10	\$0.40
Daisybud—Blush pink and old rose	.10	. 40
Elfrida Pearson—Light pink, with paler	* 0	
shadings.	.10	. 40 . 40
Hawlmark Pink—Pelargonium pink  Hebe—Very large, old rose, with pink	, 10	.40
shadings	. 10	.40
Hercules—Bright clear pink, very large	. 10	. 40
Valentine—Blush pink, a pleasing shade	. 10	.40
Youth—Picotee, white with margin of		60
clear pink	.15	. 60
PRIMROSE SHADES		
P	kt.	Oz.
Daffodil—Large, very deep primrose\$0	. 10	\$0.60
Dobbie's Cream—Large deep cream	.10	.40
Majestic Cream—Giant deep cream	. 10	.40
Primrose Spencer—Clear primrose yellow	.10	.40
10	.10	, 40
ROSE AND LIGHT PINK BI-	COI	.OR
	kt.	Oz.
Dora-Large rose and cream, bi-color. \$0	.10	\$0.40
Mrs. Cuthbertson—Giant rose and light		
pínk-bi-color	.10	. 40
RED SHADES		
Pl		Oz.
Campfire—Brightest sunproof scarlet\$0	.15	\$0.60
Doreen—Very large bright carmine  Crimson King—Largest of all red Sweet Peas. Rich glowing crimson or ox-blood	.15	. 60
red	. 15	. 60
Geo. Herbert—Rose crimson	.10	. 40
King Edward Spencer—Large blood red Morse's Sunproof Scarlet—A fine	. 10	.40
bright scarlet	.10	.40
Rosabelle—Bright rose crimson	.10	.40
Royal Scot—Brilliant scarlet	.10	.40

# MORSE'S SWEET PEAS--Continued

10

40

# LAVENDER SHADES Pkt. Oz. Asta Ohn—Mauve lavender, fine flower \$0 10 \$0 40 Austin Frederick Improved—Finest pure lavender in existence 15 .60 Masterpiece—Lavender tinted mauve. 10 .40 New Margaret Madison—Azure blue .10 .40

### MAROON, PURPLE AND BLUE SHADES

Powerscourt—Large lavender of exquisite form

	Pkt.	Oz.
Jack Cornwell-Large navy blue.	\$0 10	\$0.40
Mrs. Tom Jones—Large clear blue.	. 10	.40
Nubian-Very deep maroon	. 10	. 40
Royal Purple—Rich royal purple	10	. 40
Senator Spencer—Chocolate and brown flaked.	_10	. 40
Splendour—Giant mahogany maroon	.10	. 40
Warrior—Rich velvety maroon	10	40
Wedgwood—Clear wedgwood blue .	_10	. 40
Wembley—Beautiful lavender blue	_10	. 60

### ORANGE AND SALMON PINK SHADES

	Pkt.	Oz.
Barbara—Bright salmon orange	\$0.10	\$0 40
George Shawyer-Giant salmon rose	. 10	. 40
Gloriosa—Brilliant orange scarlet	. 10	. 40
Helen Lewis-Orange pink	10	. 40
Illuminator—Brilliant orange scarlet	10	40

### MORSE'S BRILLIANT BLEND

Brilliant Blend has become very popular with our customers, especially for the home garden. The effect of the coloring is dazzling, owing to the various shades of scarlet, old rose, light and deep pink. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ½ lb. \$1.60. Postpaid.

### MORSE'S SUPERB SPENCER MIXTURE

Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; 1/4 lb. 90 cts.; lb. \$3.00.

For 50 Cents we will supply one full sized packet each of Campfire, Crimson King, Doreen, Miss California, Mrs. Tom Jones, Powerscourt and Youth, in all seven packets of the most beautiful Sweet Peas for 50 cts.

### COLLECTIONS OF SPENCER SWEET PEAS

To enable our customers to have an assortment in well-balanced colors, we offer four collections made up of good varieties, or where a mixture is desired, our Superb Mixture of Spencer Sweet Peas is unsurpassed.

Morse's Extraordinary Spencer Collection containing 35 varieties	\$2.50 postpaid
Morse's Grand Prize Collection containing 15 varieties	1.00 postpaid
Morse's Medal of Honor Collection containing 10 varieties	.75 postpaid

# Morse's Early Flowering Long Season Spencer Sweet Peas

Australia is responsible for the starting of this type as the introduction of the variety Yarrawa caused the American hybridizers to endeavor to add all the known colors in the late flowering strain and in this they have succeeded far beyond their fondest expectations. For greenhouse culture these Early Flowering Spencers have become exceedingly popular and many acros of glass are devoted to growing them, especially in the middle west and east. In some of the warmer localities they have proved very desirable for outdoor planting, especially in the Southern States. Australia and South Africa, where we know by experience the Summer Flowering Spencers frequently fail to give entire satisfaction. While the seed may be sown very early, yet in some localities it is better to sow in the fall of the year.

### NEW VARIETIES

VULCAN. The brightest and showiest of all bright scarlets. Never burns or scalds in the hottest sun. Packets only, 20 seeds 25 cts.

SILVER BLUE. A pleasing delicate shade of lavender blue. Packets only, 20 seeds 25 cts.

**BLUE BOY.** Flowers of largest size and a clear blue in color. Packets only, 20 seeds **25 cts.** 

	Pkt.	Oz.
Early Aviator—Large crimson	.\$0 .15	\$0 60
Early Columbia—Large pink and white. The Giant Blanch	е	
Ferry	15	. 60
Early Christmas Carol—Soft salmon pink and cream or crushed	1	
apricot and rose	15	. 60
Early Glitters—Bright orange scarlet	15	. 60
Early Harmony—Giant lavender, good florist variety		. 60
Early Heatherbell—Rich mauve, large flower		. 60
Early Liberty—Deep sunproof crimson	15	. 60
Early Meadow Lark—Deep rich cream, extra waved	15	. 60

	Pkt.	Oz.
Early Nightingale—Large lavender	\$0 . 15	\$0.60
Early Peace—Cream pink, large flower	15	. 60
Early Snowflake—Pure white with long stems	15	. 60
Early Torch—Bright orange, lovely flower	15	. 60
Early Yarrawa—Rose, with light pink standard.	15	60
Early Zvolanek's Rose—Deep rose pink	. , . 15	. 60

### EARLY FLOWERING COLLECTIONS

50 Cts. buys one packet each of Early Harmony, Early Peace, Early Snowflake, Early Torch, Early Zvolanek's Rose, and making five packets of the most desirable colors for 50 cts.

\$1.00 buys one packet each of Early Aviator, Early Columbia, Early Christmas Carol, Early Glitters, Early Heatherbell, Early Nightingale, Early Peace, Early Snowflake, Early Vulcan and Early Zvolanek's Rose, ten packets of the choicest named varieties of Early Flowering Spencer Sweet Peas for \$1.00.

### MORSE'S EARLY FLOWERING LONG SEASON SPENCER MIXTURE

This mixture is made up of all of the very finest varieties in well balanced colors. Price, 15 cts. per packet; 50 cts. per ounce, postpaid.

Inoculate Sweet Peas with Humogerm, 25 cts. a package.

# Morse's Late Flowering Gladiolus

Our list of Late Flowering Gladiolus contains one of the best collections we have ever offered. While some of the varieties are older, well-known sorts, others are the latest creations. Together, our customers will find the list well balanced in color and shades. Being grown under our own supervision, we know that all these varieties will give entire satisfaction. No flower is more beautiful, and none does better in our California climate, than Gladiolus.

Culture.—Set bulbs three to four inches deep, seven to eight inches apart. If wanted by mail, add postage at rate of **9c** per dozen, **13c** per 50, **18c** per 100. Six at dozen rate, 50 at 100 rate. Single bulbs postpaid.

Ŧ	Each	Doz.	100	]	Each	Doz,	100
America—Very popular variety. Flowers soft lavender pink. Well known florists' variety\$	0 10	\$0.60	\$ 4 00	Mrs. Francis King—Of a pleasing light zearlet color\$	0.10	\$0.75	\$ 5.00
Ann Eberius (New)—Rich, dark, velvety purple	. 20	2 00	15 00	Mrs. Frank Pendleton—Rose pink, shading			
Anthony Kundred (New)—Flowers are intensely ruffled. Delicate deep cream, overlaid blush pink	. 20	2.00	15.00	deeper to center of petals	. 10	.75	5.00 15.00
Baltimore—Color beautiful coral pink, dark blotch at throat; very large flowers	. 15	1.25	8 75	Mrs. Watt—Deep wine color. The shade is unique.	. 10	1.00	7.00
Baron Joseph Hulot (Blue King)—The best blue Gladiolus Rich indigo blue	. 10	1 00	7.00	Mr. Mark—One of the new shades of light blue, with a dark spot. Good for cutting	. 15	1.50	10.00
Byron L. Smith—Very beautiful true orchid color. A magnificent variety	. 20	1.75	12.50	Myrtle—Light pink shaded; color of Spring Arbutus. Very pretty	.10	1.00	7.50
Crimson Glow—A large, brilliant crimson, with dark green foliage. A sturdy grower	.10	1 00	7.50	Orange Glory (New)—Bright orange, with slight purple and white markings in throat	. 20	2.00	15.00
Diana (New)—A very attractive red	. 20	2 00	15.00	Panama—Color deep pink, well expanded flowers.	. 10	. 85	6.00
E. J. Shaylor—A beautiful shade of pure, deep rose pink. A distinct new color	. 10	1.00	7.50	Prince of Wales—Warm light salmon. Early variety, and one of the most beautiful of these			
Golden Measure—A rich golden yellow, with large, wide-open flowers, well placed on a tall stalk. An unusually beautiful blossom	15	1.50	10.00	shades we know of	. 10	1.00	7.00
Golden King—Rich golden yellow, with crimson blotch. This is also a real good florists'	.13	1.30	10.00	on lower petals	. 10	1.00	7.00
variety	. 15	1.25	8.75	Rosella—A deep shade of orchid, with a large starry white blotch in the throat. A strong spike, with several large flowers open at one			
Halley—Delicate salmon. And blossoms early. One of the best	. 10	. 75	5.00	time	. 20	1.75	12.50
Herada—Pure mauve, and a most striking, stately flower. Color that is not often found in the Gladiolus.	. 10	.85	6.00	Rose Ash—A Gladiolus that is entirely new in color. A beautiful shade of old rose, overlaid and blended with Daphne pink; soft yellow at the base of petals. A strong grower	. 15	1.50	10.00
Liebesfeur (Love's Fire)—Bright coral shade.	10	. 75	5.00	Schwaben—Primrose yellow, with dark blotch of brownish red in throat	. 10	. 75	5.00
This is one of the best	. 20	1.75	12.25	Virginia—A beautiful shade of glowing scarlet. Flower spike is long, with large, well-formed			
on the market	. 10	85	6.00	blossoms. A strong, sturdy grower	. 10	1.00	7.50
Louise—A clear, pure lavender, with a blotch of velvety red toward the center. The blossoms are of good size and resemble the coloring of the				Wilbrink—A lovely flesh pink, with a creamy blotch on lower petals. An early variety	. 10	. 85	6.00
Orchid	. 20	2-00	15.00	Morse's Special Mixed Gladiolus—This mix- ture is composed of the above-named varieties			
with faint yellow markings on the lower petals	. 15	1.50	10.00	in well-balanced colors		1.00	7.00
Mrs. Dr. Norton—A delicate pink shading to rose pink at the tips of the petals; lower petals are blotched with soft yellow	. 10	1 00	7.50	Morse's Bedding Mixed Gladiolus—Made up from a cheaper assortment of good varieties, especially adapted for massing		. 75	5.00
are stored with some years				. , .			

GLADIOLI PRIMULINUS HYBRIDS. Mixed. Price, per dozen 75 cts.; per 100 \$5.00

	Each	Doz.	100	Each	Doz.	100
YELLOW CALLA LILIES	\$ 25	\$2.50	\$17.50	TUBEROSES\$0 10	\$1.00	\$7.00
WHITE CALLA LILIES	. 15	1.25	8.75	CALADIUMS	2.50	17.50
BEGONIAS, Single Fringed Mixed.	. 30	3.00		HYACINTHS, Candicans	2.50	17.50
BEGONIA, Double Mixed	.35	3.50		GLOXINIAS, Mixed	3.50	25.00
BEGONIA, Single Mixed	.25	2.50		LILY OF THE VALLEY	. 75	5.00

# MORSE'S DAHLIAS

Dahlias will do well in almost any kind of soil, but prefer a medium loam to produce the best blossoms. The bulbs should be planted in a horizontal position, with the eye or sprout up and about four inches below the surface of the ground. Planting should be done in April or May, after all danger of frost is over. The bulbs should be planted three or four feet apart each way. Ground should be spaded deeply before planting and the soil should be kept loose with frequent hoeing. Cultivation is necessary if satisfactory results are desired.

Morse's Dahlia Fertilizer is a splendid food for this plant and if applied just as the buds start to form, it will increase the size of the blooms and improve the color of the flowers. If large blossoms are desired for exhibition or cutting, it is absolutely necessary to

disbud.

Roots are removed from the ground, after the frost has killed the foliage. After digging, the clumps should be allowed to dry for two or three days and then should be put away in a cool, dry, dark place where frost will not reach them. About three weeks before planting, bring to the light and sprinkle a little soil around the stalks to start the eyes to swell. If possible, cutting should be done after the shoots appear, for this enables the divisions to be made with the least possible waste.

### PRICES ARE POSTPAID TO THIRD ZONE

### DECORATIVE DAHLIAS

Large, double flowers, full to the center, having broad flat, loose petals. The most popular type of Dahlia today. Each AL KORAN. A very large golden yellow suffused with MRS. I. De Ver WARNER. The color is a deep orchid amber. Good formation, on long, strong stems......\$3.00 mauve pink. The flowers are large and of perfect form. \$1 00 MRS. MARY HOLMES. A large, clear yellow. An excel-AMUN RA. A decorative of immense size, with long, stiff lent cut flower and one that should be in every garden.. 1.00 stems. Color is a beautiful shade of coppery orange.... 1.50 ORANGE BOVEN. A Holland variety. A rich shade of AURORA B. A decorative collarette. Petals are purple orange and a splendid cut flower. Blossoms are large... 1.50 PRIDE OF SAN FRANCISCO. A beautiful shade of BLACK JACK. Very large flowers of the darkest shade of orange and salmon pink. Flowers are medium size and crimson maroon, almost black. The flowers are extremely always full to the center, having good stiff stems..... large and do not burn. One of the best exhibition and PAUL MICHAEL. An immense flower of bright apricot with bronze shadings. A prize-winner at the recent CAROLINE WINTJEN. Beautiful salmon pink, with rose 1.00 shows...... shadings. A favorite cut flower..... PRIDE OF CALIFORNIA. Crimson. A good cut flower. CHAMPAGNE. One of the best dahlias of recent intro-One we highly recommend..... ductions. Color is a golden champagne with chamois PRINCESS PAT. Magnificent. A glorious shade of old shadings. Immense blooms with good stems.......... 3 50 rose..... **DELICE.** Lovely pink. Best cut-flower variety...... ROYAL GOLD. Beautiful shade of gold and amber; very **DR. TEVIS.** Pleasing combination of salmon and old rose free flowering. An excellent cut flower................ 1.00 EARLE WILLIAMS. Scarlet, tipped white. Very attrac-ROOKWOOD. A Dahlia of exceptional merit. "An entirely new shade of pink, which is more like the popular Russel Rose than any other flower. It is a pure, bright HALVELLA. An exquisite shade of mulberry-rose. Enoreerise rose".... mous flowers, full to the center; borne on stiff stems... 2.00 RORY O'MORE. A new fancy that attracts much atten-JANE SELBY. Delicate rose-pink. True type...... 1.00 tion. Flowers are large and plants are free flowering. Color is a rich violet purple, heavily tipped white. A JOHN LEWIS CHILDS. The best faney Decorative we know of. Deep yellow, splashed and striped deep red. Petals long and pointed and occasionally tipped white. . 2.00 ROSA NELL. Clear bright rose, with long stiff stems. J. W. DAVIES. Deep shade of cerise in center of flower, The flowers are of great depth and the formation is good. .75 gradually shading to a lighter shade. A large flower, good **SEABRIGHT.** Orange buff; splendid cut flower variety. SERPOLETTE. A beautiful shade of mauve. A free KITTY DUNLAP. One of the most popular of the Decorabloomer with long stems..... tive Dahlias. The color is a beautiful shade of Tyrian rose, SHUDOW'S LAVENDER. A wonder large flower of lavender, shading to white. One of the best of the newer similar to the coloring of the American Beauty Rose. The formation of the flower is perfect, with long, stiff stems. . 2.50 Leah M. Gleadell. One of the newer Dahlias and a wel-ST. FRANCIS. Immense blooms of soft cream shading to pink. come addition in this elass. Large flowers of a rich shade A low growing variety with good stems; splendid exhiof old gold and copper and will give satisfaction in every bition flower..... way. Stems are long and good..... SUFFRAGETTE. A bright canary yellow of good forma-Logan's White. A very beautiful pure white. The form is perfect, flowers are large and the stems good. A satistion, with petals occasionally tipped with white..... 2.00 SUNNY CALIFORNIA. Orange red, suffused with bright gold. These attractive flowers are large and LE GRANDE MANITOU. White; striped and splashed maroon. plants are very free blooming. Stems good..... THE MILLIONAIRE. Delicate lavender with faint pink MARECHAL FOCH. Bright scarlet tipped with gold.... 1.50 MARY C. BURNS. A large and very attractive flower. THE GRIZZLY. Dark, velvety maroon flowers of very Color is old gold, with the reverse of the petals red..... 1.00 large size..... 1.00 **MEADOW LARK.** Pale gold, with the reverse of the petals VIVANDIERE. Cerise carmine, shading lighter at the tips. a pinkish lavender. Large flowers, with good stems . . . 2.50 Flowers have a velvety sheen that make this variety most desirable. This variety will have some beautiful MRS. CARL SALBACH. The largest and most perfect variety of its color, which is an attractive shade of laven-

W. D'ARCY RYAN. Rosy purple, marked white...... 1.00

der pink. Stems are very good.....

Semi-double flowers, always showing an open center. I are usually broad and flat.	Petals Each
AGNES BOSTON. Large flower; royal purple shading to	
white	1.00
CITY OF PORTLAND. Large flower of clear, deep yellow. Stems very long and stiff	. <b>7</b> 5
<b>CREAM KING.</b> Deep cream. Good for garden and exhibition purposes	. 50
ELSA. Fluffy cream-white flowers; very large  GEISHA. Yellow, heavily suffused with scarlet	. <b>75</b> . <b>7</b> 5
GORGEOUS. Yellow and crimson. A prize-winner LLOYD GEORGE (Gleadell). Light apricot, shaded to	2.00
bronze.  MEYERBEER. Beautiful crimson-purple; indispensable	1.00
for garden effect.  MRS. JESSIE SEAL. Magnificent old-rose with gold shadings	.75
NATALIE MAI. Rich burgundy and velvety maroon, suffused with gold	. 50
<b>RED WING.</b> Terra Cotta or brick red, with a faint suffusion of gold. Flowers are large, with broad flat petals. Stems are stiff, carrying blooms above the foliage	1.00
THE BILLIONAIRE. An enormous flower with old-gold shadings.	.75
THE ORIOLE. A striking combination of burnt orange, red and vellow and one of the best of the newer intro-	
ductions. The flowers are large and the stems long and stiff	2.00
CACTUS DAHLIAS	
Flowers are double to the center and have long, na pointed petals, sometimes straight and sometimes incurved twisted	
pointed petals, sometimes straight and sometimes incurved twisted.	
pointed petals, sometimes straight and sometimes incurved twisted.  ALABASTER. This is undoubtedly the best pure white cactus. Stems are good, blossoms large	d and
pointed petals, sometimes straight and sometimes incurved twisted.  ALABASTER. This is undoubtedly the best pure white cactus. Stems are good, blossoms large	Each 1.00 1.00
pointed petals, sometimes straight and sometimes incurved twisted.  ALABASTER. This is undoubtedly the best pure white cactus. Stems are good, blossoms large	Each
pointed petals, sometimes straight and sometimes incurved twisted.  ALABASTER. This is undoubtedly the best pure white cactus. Stems are good, blossoms large	Each 1.00 1.00 .75
pointed petals, sometimes straight and sometimes incurved twisted.  ALABASTER. This is undoubtedly the best pure white cactus. Stems are good, blossoms large.  AMBER GLOW. Bright amber, deepening to pale orange in center. Good exhibition variety.  A. R. PERRY. Old-rose tipped gold. Large flowers, with incurved petals.  BALLET GIRL. Red and white; very attractive.  E. F. HAWES. A clear pink and one of the best. Stems very strong and plant blooms profusely.  F. W. FELLOWS. Beautiful orange shade.  GALLI CURCI. A beautiful shade of orange. Good sized	Each 1.00 1.00 .75 1.50 1.00 .75
pointed petals, sometimes straight and sometimes incurved twisted.  ALABASTER. This is undoubtedly the best pure white cactus. Stems are good, blossoms large	Each 1.00 1.00 .75 1.50 1.00 .75
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pointed petals, sometimes straight and sometimes incurved twisted.  ALABASTER. This is undoubtedly the best pure white cactus. Stems are good, blossoms large	1 and Each 1.00 1.00 .75 1.50 1.00 .75 1.00 .50 .50 1.50
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pointed petals, sometimes straight and sometimes incurved twisted.  ALABASTER. This is undoubtedly the best pure white cactus. Stems are good, blossoms large.  AMBER GLOW. Bright amber, deepening to pale orange in center. Good exhibition variety.  A. R. PERRY. Old-rose tipped gold. Large flowers, with incurved petals.  BALLET GIRL. Red and white; very attractive.  E. F. HAWES. A clear pink and one of the best. Stems very strong and plant blooms profusely.  F. W. FELLOWS. Beautiful orange shade.  GALLI CURCI. A beautiful shade of orange. Good sized flowers on long, stiff stems. Excellent for cutting  GLADYS BATES. Large blooms of tan with the reverse of the petals, rose. An American cactus with petals slightly incurved. Stems are good.  HERBERT RABY. A good exhibition variety. Flowers are deep crimson.  JOHANNESBURG. English Cactus. A golden amber of very good form.  LOLITA VELASCO. A large white American Cactus. The petals are long and straight with tight centers. Flowers are held erect on long stems.  MISS MARGARET STREDWICK. Silvery pink, with a deeper center. Flowers are incurved. One of the most satisfactory varieties in this class.  PIERROT. Flowers amber, each petal regularly tipped white.	1 and Each 1.00 1.00 .75 1.50 1.00 .75 1.00 .50 .50 1.50

### HYBRID CACTUS

HYBRID CACIUS	
This type has broader petals than the Cactus type and bloa are large and heavy. One of the most popular types at the property of the popular types at the property of the popular types.	ssoms escnt Each
CALIFORNIA ENCHANTRESS. Lovely shade of light	
pink. Flowers are well formed	\$1.00
Hybrid type	2.00
shading to cream. This is one of the largest and the best and is a perfect exhibition variety as well as a good gar- den flower.	2.00
den flower.  GEORGE WALTERS. Rich salmon pink, with long stiff stem.	.75
GLADYS SHERWOOD. An immense white of perfect type. Recommended for all purposes	.75
GOLDEN WEST. Beautiful shade of old gold, and a good cut flower.  ISLAM PATROL. Rich velvety scarlet, tipped and	. 50
flushed with pure gold. One of the most beautiful varieties. Flowers are large and full and stems are stiff and	
IVORY. A good flower, with long, stiff stems. Blossoms are good-sized and the color is an even shade of ivory.	3.50
Petals are slightly curled. A good keeper  KALIF. A rich shade of clear scarlet. Immense blooms	1.50
with stiff stems  LA FAVORITA. A great favorite. Large flowers of a	.50
brilliant orange	1.00
strong grower and good for both exhibition and cutting  MARIPOSA. Large blooms of great depth and substance.  The color is a lovely shade of lilac. The stems are good	2.50
and the habit of the plant is all that could be desired. MATADOR. A beautiful old rose. Flowers are large with	3.50
each petal slightly cleft at the tips	1.00
MRS. W. E. ESTES. Very large, beautiful, clear white. Petals are long and twisted.	1.60
MRS. EDNA SPENCER. A wonderful flower of orchid- lavender. Keeps well as a cut flower.	.75
RUTH C. GLEADELL. Center of the flower, a deep canary vellow, shading to aprieot pink. A good garden	
variety and a good cut flower	. 7 <b>5</b> . 75
<b>T. C. HOLMES.</b> Rich shade of old gold with each petal evenly tipped with blush pink. Flowers are very large with great depth and are held erect on long, stiff stems.	
This variety is a perfect hybrid type and one of the best in this class. A strong grower in every way, and in the	E 00
garden is a mass of blooms	5.00
SHOW DAHLIAS	. 50
Round, compact, ball-shaped flowers, double to the cent	er.
CLARA SEATON (Hybrid Show), Apricot bronze	. 50 . 5 <b>0</b>
GOLD MEDAL. Canary yellow, flaked with red, very	. 75
JAMES COCKER. Rich shade of deep purple. A won-derful exhibition variety	. 50
JOHN WALKER. The best pure white LES ARMOURS. Pink, sometimes splashed crimson.	. 50
One of the bestLUCY FAWCETT. A good fancy variety. Straw yellow	. 50
striped with soft red	. 50
hybrid; a very profuse bloomer	. <b>50</b> . <b>5</b> 0
MRS. J. P. SMITH. An extra large red. American show type	. 50 . 75
One each of the twelve named varieties of Show Dahlias	

Each

### POMPON DAHLIAS

Plants more dwarf than other varieties, and flowers, small, round and double. The blossoms keep very well when cut, and this type is never disbudded. BEBE (New). This is the best variety for cutting. Color

.35 .50 CORAL QUEEN. A beautiful shade of coral red. A free bloomer....DAISY. Salmon rose, and a much-desired shade..... . 50 .50 DARKEST OF ALL. Deep maroon, the nearest to black .50 DARK EYE. Pure white, with lavender center..... .50 EMILY HOPPER. Soft yellow, with a faint suggestion . 50 .35 50 Good form... GIRLIE. Soft lilac, beautiful shade..... .50 GLOW. A lovely shade of old rose. One of the best..... . 50 . 50 .50 JOE FETTE. Best white for all purposes

JOHNNY. Crimson maroon. A very good variety....

KATHLEEN. Bright Tyrian rose. A new and distinct .50 . 50 .75 LEDA BEELER (New). Bright shade of mauve pink, and .50

to lilac and rose.....

LITTLE BEESWING. Deep yellow, heavily tipped with cherry red...

cherry red...

LITTLE DORRIT. Rich purple

MARIETTA. Rosy magenta, a very attractive variety...

MARS. Bright scarlet.....

### POMPON DAHLIAS—Continued

	Each
NELLIE FRASER. White, edged with rose pink, center	
rose	0.50
<b>PHOEBE.</b> Deep golden yellow, shading to red. Profuse	
bloomer	. 50
PHYLLIS. Yellow, heavily shaded red. One of the best	. 50
<b>ROSEBUD.</b> White, edged with rosy pink. A good variety	. 50
<b>SAMMY.</b> Old gold, one of the best for cutting	. 50
SUNNY DAYBREAK. Dull gold, edged with reddish	
brown	. 50
<b>SUNSET.</b> Rich orange; a very desirable shade	. 50
<b>TOMMY KEITH.</b> Deep red, regularly tipped with white	. 50
YELLOW GEM. The best yellow. A strong, vigorous	
grower, good for cutting	. 75
Ø.	
MORSE'S COLLECTIONS OF DAHLI	[AS
HOME GARDEN COLLECTION. Twelve good varieties	

listed at \$1.00 or over. Assorted types and colors..... POMPON COLLECTION. Twelve assorted Pompon
Dahlias. Each bulb different and all named and tagged. 3.50 MORSE'S HYBRIDIZED DAHLIA SEED. A mixture of seed from the best varieties of prize Dahlias. Pkt. . 35 **DECORATIVE COLLECTION.** A collection of twelve California Decoratives, containing one each of the fol-..... 8.00 lowing. All for..... Aurora B. Mrs. Carl Salbach Caroline Wintjen Mrs. I. De Ver Warner

Dr. Tevis Mrs. Richard Lohrman Halvella Pride of California Logan's White Mary C. Burns Princess Pat The Grizzly

UNION JACK. The most striking single Dahlia in existence. Petals are white, each one being regularly edged 

# GARDEN TOOLS AND REQUISITES

.75

50

. 50

.50

.35

We carry a complete stock of Garden Tools and requisites. All goods marked F. O. B. should be sent by express or freight, but we shall always use our best judgment in making any changes. If our customer desires goods sent any particular way or route, please state plainly on your order and if possible we will comply with instructions. Items quoted as postpaid are to and including the 3rd zone only. Prices are subject to change.

BAMBOO BROOMS. Made of bamboo tips, very handy for sweeping leaves, grass, walks, etc. Each 50 cts.; postpaid 65 cts. BAMBOO CANES. \$1.50 1.75 2.25 4 ft..... 5 ft. 30 6 ft. 35 7 ft. 45

2.75 tt. painted green, suitable for Carnations. Doz. 20 cts.; 100, \$1.00 post-paid; 1000 \$6.00, postage 25 cts. extra. BOOKS, HORTICULTURAL.
California Fruits and How to Grow Them, by Prof. E. J. Wickson. Weight 234 lbs. Price, \$4.00.
California Vegetables in Garden and Field, by Prof. Wickson. Weight 1½

lbs. Price, \$2.50. California Garden Flowers, by Prof. Wickson. Weight 1½ lbs. Price,

These three books by Wickson are especially written for California conditions. Should you be interested in books on other subjects write us, as we carry a large stock.

LAWNS. How to Prepare, Plant and Care for Them. Postpaid 10 cts. HOLMES' GARDENBOOK. Pocket-sized manual of how, when and what to plant. 96 pages. \$1.00 each.

 
 WIRE HANGING-BASKETS.
 Green enameled.
 Shipped at purchaser's Each Doz.

 risk. Packing extra at cost.
 Each Doz.

 6-inch
 \$0.25
 \$2.50

 8-inch
 30
 3.00

 10-inch
 40
 4.00

 12-inch
 50
 50
 Single baskets, add 10 cts. extra for postage; quantities f. o. b. S. F.

CORN PLANTER (For corn and beans)-Price, \$1.35; postpaid, \$1.50. CULTIVATORS, NORCROSS

5-tooth, long handle. Each \$1.25, f. o. b.
3-tooth, short handle. Each 75 cts.; postpaid 80 cts.
3-tooth, steel hand cultivator or fork, short handle. Each 50 cts.; postpaid 55 cts.

Small Hand Cultivator, 1-inch teeth. Each 25 cts., postpaid.

HOLMES' POWDER DUSTER. For dusting powders of all kinds. Complete with one reversible spout and one long spout. \$3.60; postage 25 cts.

COWDREY TIN DUSTER. A duster for general garden purposes. Price, \$1.25 each; postpaid, \$1.35.

HAMMOND'S DUST SIFTER. Price, 75 cts. each; postpaid, 85 cts.

SMALL SPRING DUST GUN. Price, 35 cts. each; postpaid, 40 cts.

FORKS. 
 ORKS:
 Each; 1.0. b.

 Long Handle Steel Spading Fork
 \$2.00

 D-Handle Steel Spading Fork
 2.00

 Long Handle Manure Fork
 1.80

 Short Handle Transplanting Fork
 50

 D-Handle Ladies' Fork
 1.00

FLOWER POTS, FERN DISHES, SEED PANS—All Pottery listed f. o. b. San Francisco. Packed well and shipped entirely at owner's risk. All pack-

San Francisco. Facked wen and shipped entirely at owner	5 115K. Z	ın pack-
ing charged extra, at cost.		
Each	Per 10	Per 100
3-inch\$0 04	\$0.30	\$2.35
4-inch	.45	3.75
5-inch	.60	5.00
6 inch	80	
6-inch		6.75
7-inch	1.35	11.50
8-inch	1.75	16.50
9-inch	2.50	22.50
10-inch	3.50	30.00
12-inch, fluted	6.00	52.50
SAUCERS. Each	10	100
4-inch\$0 06	\$0.45	\$3.25
5-inch	. 60	5.00
6-inch	.75	7.00
7-inch	.90	8.00
8-inch	1 35	11.50
O inch		
9-inch	1.75	15.00
10-inch	2.50	20.00
12-inch	3.75	33.00

### GARDEN TOOLS—Continued

### FLOWER-POTS, PAPER, NEPONSET-ROUND

Weight per 100			100	1000
21/2	%-inch	. 10	\$0.75	\$6.00
3	inch	.15	1.00	8.25
4	inch 4 lbs	. 20	1.50	13.50
5	inch	. 25	2.25	20.00

### GRANT'S SOUARE FOLDED PAPER POTS

Weight per 100					10	100	1000
1 1	2x1	2x4 inch2	$1 \mathrm{bs} \ldots \ldots$		.\$0.10	\$0.60	\$4.50
2	x2	x4 inch2½	lbs		15	. 70	5.50
2	x2	x6 inch4	lbs		15	. 90	7.00
3	x3	x6 inch71/2	lbs		20	1.30	11 00
3	x3	x8 inch812	1bs		25	1.50	12.50

On lots of 10, add 5 cts. for postage; other quantities, add postage according to weights.

### GARDEN GLOVES.

Soft, All Leather Glove. Pair, 75 cts.; postpaid, 80 cts.
Twill Back, Soft Leather Hand. Pair, 50 cts.; postpaid, 55 cts.
Cotton Glove, with wrist band. Pair, 15 cts.; postpaid, 20 cts.
These Gloves do not eome in special sizes.

GRAFTING WAX—Lion Brand, in bars. 14 lb. 20 cts.; ½ lb. 30 cts.; lb. 50 cts.

Snow's, in bricks. Lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

Postage extra. Write us for prices on quantities.

GLAZING POINTS—Made of zinc; never rust. For greenhouse use. 5%-inch and 2%-inch. Lb. 65 cts.

Perfection Double Points. Lb. 85 cts. Postage extra.

GLAZING PUTTY—For glazing greenhouses. 5 gals. \$5.00; 10 gals. \$8.00; 20, 40 and 60 gals., 75 cts. per gal. f. o. b. San Francisco.

GOPHER GUN (Never Fail). A sure way of getting that gopher. Use a 38 blank cartridge. Absolutely safe to operate. Postpaid, \$1.75.

MOOR'S GOPHER GETTER. By the use of this Gopher Getter the destruction of all ground pests, such as Gophers, Moles and Squirrels is assured. No known method is better than the use of Carbon Bisulphide, which is easily applied with this tool. Price, \$2.00 each; Postpaid, \$2.10.

Carbon Bisulphide may be procured from local Hardware or Drug Stores, as this cannot be shipped (except by freight).

GOPHER TRAPS. Macabee, the well known wire trap that fits the gopher hole. 25 cts.; postpaid, 30 cts.

Ward or Novelty. 25 cts.; postpaid, 30 cts.

### HOES.

Long Handle, 6-inch Hoe. Each \$1.25.

Long Handle, 8-inch Hoe. Each \$1.35.

Long Handle Ladies' Hoe. Each \$1.00.

Long Handle Heavy Steel Grubbing Hoe. Each \$1.50; f. o. b. S. F.

Short Handle Beet Hoe. Each \$1.25; postpaid, \$1.35.

Short Handle Warren Heart Shaped. Each 90 cts.; postpaid, \$1.00.

Long Handle Warren Shape. Each \$1.25; f. o. b. S. F.

GARDEN HOSE. We carry nothing but the best Hose. Made especially for us, (guaranteed). Prices given for Hose subject to change. Prices f. o. b. San Francisco.

Morse's Rawhide. Double, double-moulded Hose.								
½-inch, 25-foot lengths, coupled								
½-inch, 50-foot lengths, coupled	15							
34-inch, 25-foot lengths, coupled	18							
34-inch, 50-foot lengths, coupled	17							
Morse's Venus. Double, single-moulded Hose. A slightly cheap Hose, but one that we can recommend.	er							
½-ineh, 25-foot lengths, coupled	14							
12-inch, 50-foot lengths, coupled								
34-inch, 25-foot lengths, coupled								
34-ineh, 50-lengths, coupled	15							

Special prices for large quantities. Odd lengths, 1 cent per foot extra.

### GARDEN TOOLS—Continued

### HOSE NOZZLES

Boston. All brass, best nozzle. 85 cts.; postpaid, 90 cts. Ross. Fan shaped, fine spray. 85 cts.; postpaid, 90 cts. Brass Rose. 3 inches round. 85 cts.; postpaid, 95 cts. Brass Rose. 4 inches round. \$1.00: postpaid. \$1.10.

### HOSE CLAMPS.

Brass, ½ and ¾-inch. Each 10 cts.; 6 for 50 cts.; postpaid.

### HOSE COUPLINGS.

Clincher, ½-inch. Set 35 cts.; postpaid, 40 cts. Clincher, ¾-inch. Set 35 cts.; postpaid, 40 cts. Clincher, 1-inch. Set 40 cts.; postpaid, 45 cts. Dozen at the rate of 10.

### HOSE MENDERS.

Clincher, 1/2 and 3/4-inch. 2 for 25 cts.

Clincher, 1-inch. Each 15 cts.; dozen at rate of 10.

Cooper's, ½ and ¾-inch. Each 20 cts.

Cooper's, 1-inch. 25 cts.; dozen at rate of 10.

### HOSE WASHERS.

Secure. The Washer that never gets lost. Doz. 15 cts.; 100, 90 cts.;

Common Rubber. 3/4 and 1-inch. Price, 10 cts. doz.; 70 cts. per 100, postpaid.

HOSE HOLDER (Hold Fast). Price, 35 cts.; postpaid, 40 cts. HOSE HOLDER (Missing Link) Price, 75 cts.; postpaid, 85 cts.

KELLY'S HOSE REEL. Both ends of hose always accessible. This reel winds and unwinds hose very quickly. The hose is always in place and ready for use. Price \$3.25, f. o. b. San Francisco.

KNIVES. For pruning, grafting, budding and all garden purposes.

No. 1—Budding Knife, English pattern, bone handle, \$2.00; postpaid, \$2.10.

No. 2—Budding Knife, spear point, \$2.75; postpaid, \$2.85.

No. 3-Budding Knife, spear point, black handle, \$1.50; postpaid, \$1.60.

No. 4—Budding Knife, black handle Remington, \$1.00; postpaid, \$1.10.

No. 5—(2 Blades) Budding and grafting Knife, \$2.00; postpaid, \$2.10. No. 6—Budding Knife, large size, wood handle, \$1.00; postpaid, \$1.10.

No. 7—Grafting Knife, English pattern, bone handle, \$1.00; postpaid, \$1.10.

No. 8-Small size Pruning Knife, wooden handle, \$1.50; postpaid, \$1.60.

No. 9-Medium size Pruning Knife, wooden handle, \$1.75; postpaid, \$1.85.

No. 10-Large size, Pruning Knife, wooden handle, \$2.00; postpaid, \$2.10.

No. 11—Extra large Pruning Knife, wooden handle, \$2.25; postpaid, \$2.35.

Asparagus Knife, also used as a dandelion weeder, 70 cts.; postpaid, 80 cts.
All of our cutlery are of the very best makes.

### LADIES' GARDEN SET.

If wanted separate, see under Spades, Forks, Hoe and Rake.

### WOODEN LABELS. For trees, pots and gardens.

Weight	Painted		
per 1000	1000	100	
3½ inch Copper wire 4½ lbs	.\$ 3.00	\$0.40	
4 -inch Pot 3½ lbs	. 2.25	.35	
5 -inch Pot 4 lbs	. 2.90	. 40	
6 -inch Pot 412 lbs	. 3.50	. 45	
8 -inch Pot	. 10.00	1.10	
10 -inch Garden12 lbs	. 12.50	1.35	
12 -inch Garden14 lbs	. 15.00	1.60	

If wanted by mail add postage according to weights given above.

MATTOCKS. Heavy steel; suitable for grubbing out brush and heavy work. With handle. Each \$2.00; f. o. b. San Francisco, Cal.

MOSS, Oregon Green. Especially suitable for hanging-baskets. Under 10 lbs., lb. 20 cts.; Broken Bale, lb. 15 cts.; Bale (about 84 lbs.) \$5.00.

### MOLE TRAPS.

Reddick. Each \$1.25; postpaid, \$1.40.

English Pattern, galvanized. Each 50 cts.; postpaid, 55 cts.

### GARDEN TOOLS—Continued

### LAWN MOWERS

We carry only Lawn Mowers that we feel will give satisfaction—both the Philadelphia and Coldwell Mowers are known for their reliability.

Prices given below are f. o. b. San Francisco. Prices on larger sizes than those listed below may be had on application. If interested in horse Drawn or Power Driven Mowers, write us for information and prices.

PHILADELPHIA,	Style A, all steel	15-inch	\$27.00
	10-inch wheel, 4 blades	17-inch	30.00
	Style K, all steel	14-inch	20.00
	10-inch wheel, 5 blades	16-inch	22.00
		18-inch	24.00
	Dewey	12-inch	11.00
		14-inch	11.50
DADV CDAND (E	tall Passings) One of the heat his	-h	

**BABY GRAND** (Ball Bearings). One of the best high quality mowers at a moderate price. Specially adapted

for nome gar	rdens12-incn	11.00
	14-inch	12.00
	16-inch	13.00
COLDWELL,	Imperial. Roller bearing14-inch\$	21 . 00
	101/4-inch wheel, 4 blades	22.50
	Ambassador. Ball bearing14-inch	15.00
	10-inch wheel, 5 blades	16.50
	Lakewood. Ball bearing14-inch	13 00
	9-inch wheel, 4 blades	13.60
	Newport	11.50
	9-inch wheel, 4 blades	11.60
	Colonial. Ball bearing	11.25
	8-inch wheel, 4 blades	11.50
	16-inch	12.00
	Jewell12-inch	9.00
	8-inch wheel 4 blades 14-inch	9 50

GRASS CATCHERS. Canvas. All sizes, \$3.00 each, f. o. b. San Francisco.

16-inch..... 10.25

PUTTY BULBS (Rubber). Very handy for applying putty and Glazing Cement. \$1.40; postpaid, \$1.50.

POTATO PLANTERS. Save your back. \$1.35; postpaid, \$1.50.

PABCO PRUNING PASTE. This paste may be applied immediately after pruning. It adheres firmly to the wood, no matter how green or moist. Very durable and will not crack. Pint 35 cts., postpaid 40 cts.; Quart 55 cts., postpaid 65 cts.; Gallon \$1.80, f. o. b. San Francisco.

### RAKES.

ROLLERS (For Lawns). Water and sand weight. Rollers of this type can be made light or heavy according to the requirements of your lawn.

No. 1—Min. 50 lbs., max. 225 lbs	\$19.50					
No. 2—Min. 85 lbs., max. 450 lbs "	23.50					
No. 3—Min. 110 lbs., max. 750 lbs "	27.00					
All rollers are prices f. o. b. San Francisco.						

RAFFIA. Extra long strands, good for tying bouquets and nursery stock.
Pound 35 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.00; postage extra. Write for prices on large quantities.

STAKES.	Painted green.	Per Doz.	Per 100
3-ft		\$1 . 25	\$8.75
4-ft		1.50	10.50
5-ft		2.00	14 00
6-ft		2.50	17.50

SEED BAGS, Canvas. For earrying seed when hand-sowing, or as a fruit picking bag. Complete with strap. Price 65 cts.; postpaid 75 cts.

SHARPENERS (For Lawn Mowers). The Logan sharpener will do the work. The file has four cutting sides, which can be changed in the holder. You can easily sharpen your own mower with this tool.

Each \$1.00; postpaid \$1.10.

SHARPENING STONES. For Scythes, sickles and shears, 10 cts. each, postpaid 15 cts.

### GARDEN TOOLS—Continued

SPADES	and	SHUVELS.	Prices	given	DGIO	w are	TOL	square,	pointed
and gre	enho	use coal sho	vels.						
Long H	andle	, Steel			. Ea	ich §	1 . 75	F. (	O. B.
D-Hand	ile, St	eel				44	1.75	San Franc	eisco, Cal
Ladies'	D-Ha	ndle Spade				14	. 90	Postpai	d \$1.00

### SAWS, Pruning.

Curved Blade	1 3	5; postpaid	\$1	. 50	
Straight Blade	1.2	5 "	1	.35	
Straight Blade, coarse teeth	1.1	0 "	1	. 15	

### SEEDERS, BROADCAST.

Genuine Cahoon. A splendid broadcast seeder, wire bound, steel hopper, made of very best material throughout. \$5.75 f. o. b. San Francisco, Cal. Cyclone Seeder. Extensively used for broadcasting seeds for Golf Courses. Price \$2.00. Postpaid \$2,20.

SICKLES. Booth's English Crucible Steel Blade, hand forged, steel tang in one piece, which extends completely through handle. \$1.00 each; postpaid \$1.10.

SICKLES. American steel. 50 cts. each; postpaid 60 cts.

### SPRINKLERS, Scollay's Rubber.

Large size	\$1.40; postpaid \$1.50
Small size	

# SHEARS AND PRUNERS FOR ALL GARDEN AND ORCHARD PURPOSES. Each Postpaid

13. Grape Shear	50	. 55
14. Rhodes' Double Cut	. 4.75	4.85
15. Rieser Pattern, spear blade, ratchet nut, with extr blade, polished steel	a . 4,50	4 65
16. California Pattern, with ratchet nut, nickel	. 2.00	2.10
17. Ladies' Nickel Shear, 6-inch	. 1.15	1 25
18. 8-inch, with volute spring	95	1.00
19. 9-inch, with volute spring, polished	. 1-40	1.50
Grass Shears. English pattern.		
Single bow		. 85
Single bow, trowel shaped	. 1 05	1,10

Double bow, tr	owel shaped	1.50	1,60
Hedge Shears.	English pattern, steel.		
6-inch blades.		1 75	1.90
8-inch blades.		2 60	2.70
9-inch blades.		2 85	2 95
10-inch blades.		3.00	3 15

# 10-inch blades 3 00 3 15 Tree Pruners. Short handle. 20-inch overall 2 75 2 90 26-inch overall 3 15 3 30 30-inch overall 3 .50 3 65

### Tree Pruners. Long Handle. Waters.

Vatcher's Sled No. 2.....

6-ft	 	00 F. O. B.
10-ft	 	55 Francisco

SPRINKLERS. For Lawns, Golf Courses, etc. 1	Each			
Schlangen, a favorite for Home Garden use\$	2.25	; postpaid	\$2	. 30
Dayton Sprinkler, complete	8.00	"	8	. 15
Dayton Tops only	7.50	"	7	65
Painbour Stick Stand all brees	2 50	u	2	75

 Rainbow Stick Stand, all brass.
 3.50
 " 3.75

 Buckner's No. 302, Golf.
 12 00

 Vatcher's Tripod No. 3
 7 00
 F. O. B.

 Vatcher's Sled No. 3.
 5.25
 San Francisco

4.50

Cal.

### THOMPSON'S ADJUSTABLE LAWN SPRINKLERS.

The most up-to-date lawn sprinkler in use. Made of zinc and brass lined. Different types to throw full circle, half circle and quarter circle. Write for circular, giving full details of this wonderful sprinkling system. The three types each at \$9.00 a dozen. Special prices on large quantites.

WILGUS No. 5. Sprinkler system head for 34-inch pipe. Price, 70 cts. each, postpaid 75 cts.

WILGUS No. 10. For ½-inch pipe. Price, 70 cts. each; postpaid 75 cts.
WILGUS No. 8-A. Fan sprinkler, mounted on cast base. Adjusted to spray in large semi-circle shape. Price, \$1.25 each; postpaid \$1.30.

WILGUS TWIN No. 7. Each, 50 cts.

TRELLIS. Painted green. Will stretch to 20 feet; very handy for fences; will beautify your garden. Complete with two stakes and holders.
Each \$3.50 f. o. b. San Francisco, Cal.

### GARDEN TOOLS—Continued.

### TREE BRUSHES. (Steel teeth.)

2-row, narrow	 	 \$1.00;	postpaid	\$1.10
4-row, wide		 1.50;	"	1.60

# THERMOMETERS Each Greenhouse Style, 8-inch, spirit or mercury \$0.50; postpaid \$0.60 Greenhouse Style, 10-inch, spirit .60 " .70 Maximum and Minimum Boxwood 2.50 " 2.60 Hot-bed, enamel face 1.40 " 1.50 Hot-bed, plain face 1.20 " 1.30 Hot-bed, all metal 1.50 " 1.60

TROWELS	Each
6-inch, long shank, polished steel	\$1 00; postpaid \$1.10
6-inch, Disston Pattern	
8-inch, Disston Pattern	85 " .95
6-inch, Riveted	25 " .30
6-inch, Transplanting.	

### TREE PROTECTORS, Yucca Fiber. Will not split.

Length	Width	Weight per 100	25	50	100	1000
24-in.	7-in.	22 lbs	\$0 75	\$1.20	\$2.20	\$20.00
18-in.	7-in.	13 lbs	65	1.00	1.80	16.50
16-in.	7-in.	12 lbs	60	. 95	1.65	15.00
14-in.	7-in.	10 lbs	55	. 90	1.55	14.00
12-in.	7-in.	9 lbs	50	. 85	1.45	13_00

If wanted by mail, please add postage; weights are given abovc.

VINE STAPLES, The right shaped staple for holding vines in place. Lb. 35 cts.; 12 lb. 20 cts.; Postage 5 cts. extra.

DANDELION WEEDER AND ASPARAGUS KNIFE. This is used by most of the golf courses for lifting dandelions and similar weeds. Each 70 cts; postpaid 80 cts.

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WHEELBARROWS (Attaboy). Steel Barrow, handy in every garden, Each \$7.50; F. O. B. San Prancisco, Cal.

### SEEDERS AND CULTIVATORS

### STANDARD GARDEN TOOLS

- STANDARD No. 9. Hill and drill seeder and combined single and double wheel cultivator. This machine seeds accurately and has a special attachment for placing the seed in very narrow rows making cultivation easy. It is quickly changed to either a single or double wheel cultivator and is equipped with plow, two scuffle hoes, four cultivating prongs, seed marker, and leaf spreaders. Complete, \$17.50 F. O. B. San Francisco.
- STANDARD WHEEL CULTIVATOR No. 22. A single wheel cultivator with cultivating attachments only as given above on No. 9. Price \$8.00, F. O. B. San Francisco.

# SPRAYERS FOR GARDEN, ORCHARD AND FARM

### MORSE'S TIN SPRAYER.

No. 22. A well-made Tin Sprayer, with a good plunger and protected nozzle. For spraying all insecticides, disinfectants, etc. Each 50 cts. Postpaid to Fourth Zone 60 cts.

### HUDSON'S BRASS CONTINUOUS SPRAYER (All Brass).

Easy to operate and gives a fine mist-like spray. Made of brass throughout. \$1.50 each; by mail 10 cts. additional.

### MORSE'S GLASS SPRAYER.

No. 101. A well-made Sprayer. The advantage of a Glass Sprayer is that container can be removed for cleaning purposes. 85 cts. each; by mail \$1.00.

BROWN'S COMPRESSED AIR SPRAYER. One of the best sprayers on the market. Brass nozzle, absolutely tight in the shut-off. Makes a fine mistlike spray. Tank capacity 3 gallons, made of extra good quality galvanized iron Price \$7.25

Brass extensions for same 75c each. F. O. B. San Francisco.

### D. & B. SPRAYER. Compressed-Air, 11/2-gallon capacity.

No. 25. This is a new Sprayer, entirely different from others. Tested to 225 pounds pressure. Produces a fine, misty spray; automatic handle-control. Complete with 18-inch brass extension. \$4.75 each. Shipping weight 5½ pounds, packed.

### KING BARREL PUMP.

A powerful Pump, made of the very best material, with agitator. Complete with hose and nozzle. \$13.00 each; F.O.B. San Francisco, Cal.

STANDARD SPRAY PUMP. Made entirely of brass, with 3 nozzles (No. 1. No. 2. and Special).

Weight 31/2 pounds. Price \$5.50 each; postage extra.

(The above outfit to be used as a bucket pump.)

Brass extension for Standard, \$1.00 each; postpaid \$1.10.

Knapsack for Standard, capacity 3 gallons, \$4.25 each.

The complete outfit, pump, extension, knapsack, with three nozzles, \$10.00; F. O. B. San Francisco, Cal.

### HUDSON'S IDEAL No. 33 WITH COMPRESSION TANK

This machine is a great improvement over the No. 31 as carried by us in previous years. A strong, durable, Wheel Barrel Sprayer, desirable for whitewashing and for every form of spraying. Fitted with regular No. 4 Barrel Pump; Agitator, new dasher type; Tank, heavy copper-bearing galvanized, reinforced top and bottom. Capacity, fifteen gallons; Air Pressure Tank, boiler iron, tested to 275 pounds pressure. Wheel, twenty inch. Shipping weight, 100 pounds. Price \$40.00, F. O. B. San Francisco.

BROWN'S WHEEL-BARREL AUTO SPRAY No. 40-D. A very convenient, wheel-sprayer for all purposes and especially adapted for white washing large buildings. Capacity 12 gallons. Complete with extension rods, \$27.50 F. O. B. San Francisco.

BROWN'S AUTO SPRAY No. 3-D—General purpose orchard, field and white wash wheel-barrel sprayer. Similar to No. 40-D capacity 12 gallons. Complete with extension rods, \$24.50 F. O. B. San Francisco.

## INSECTICIDES--LIQUID AND POWDER

### FOR ALL PESTS AND FUNGUS DISEASES

Insecticides should be sent by express or freight. Those that may be sent by Parcels Post are marked mailable, please add postage when ordering, except where postpaid prices are given; others are F. O. B. San Francisco, Cal., and prices subject to change.

If interested in large quantities, please write us.

ANTROL. Keep the Argentine Ant out of your home. Antrol attracts the ant and the workers carry the poison to the colony, which is soon completely destroyed. Place a few small jars of Antrol around your home or garden and you will soon note its marvelous effect.

If your premises are infested with ants, you really cannot afford to be without Antrol.

Pint 50 cts.; Quart 85 cts.; Gallon \$2.50.

Glass Containers 25 cts. each; \$3.00 a dozen.

COTTAGE SETS containing 12 containers and one small bottle of syrup. \$3.00 each.

Cannot be sent by mail.

ARSENATE OF LEAD, DRY. May be used as a powder or sprayed. For spraying, use 2 to 3 pounds to 100 gallons of water. 1/2 lb. 30 cts.; lb. 50 cts.; 4 lbs. \$1.35. F. O. B. San Francisco, Cal.

BLACK-LEAF 40. Nicotine sulphate, 40 per cent nicotine. This is the insecticide that is so highly recommended by experiment stations. It destroys aphis (plant lice), thrips, leaf-hoppers on all tree, bush and vine fruits, vegetables, field crops, flowers and shrubs; also apple red bug, pear psylla and similar soft-bodied sucking insects-all without injury to foliage. May be combined with other sprays. Highly recommended. Soluble in water-easy to mix-does not clog nozzles. Complete directions with each package. You cannot go wrong by ordering Black-Leaf 40 for sucking insects. Oz. 35 cts. (makes 6 gallons of spray); ½ lb. \$1.25 (makes 40 to 120 gallons); 2 Ibs. \$3.50 (makes 160 to 500 gallons); 10 Ibs. \$13.50 (makes 800 to 2,000 gallons).

Please note that Black-Leaf 40 is not mailable. So many of our customers ask to have this sent by Parcel Post, but it is poison and must go by freight or express.

FUNGI-BORDO. The best and most generally used spray for blight, mildew, curly leaf and pear scab. 1 lb. 35 cts.; 5 lbs. \$1.25; f. o. b. San Francisco. Prices for larger quantities on request.

CANN'S CANCO "A". A dormant spray for brown apricot scale. San Jose scale, Italian pear scale, red spider, and mealy bug. Four gallons to 200 gallons of water. Full directions with each can. Pt. 75 cts.; qt. \$1.00; ½ gal. \$1.50; gal. \$2.50. For large quantities write for prices. F. O. B. San Francisco, Cal.

CARCO, Vegetable Spray. Use against the ravages of Maggots, Cutworms, Grubs, etc. One quart makes 25 gallons. Qt. \$1.25, F. O. B. San Francisco,

DISINFECTANT (Roger's). For all purposes. Qts. 60 cts. F. O. B. San Francisco, Cal.

FLYROL. The fly and insect control. Destroys flics, moths, mosquitos, roaches, bed-bugs, fleas, chicken-mites etc. Is not injurious to plants, dress materials, furniture, etc. and consequently can be used with perfect safety. Pt. 60 cts.; Qt. \$1.20; Gal. \$3.25, F. O. B. San Francisco.

FLORAFERRO. Is death to slugs and snails. 25 cts. a package.

GAS BALL RODENT KILLER. These Gas Balls are very effective for the extermination of gophers, squirrels, and other rodents. Weight per doz., 2 lbs.; carton, 11 lbs. Mailable. Doz. 40 cts.; carton (125) \$2.75.

GOPHER POISON. Poisoned grain and raisins for destroying gophers, squirrels, etc. Scientifically prepared in the laboratories of the John F. Leinen Chemical Company, for C. C. Morse & Co. Pkt. 35 cts.; lb. 60 cts.; 5 lbs. \$2.35.

Not mailable; prices for large quantities on request.

GOPHER CANDLES (not mailable). Doz. 65 cts.; 100, \$4.50; F. O. B. San Francisco.

GRAPE DUST. For the control of mildew and rot on grapes, roses, etc. Lb. 35 cts.; 5 lbs. \$1.00. Mailable.

GARDEN DUST (Frazier's). This is a wonderful dust remedy for control of many troublesome pests affecting the garden, rose bushes and other shrubs. It is clean to use and does not mess up one's clothes nor the premises. It is a powerful repellent to ants.

1-lb. Can. \$
5-lb. Can. \$
10-lb. Can. \$
25-lb. Can. \$
35-lb. Can. \$
10-lb. Drum \$
100-lb. Drum \$ 0.50 each 1.75 F. O. B. San 6 00 11.00 20.00 Francisco.

KAYSO. Makes spraying easier. ½ **lb. special carton,** enough for 50 gallons, **25 cts.** 1½ **lb. pkg.,** enough for 150 to 200 gallons, **35 cts.** Case Lots (thirty 1½ lb. kegs), **45 lbs. at 20 cts. per lb.** Delivered free Third

Francisco

LIME-SULPHUR, DRY. New dry lime-sulphur, an effective control against scale insects and fungus diseases. Use 12 pounds to 50 gallons of water for dormant spraying. For summer spraying 3 pounds to 50 gallons in conjunction with arsenate of lead. Lb. 35 cts.; 5 lbs. \$1.25. 10 lbs. \$2.25. F. O. B. San Francisco, Cal.

LIME, For Agricultural Purposes. Write for prices.

MILDEW-GO. For mildew on roses, berries, etc. 16 oz. 35 cts. Mai'-

NICOTINE MISCIBLE OIL. Mr. Schwerin, the well-known San Francisco nurseryman, says this is a sure remedy for mealy bug and scale. 6 oz. cans 35 cts.; pint 60 cts.; quart 90 cts.; ½ gal. \$1.40; 1 gal. \$2.00; 5 gal. \$7.50. Prices for larger quantities on request. F. O. B. San Francisco, Cal.

NICO-FUME PAPER. Strongly saturated with nicotine. Made by the manufacturers of Black Leaf 40 solution. For fumigation only; one sheet is destructive to insects over an area of 2,000 feet. Airtight Can (24 sheets) \$1.25; weight 1½ lbs.; 144 sheets \$5.50, weight 4 lbs.; 288 sheets \$10.00, weight 8 lbs. Mailable.

NICO-FUME LIQUID. Contains 40 per cent nicotine. A good spray against all aphis. 8 lbs., \$15.00. F. O. B. San Francisco.

NICOTINE SULPHUR DUST, 5-X (Frazier's). Nicotine Sulphur Dust 5-X. Two per cent Nicotine, or five per cent Nicotine Sulphate, with Sulphur, freshly made in season. A powerful dust for aphis, thrips, and grape leaf hopper, mildew, and red spider.

\$ 100-lb. Drum \$ 50-lb. Drum \$ 10-lb. Drum \$ 10-lb. Can. \$ 11-lb. Can. \$ 1-lb. \$ 1-lb. Can. \$ 1-9.00 each 2.50

PARIS GREEN.  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. 30 cts.;  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb. 50 cts.; 1 lb. 85 cts.; 2 lbs. \$1.50. F. O. B. San Francisco.

PARACIDE. (Para-Dichlor-Benzene). For Peach Tree Borer. Apply in fall or spring. Circular sent with each tin, or on request. 1 lb. 35 cts.; 5 lbs. \$1.60; write for price on larger quantities.

QUA-SUL. For mildew, curly leaf, and soil treatment. We can highly recommend Qua-Sul as an insecticide spray, and also as a cleanser on root diseases on trees and all plants. Circular sent on request. Sold in bottles. 4 ozs. 25 cts.; qt. \$1.00; gal. \$3.75. Mailable.

RAT AND MICE EXTERMINATOR (Leinen's). Not a poison; mailable. 3 oz. 35 cts.; postpaid 40 cts.

SULPHUR, Frazier's Dusting. The Red Spider and Mildew Special.

The most popular and effective Sulphur for dusting in control of Red Spider and Mildew.

F. O. B. San Francisco.

### PRICES ON SULPHUR SUBJECT TO CHANGE

SULFENE (Frazier's Dry). A compound completely soluble in water, making a highly effective spray for control of Peach Leaf Curl, Twig Borer, Scales and the best-known general clean-up spray for trees, vines and bushes.

2-lb. Can	
5-lb, Can	
10-lb, Can	F. O. B.
50-lb. Drum	San
	Francisco.
175-lb, Drum	

### INSECTICIDES—Continued.

SEMESAN (DU PONT). A mercuric disinfectant, for general agricultural purposes and the control of seed, plant and soil diseases. Especially recommended for Brown Patch on lawns, putting greens, etc.

Brown Patch, a parasitic fungus, which infects cultivated turfs of golf grounds, grass tennis courts and lawns. Brown Patch can be cured by applying Semesan. Treat when patches first appear.

Semesan Dust,	2-oz.	size.			 			:						 			 \$0	6	0
	4-oz.	size.								,							 - 1	0	0
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Send for booklet describing in detail the extensive uses of Semesan. This article cannot be sent by mail as it is a poison and if it is to be shipped must go either by express or freight.

- SNAROL. A quick and positive control for hard-shelled snails, slugs etc. One or two applications of Snarol in the evening will completely eliminate snails and such pests from your garden, greenhouse or nursery. All prepared, ready for use. Directions with each package. 2<sup>3</sup>4 lb. package \$1.00. Poison is not mailable.
- SLUG-SHOT. Destroys slugs, cabbage worms, caterpillars, and poultry lice. mailable. 1 lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. 75 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.35.
- SOWBUG-GO (Leinen's). 8 oz. 50 cts. F. O. B. San Francisco, Cal.
- SOAP, Whale Oil (solid). Dissolved in water makes an excellent spray for ferns and palms or used as a spreader with insecticides. Lb. 30 cts.; 10 lbs. \$2.00; 25 lbs. \$3.75; mailable. Write for prices on larger quantities.
  - Whale Oil (paste). Mailable. 1 lb. 30 cts.; 5 lbs. \$1.25; 10 lbs. \$2.25; 25 lbs. \$4.00; 50 lbs. \$7.00. Prices for larger quantities on request.
  - Whale Oil (liquid). 6 oz. can 25 cts.; pt. 35 cts.; qt. 50 cts.; ½ gal. 70 cts; 1 gal. \$1.00; 5 gal. \$4.00. Prices for larger quantities on request.
- FISH OIL. Lb. 20 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.50. Mailable.
- SULPHO-TOBACCO SOAP. Excellent spray for ferns and palms; also a good dog soap. 3 oz. bar 10 cts.; postpaid 15 cts.; 8 oz. bar 20 cts.; postpaid 25 cts.

### TOBACCO DUST.

- Muller Guaranteed Ground Tobacco. Extra fine, 1.2 per cent. Lb. 25 cts.; 10 lbs. \$2.00; 25 lbs. \$3.25; 100 lbs. \$10.00. Sacks 100 lbs. at time of packing.
- Fine, Common. 1 per cent. Lb. 15 cts.; 10 lbs. 75 cts.; 100 lbs. \$6.00. Sacks 100 lbs. at time of packing.
- Coarse, Common. 1 per cent. Lb. 10 cts.; 10 lbs. 60 cts.; 100 lbs. \$5.00. Sacks 75 lbs. at time of packing.
- Tobacco Stems. Lb. 10 cts.; 10 lbs. 50 cts.; sack lots at 4 cts. a lb. Tobacco Dust and Stems. F. O. B. San Francisco, Cal.
- TOBACCO POWDER (Tobacco By-Products Co.) Gold Leaf Brand. Controls poultry round worms. 2 lbs. 25 cts.; mailable.

Active ingredients—nicotine not less than 1 per cent. Inert ingredients—not more than 99 per cent.

- TREE TANGLEFOOT. Is a sticky compound, most effective against crawling insects on fruit, shade, and ornamental trees. Fine for tree surgery and application after pruning or trimming. No mixing required, and will keep for years. Lb. 60 cts.; 5 lbs. \$2.75; 10 lbs. \$5.25; 25 lbs. \$11.00; mailable.
- VERMINE. For destroying maggots, worms and grubs. Qt. \$1.25; gal. \$3.60. F. O. B. San Francisco, Cal.
- WEEDICATOR. Eradicates all noxious plant life, when sprayed on matured tops. Kills roots and branch. The great value of Weedicator is that it not only kills the tops but absolutely destroys the roots and accomplishes what no other weed destroyer has been known to do. Price, 1 qt. 85 cts.; ½ gal. \$1.50; gal. \$2.50; 5 gals. \$12.50. F. O. B. San Francisco.

### **FERTILIZERS**

- STIM-U-PLANT. A concentrated Fertilizer in tablet form. The most modern, efficient and scientific method of fertilizing growing plants. Guaranteed analysis of 11 per cent nitrogen, 12 per cent phosphoric acid, and 15 per cent potash. Full directions with each package. 10 tablets 15 cts.; 30 tablets 25 cts.; 100 tablets 75 cts., postpaid.
- STANDARD FERTILIZER. One of our best all-around Fertilizers for flowers, vegetables, and all garden plants. Sold in cloth bags. 5 lbs. 35 cts.; 10 lbs. 60 cts.; 25 lbs. \$1.25; 50 lbs. \$2.25; 100 lbs. \$4.00.
- ODORLESS LAWN DRESSING. A lawn dressing that we can highly recommend. Good soil-builder and plant-food. For lawns use three pounds per 100 square feet three times each year. 5 lbs. 35 cts.; 10 lbs. 60 cts.; 25 lbs. \$1.25: 50 lbs. \$2.00: 100 lbs. \$3.50.
- SUPERPHOSPHATE. This is used very extensively on heavy soils for all truck gardening, and should be used in conjunction with all animal manures. 5 lbs. 30 cts.; 10 lbs. 50 cts.; 25 lbs. \$1.00; 50 lbs. \$1.75; 100 lbs. \$3.00.
- GROUND BONE-MEAL. An excellent fertilizer for all gardening purposes; particularly adapted for fruit trees, roses, and all nursery stock. Should be forked in the soil in the fall if possible. 5 lbs. 35 cts.; 10 lbs. 60 cts.; 25 lbs. \$1.25; 50 lbs. \$2.00; 100 lbs. \$3.50.
- GROZ-IT. Pulverized sheep and cow manure. No odor, dried, ready for use. Exceptionally good if used in conjunction with superphosphate for lawns, golf greens, and gardens generally. 100 lbs. \$2.25; 500 lbs. \$10.00; ½ ton \$17.50.
- NITRATE OF SODA. Should be used very carefully. One tablespoonful to a gallon of water. Produces foliage abundantly. Lb. 15 cts.; 2 lbs. 25 cts.; 10 lbs. 75 cts.; 25 lbs. \$1.50; 100 lbs. \$5.00; original sacks, 200 lbs. each, \$9.00.
- GROMORE. A complete Fertilizer for all crops. For house plants it is unequaled. Put up in 1-pound and 2-pound fancy cartons at 20 cts. and 40 cts. each.
- SHEEP MANURE. Pulverized Sheep Manure dried in sacks ready for use. 100 lbs. \$2.00; 500 lbs. \$9.00; ½ ton \$15.00. F. O. B. San Francisco.
- SULPHATE OF AMMONIA. One of the best fertilizers for lawns. Best if applied in liquid form, using one tablespoonful to a gallon of water and sprinkle on with a watering pot. Sulphate of Ammonia can also be used to great advantage in conjunction with organic fertilizers but must be used lightly. 5 lb. bags 50 cts. Write for prices on larger quantities.
- VITAMITE. The only bacteria yet discovered that is applicable to all plant life. Mixing with 25 times its volume of earth will secure a thorough distribution of bacteria over the area spread. Five pounds of Vitamite is sufficient to inoculate an acre of ground. Lb. 60 cts.; 5 lbs. \$2.75; 100-lb. sack, 40 cts. per lb. Circular sent on request,
- CALIFORNIA HUMUS (Delta Brand). Good for mixing with light or sandy soil, and a good Pertilizer in general. Sack \$1.50; 5 sacks \$6.50.
- PURE BLOOD AND BONE-MEAL AND BLOOD-MEAL. Prices sent on request.
- PEP. A Fertilizer which contains 6 per cent nitrogen, 10 per cent phosphoric acid, 4 per cent potash. Use Pep to beautify your lawns, flower beds and to produce bigger crops. 5-lb. package 75 cts.; postage extra, 10-lb. bag \$1.35; 25-lb. bag \$2.25; 50-lb. bag \$4.00; 100-lb. bag \$6.50.
- PEAT (Holland). In bales about 160 pounds. \$5.50 a bale, F. O. B. San Prancisco.
- PEAT (Imported Irish). For building up soils. Original bales about 224 pounds (when packed). \$10.00 a bale, F. O. B. San Francisco.

# **FARMOGERM**

Use FARMOGERM, the original seed lnoculant. Inoculated legumes are Nature's fertilizer, the cheapest in the world. Leguminous crops, with their nitrogen fixing bacteria, give a fertility to the soil that no other crop does.

In ordering, be sure to state what crop you want inoculation for.

Good for {Alfalfa Alsike Clover Burr Clover

Bitter Clover Red Clover Sweet Clover White Clover Garden Peas Canada Peas Cowpeas Soy Beans Garden Beans Vetch Peanuts Sweet Peas

14-acre size, \$0 cts. Postage paid to the Fourth Zone, \$5 cts. 1-acre size, \$1.00. Postage paid to the Fourth Zone, \$1.10. Postage paid to the Fourth Zone, \$1.10. Sweet Canada C

# Plants, Trees and Nursery Stock

We have made arrangements for our supplies of roses, perennial plants, evergreen and deciduous shrubs and trees, fruit trees, nut trees and berry plants of all kinds, to be furnished from the select stock of The Vallance Nursery Co., 81 Glen Ave., Oakland, California.

A complete catalogue has been issued by the Vallance Nursery Company, and can be obtained by mail from them, or a copy can be had at our Market Street Branch, 648 Market St., San Francisco.

This catalogue contains an up-to-date list of the best roses, perennial plants, fruit trees, ornamental trees and shrubs, and berry plants.

Customers' orders will be shipped either direct from the nursery, or small orders may be called for at our Market St. Branch.

A full line of Annual Plants grown from our selected seed will be on hand for sale at our Market St. Branch, in season.

C. C. MORSE & CO.,

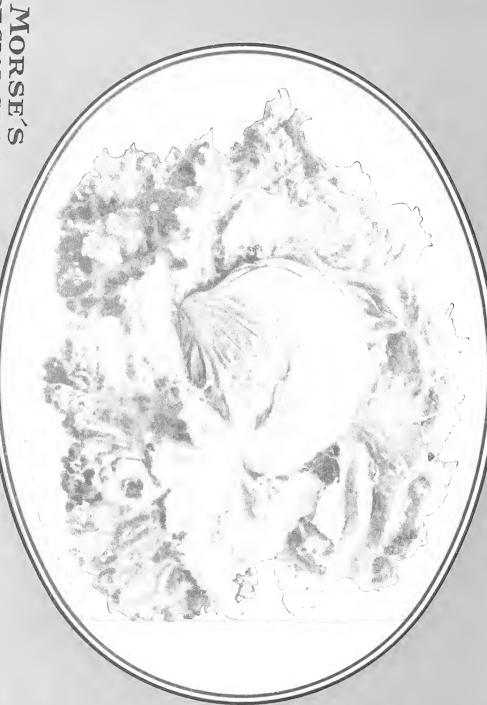
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